Weather

Overcast weather. The maximum temperature yesterday was 81.7 and the minimum 67.1, figures for the corresponding day last year being 79.7 and 63.2.

TODAY'S EDITORIAL LEADERS APPEAR ON PAGE 16

大陸報

The China Press

大陸報

"The Pulse of this Great City and of China"

The Mail Box

MAILS for U. S. and Europe, Pres. Jackson, tomorrow.
FROM U.S. Emp. of Asia, June 20 and Pres. Hayes, June 17.
FOR Europe via Suez, Str. Kashgar, today.
FROM Europe via Suez, Str. Demodoay, Thursday.

No. 3918 Vol. XIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 甲子年五月初九日 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1924 中華民國十三年六月十號 10 CENTS

FILIBUSTERS HAVE USUAL INNING AT END OF CONGRESS

Closing Hours Of Senate Session Marked By Strife

105 BILLS SIGNED

No Funds Authorised For Payment Of Bonus

(Reuter's American Service)

Washington, June 8.—Congress adjourned sine die yesterday evening. The House of Representatives broke up peacefully, but the Senate's last hours were marked by partisan strife. The Republican Senator Spencer filibustered and prevented the adoption of the Walsh oil scandals report. The Democrat Senator King doomed the re-passage of the Naval Bill. The Democrat Senator Pittman killed other pending legislation by continuing to talk until the adjournment.

Meanwhile President Coolidge waited in a room in the Senate and signed 105 bills and resolutions.

A review of the work done in Congress shows the passage of the Soldiers' Bonus, Immigration and Tax Revision Laws, the Teapot Dome and Daugherty Enquiries and approval of American adhesion to a world court. Congress did not enact legislation to help the farmers or ratify the Lausanne Treaty. It delayed operation of the soldiers' bonus by not providing the necessary funds.

Senator Blocks Re-passage Of Bill To Build Cruisers

(Reuter's American Service)

Washington, June 7.—Senator King has blocked the re-passage of the Naval Bill authorising the construction of eight scout-cruisers and the conversion of several coal-burning battleships into oil-burners.

The bill had passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, but Senator King's motion to re-consider the measure was pending and, owing to the adjournment of Congress today, the final passage of the bill was prevented

Tuchuns Approve Soviet Agreement

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 5.—Marshal Chi Hsieh-yuan and Marshal Hsiao Yao-nan have telegraphed to the Government offering their congratulations on the conclusion of the Sino-Russian agreement.

(Reuter's Service)

Moscow, June 8.—The Premier, M. Rykoff, in an interview said that the Russo-Chinese agreement would make the Soviet an active power in the Far East and would open up unlimited opportunities of trade. The earlier draft agreement was not signed owing to pressure on the Chinese Government from France and America, but public opinion in China realised the urgent need of the agreement. The document recently signed differed from its predecessors inasmuch as the Soviet had avoided all clauses likely to humiliate Eastern peoples. M. Ryroff added that it would soon be illustrated whether Japan would show equal indifference to foreign pressure.

Financial And Trade Article

The daily financial and trade article appears on the Financial Page of this issue of The China Press Page 14.

Peking Dust

A Daily Chronicle Of The Capital's Gossip And News

(By Our Staff Correspondent)

Peking, June 7.—Pending the publication of the official version of the agreement between China and Soviet Russia just signed by Dr. Wellington Koo and Mr. Karakhan there is considerable speculation concerning the fate of the Chinese Eastern Railway and the Russo-Asiatic Bank.

All reports that have been published in the Peking newspapers, Chinese and foreign, as well as stories that have been sent out by news agencies and special correspondents have been based on the agreement initialed by Dr. C. T. Wang and Mr. Karakhan, which was made public. In announcing that China had recognised Russia official statements were issued which gave certain changes that were made in the Wang-Karakhan agreement, but even the official statement has failed to remove some of the cloudy points.

By comparing the Wang-Karakhan agreement with the official statement it is easily seen that in the main the newspapers have given the complete text of the agreement in accurate form except for certain agreements mentioned that are still secret. The two chief ponts remaining unsettled are the disposition of the Russo-Asiatic Bank and the control of the Chinese Eastern Railway, and until the official agreement together with the declarations which have also been made are made public there is little hope of solving the riddle.

The confusion arises, in part, from the fact that in arriving at an amicable understanding Dr. Koo and Mr. Karakhan have signed both the Wang-Karakhan agreement and seven declarations, some of which conflict with the original agreement. It appears that both the Chinese and Russians were fearful that if they made any alterations in the original agreement that it would serve the opposite side as an opportunity to reopen certain points which might easily disrupt the entire conference. Instead of making corrections in the Wang-Karakhan agreement, therefore, it was accepted as it was, and the corrections that were deemed necessary were made in seven declarations having the same force and effect as the agreement.

The seven declarations mentioned have not been published in full, although supposedly authentic summaries of some of them have been published, so that all those studying the agreement with a view to its interpretation are forced to wait publication of the official text—which has been promised within a few days—before definite conclusions concerning several most important points can be arrived at.

One of the declarations, for instance, mentions that an agreement was reached concerning the employment of Russians on the Chinese Eastern which, according to the statement "is unchanged in form from the former agreement." Inasmuch as any former agreement between the two countries concerning the employment of Russians has never been made public the official statement does not throw much light on the situation. No one knows whether they agreed that two Russians or ten thousand Russians are to be employed in the future, or whether all Russians will be replaced by Chinese.

Likewise just what effect the new agreement will have on the fortunes of the Russo-Asiatic Bank is unknown although many guesses are being made by all concerned. Several officials of the Bank are at present in Peking, including Mr. Bleuler, manager of the bank in Shanghai, and they are all interested in the political effect the agreement is to have. It is rumored that China has agreed that all officials of the bank holding office in China, who owe allegiance to the old Czarist Government, are to be ousted, by force if necessary, and Russian bankers of the Soviet school installed in their places. Just how China would go about such an undertaking is not known but the rumors are current in all quarters.

Another point to be settled concerns the return of church and government property to the Russians. The church property was formerly owned by the Russian Orthodox Church and now that it is to be returned to the control

(Continued on Page 20)

Witnesses For Plaintiff Heard In Action Brought Against The China Press

Rebuttal Evidence Taken At United States Court In $82,000 Suit Of Paper's Former Editor

The greater portion of the hearing yesterday in the United States Court for China, before Judge Milton D. Purdy, in the case in which Mr. Herbert Webb, former editor of The China Press is suing The China Press, Inc., to recover $82,000 damages alleged due for wrongful dismissal, was devoted to hearing the evidence of the plaintiff in rebuttal of the case set up by the defendant company.

Mr. H. D. Rodger and Mr. C. S. Franklin appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Stirling Fessenden and Mr. W. S. Fleming for the defence.

With Mr. Arthur Sopher in the witness stand, Mr. Franklin said that since the last hearing he had decided to introduce only four out of the large file of correspondence between Mr. Sopher and the plaintiff, but eventually it was decided that the whole file should be submitted by stipulation between the parties. Witness stated that he was editor-in-chief of the paper at the present time. Witness emphatically denied that he discharged Mr. Webb in order that he might obtain plaintiff's salary for himself.

Re-examined by Mr. Fessenden, Mr. Sopher stated that plaintiff had never provided any editorial writers for the paper.

ALLEGE PAPER WASTE

Asked for other examples of plaintiff's alleged negligence, witness stated that in connection with the sale of waste paper, in Mr. Webb's regime there was a loss on the sale of waste paper amounting to $15,000 in three years.

Mr. Arthur, West an employee of the defendant company gave evidence as to the hours which Mr. Webb kept. The latter he said would come on duty at about 3 p.m. to 4 p.m. and stay through until dinner time, and after dinner he would come back and stay from one to two hours. Sometimes he would not come back after dinner at all, or come back late. There would be periods when he would come back after dinner regularly and other periods when he would not.

Witness had seen Mr. Webb using alcoholic liquor in the offices of The Chine Press. He had a practice when he came in of ordering a drink, and from that time up to dinner he would drink. Sometimes more and sometimes less. Generally he was drinking, sometimes more and sometimes less. After dinner it would be just about the same and he would sometimes continue drinking until late in the morning. However, when there was nobody round he would not drink so much. Witness gave evidence of people coming to the office and staying there talking with the plaintiff and drinking. That was a matter of frequent occurrence. He had also seen the dice box used to shake for drinks.

Questioned as to plaintiff's physical condition witness stated that plaintiff always seemed to be in good condition, his head was clear and he could talk sensibly and intelligently on any question. After dinner there would be no pronounced change, but sometimes his talk would be a little loose, not so lucid and he would get into silly arguments round the office. Witness had never seen plaintiff hopelessly drunk, but sometimes he would get "pretty well lit up," but he was never in a state of helplessness.

PASSING THE PAGE

Witness further stated that when Mr. Webb would come back to the office later after dinner, witness would pass the front page in the printing room, because Mr. Webb would sometimes want to make changes with which he did not agree. This was not solely because he had been drinking, though he had been drinking a little, but because Mr. Webb was a Hearst man, and fond of big headings which witness was not.

On the occasion of the Dempsey-Carpentier fight, when the staff stayed up all night, plaintiff had been drinking, and at 9 a.m. witness spoke to him, whereupon plaintiff made a slurring remark to witness who went to his desk and gathered his things together. Later he came back to the office and found a letter from plaintiff discharging him. Witness was of opinion that plaintiff regretted doing this, but he did not go back to The China Press until some time afterwards.

What was his condition?—He had been drinking.

To what extent?—Rather heavily that morning.

Questioned with regard to plantiff visiting cafes, witness explained that newspaper men on late duty would want something to eat when their work was finished, and the Del Monte was the most respectable place late at night where good food could be obtained.

Cross-examined by Mr. Franklin, witness stated that with the

(Continued on Page 7)

COMMITTEE NOW PREPARING FOR FOURTH OF JULY

All Americans Asked To Contribute Toward Celebration Fund

The Committee having in charge the arrangements for the Fourth this year promise a most delightful entertainment, which will be interesting to all.

A letter setting forth in more detail the arrangements has been mailed to American residents of Shanghai and it is hoped that those who have not already done so will send their contributions to Mr. Lewis, secretary of the American Chamber, room 305 Dollar Building.

"Small contributions thankfully received" is the motto, as it is felt that every American should participate to some extent—the larger the contributions, however, the more successful will be the celebration.

More Asiatics In Council Of League, Is Plea Of Envoy

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 7.—Addressing Chinese and Asiatic students at Christchurch College, Oxford, Mr. Chu Chao-hsin, the Chinese Charge d'Affaires dwelt on the under representation of Asia on the Council of the League of Nations.

Mr. Chu urged that the Council should be made up with substantial reference to the numbers of people comprised in the nations belonging to the League. It was essential, he said, that Asia should be very thoroughly represented, because it might have to speak with no uncertain voice on many vast issues raised from time to time. Nearly all problems of first-class importance germinated in the Far East, where many great issues were springing from the meeting of world civilisations, marking the dawn of new and sometimes conflicting ideals. The League, Mr. Chu declared, should be sufficiently authoritative, catholic and worldwide to deal with all of them.

Peking Cabinet Discusses Salaries

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 5.—In the absence of the Premier, Dr. Koo presided over the meeting of the Cabinet this morning, which discussed payment of official salaries and preparation of the report on the Sino-German negotiations for submission to Parliament this afternoon. The official report of the meeting says that Mr. Shou Chang, Chief Judge of the Administrative Court has resigned but it was resolved to ask him to retain the post. It was decided to appoint General Ho En-pu (former Vice-Minister of War) Director of the preparatory department of national highways, and to appoint Mr. Yen Tso-lin Chief of the parliamentary Elections Bureau.

WAR LORDS IN TOKIO TO ASK ENLARGEMENT OF MILITARY

Retrenchment Is All 'Idle Talk' Says Ex-Minister

WANT NEW PLANS

Would Revise Whole System Of Army And Navy Education

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, May 31.—"Whatever the complexion of the Ministry that may come into power in succession to the present Government, it is the purpose of the military authorities to lay before it a recommendation that the system of national education should be thoroughly revised," says General Yamanashi, the former Minister of War, writing in the columns of the Kokumin.

"Japan," he explains, 'has carried out her plan of military retrenchment in accordance with the post-Washington Conference demands and is now in process of re-drafting her scheme of national defence."

"There is nothing, however, in the trend of world affairs to indicate that military retrenchment is anything but idle talk, and it would appear that the real reduction of military forces is not at the present time a practicable proposal.

'"America," he says, 'though democratic in her form of government, is extremely nationalistic in her actions. While some of her leaders are advocating further armament limitation and would like to see the military strength of the Powers curtailed, the advantage of citizen camps is not lost sight of, and efforts are being made to spread a knowledge of military principles among the people in general.

"Japan, too, should see to it that military retrenchment and the consequent loss of efficiency in one direction should find some compensation in another, and it is with that in view that the war department chiefs mean to push their idea of revising the national system of education along military lines."

It may be said to be this idea that has prompted the latest move both in military and in naval circles to "Popularise the services."

Opportunity has been taken of more than one occasion to make the army and the navy better known to the general public.

May 27, popularly called "Navy Day," being the anniversary of the Battle of the Japan Sea, was chosen by the army for a great military parade and tournament, to witness which a large body of representative students and members of the young men's associations were invited as special guests.

The Navy, too, invited a number of people to witness the destruction of the warship Tsugaru by bombing seaplanes and torpedoes off Yokosuka.

Early next month, the Hochi reports, it is proposed to take a party of representatives of the young men's association for a warship cruise as far as the Bay of Ise, and while on board they will be specta-

(Continued on Page 2)

Algeria Governor Arrives In France

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, June 7.—M. Steeg, the Governor-General of Algeria, arrived at Marseilles today. He was received this afternoon by M. Millerand.

Situation Critical In Albania, Report

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, June 7.—The situation of the Albanian Government is said to be critical. The revolutionary columns have occupied Berat and are encircling Tirana. Fighting is continuing.

One Way To Get To A Golf Match

MAYOR G.E.CRYER & T.J.CUNNINGHAM

"This is indeed an opportunity; I am glad to have relief, for now I can get out and play a game of golf," Mayor George E. Cryer, of Los Angeles, told Thomas James Cunningham, 18-year-old high school boy, when the latter acted as "Mayor" of the city for a day.

New Community Church's Corner Stone Laying Held

About 200 of the members and friends of Community Church gathered on the church lot at 4:30 last Sunday afternoon to witness the laying of the corner stone. A platform had been set up on the inside of the low brick wall and the members of the governing board together with invited guests took seats on this platform. Among the invited guests were Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham, United States Consul-General; Hon. Milton D. Purdy, Judge of the U. S. Court, Mr. Sidney Barton, Consul-General for Great Britain; Dean C. J. F. Symons, Rev. A. N. Rowland, and Mr. Vaughn. Dr. J. B. Fearn, chairman of the governing board presided.

After the singing of the hymn "Faith of our Fathers" by those present, Rev. C. M. Drury, pastor of Community Church, was called upon to offer the invocation. The glee club of the American School, under the direction of Miss Bernice Austin, contributed a special musical number.

Three men, all of whom had a conspicuous part in the formation of the American Song Service seven years ago, were chosen to have a part in the program. They were Messrs. Adamson, Black and Baynton, Mr. A. Q. Adamson was given the responsibility of collecting the materials for the sealed box which was placed in the stone.

BOX IS PLACED

The contents of the box as given by Mr. Adamson, included the following items; American Song Service bulletins, Community Service bulletins, four annual reports of Community Church, copy of the plans and specifications of the church building, copy of the Instrument of Incorporation, a Bible and hymnal, the program of the corner stone laying, two copies of THE CHINA PRESS, advertising material used in the land and building campaign, picture of the building shortly before the corner stone was laid, membership roll of April 30, 1924, cancelled loan agreement for funds to complete payment on building site, current coins, Mr. Wm. Morris' cancelled check representing the first contribution to the building fund, and the copy of the address which was given at the annual meeting of the Song Service, June 20, 1920 when it was decided to organise Community Church.

Following the address by Rev. C. L. Boynton, the corner stone was laid by Mr. Joel Black assisted by Mr. Boynton.

MR. BOYNTON SPEAKS

Mr. Boynton's address was as follows:

"Until a period within the recollection of some standing here it was one of the merits of Ancient History, that its limits seemed to be fixed for all time, and its contents stabilised. All dates in time were compressed within the limits so accurately set for us in the margins of our Bibles by Archbishop Ussher. The facts were recorded in the literatures of the past which in book and manuscript had survived the ravages of time. Novelty in their narration consisted largely in the amount of detail which might be painted in, and in the art of the literary limner who spread the panorama of history before the eager or reluctant student. That day has passed. Science and the archaeologist have wrought havoc with the old materials, and have brought immense new ranges into view. The desert and the wilderness have blossomed forth, with their records of ancient civilisations: not new facts, but

LONDON STRIKE SITUATION MUCH BETTER, REPORT

Allied Unions Not Called Out; Some Rail Lines Reopen

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 9.—An Underground Railway communique last night described the situation as slightly improved. Nine stations re-opened during the week-end and a little over half the normal service is operating.

(Reuter's Service)

London, June. 7.—The railway strike position is officially described as being slightly better. The Central London Railway has reopened but the Hampstead line is closed. It is estimated that about 7,000 men are now on strike.

It is officially stated that the executive of the Amalgamated Engineering Union will not authorise a strike of its shopmen who are members of London electric railways, because a national claim by the Union for a wage advance for all railway shopmen is being negotiated. Thus the strike remains unofficial except as regards the electrical Trades Union.

The executive of the Locomotive Engineers' Union, following the railway managers' refusal of their demands, have decided to ask for an immediate meeting with the managers before taking drastic action. It is therefore officially stated that there will be no stoppage on the main lines during Whitsun.

Italian Royal Couple In Madrid

(Reuter's Service)

Madrid, June 7.—The King and Queen of Italy and the Crown Prince arrived in Madrid today. Their Majesties had a great reception.

(Continued on Page 8)

CAP'T D'OISY IN TOKIO, U.S. FLIERS GO ON TO HONGKONG

Frenchman Greeted By Throng In Japanese Capital

LANDS AT 2 P.M.

Americans Plan To Continue Flight Today

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 9.—Capt. d'Oisy, who arrived escorted by three Army aeroplanes, which had been sent to meet him, was greeted, upon alighting, by General Yasumitsu and General Hadano, the Chief and Assistant Chief of the Military Aviation Board respectively, as well as by deafening cheers from the crowds, which included school-children with French and Japanese flags.

After luncheon Capt. d'Oisy proceeded to Tokio where he faces a week's round of elaborately planned public and private entertainments in his honor.

Capt. d'Oisy's daring feat evoked tremendous enthusiasm on every side, which pay a generous tribute to his endurance and courage.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 9.—Captain d'Oisy arrived at Tokorosawa near Tokio at 11.40 this morning.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Osaka, June 8.—Captain d'Oisy arrived here at two this afternoon.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, June 8. The Three American fliers arrived at 12:30. 12:30.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Amoy, June 8.—The three American aeroplanes left Amoy for Hongkong at 9:17 this morning. The weather was excellent.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, June 8.—The clouds lifted at 12:30 p.m. and the leader's aeroplane was sighted over the harbor approaching the landing area. It was closely followed, at a lower altitude, by the other two aeroplanes. Obviously they had difficulty in discerning the landing place which was three miles from the Hongkong Island. The United States destroyer Paul Jones heliographed and eventually attracted the aeroplanes. The service lighter, which was moored at Laichikok Bay, fired a signal gun and the aviators steered to the bay with perfect grace. The aeroplane No. 2 was the first to alight.

The Governor's steam tender with the Governor, the Colonial Secretary, the United States Consul-General and Mrs. Gale on board, steamed up to Lieutenant Smith's mooring, while Mr. J. A. Shaw, the representative of the Standard Oil Company, visited each aeroplane successively, attending to them and rendering service, assisted by sailors from the Paul Jones, which was moored at the boundary of the landing area in case of emergency. One of the pinnaces from the Paul Jones took off the aviators to the service lighter, to which they were transferred and where they received the congratulations of the representative of the American men and women.

Commodore Grace, the Head of the Naval Establishments, who came up aboard the Admiralty launch, asked: "Can I be of service to you?"

After that the aviators went on board the Paul Jones.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, June 8.—Lieutenant Smith told Reuter's Correspondent that they had encountered bad weather half-way from Amoy. Rain and fog lasted for an hour. Otherwise the weather was very good. The airmen made a perfect landing.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, June 9.—Lieutenant Smith is effecting a change in the

pontoon of his plane. The Taikoo Dock Company and the British Admiralty are giving assistance in lifting the plane for the pontoon to be taken off. It is expected that the change will be completed in time for the departure of the aviators on Tuesday morning.

(*Reuter's Service*)

Rangoon, June 9.—The Portuguese aviators left for Bangkok this morning.

RECALLS ITALIAN FLIGHT

The flight of Capt. D'Oisy from Paris to Japan recalls the historic Italian air journey from Rome to Tokio in 1920, regarding which the Far Eastern Times comments as follows:

The Rome-Tokio flight, scheduled for the fall of 1919, was planned by D'Annunzio, who intended to carry a message of friendship from Rome to the East.

The attempt should have been made by the Soldier-Poet's own squadron "La Serenissima" whose flight over Vienna (August 9, 1918) when the historic leaflets were dropped on the doomed city, remains forever a wonderful achievement.

Following D'Annunzio's capture of Fiume, other aviators were chosen for the Asiatic flight and by the end of February, 1920, Lieuts. Ferrarin and Masiero left Rome.

The two first weeks of March were spent between Athens and Smirna on propaganda displays, then the flight was resumed. On the 31st of March Lieut. Masiero landed in Bangkok where he was compelled to stop to repair his engine. On the 17th of April, he was in Hanoi, whilst Lieut. Ferrarin was detained in Rangoon on account of engine troubles. On the 21st of April, Lieut. Masiero arrived in Canton. On leaving that aerodrome the overloaded plane side-slipped and crashed. Taking the first available boat for Shanghai he found there a reserve plane with which he concluded the flight.

Meanwhile Lieut. Ferrarin had left Rangoon and casting down all receptions prepared for him, landed on the 28th at Foochow and on the 30th at the Kiangwan Race Course in Shanghai. On the 9th of May he resumed the flight landing at Tsingtao where he remained over a week on account of lavish entertainments provided by the Japanese authorities.

ARRIVAL IN PEKING

At last on the 17th of May, he arrived in Peking, landing at the Nanyuan Aerodrome, followed, on the 18th, by Lieut. Masiero. The flight was concluded on the aviators' arrival in Tokio on the 31st of May.

To be able to judge the value of Lieut. Ferrarin's achievement it is necessary to bear in mind the conditions under which the flight was made.

The total of 90 hours actual flying to cover the 18,000 kilometres between Rome and Tokio was spread over three months, on account of the entertainments heaped upon the aviators all along the route, Lieut. Ferrarin being the only aviator to make the journey successfully, without changing his plane or even the engine.

The plane used was a S.V.A. of standard make, built by Ansaldo and fitted with an engine of H. P. 200 of the Fiat A. 12 type, having a wing span of less than 30 ft. and a weight, at full load, of 1,900 lbs.

LOAD EXCEEDED

The useful load of 500 lbs. was greatly exceeded in order to carry the quantity of gasoline necessary to cover stages of 1,500 or 1,600 kilometers at a maximum speed in 200 kms per hour.

This, of course, required a very careful steering on the part of the pilot putting an exceptional strain on the stability of the plane. As we have remarked, Lieut. Masiero's crash in Canton was due to this cause.

It will be well to remember that the S.V.A. was designed and built in 1917 and the type used for the Rome-Tokio flight was exactly the same as that used in 1918 in the squadron flight over Vienna.

Although by the time our aviators left Rome new aeroplanes had been produced, which would have fittingly answered the requirements of this record-breaking enterprise, a change of planes, entailing a change of the spare parts dumped along the route, would have indefinitely postponed the attempt, all preparations having been made for the Ansaldo planes.

FIGURES IN DAY'S NEWS SPOTLIGHT.

Above: CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG & BARON MATSUI
Below: CARTER GLASS & CHARLES EVANS HUGHES.

In his keynote address before the Republican State Convention in New York City, Secretary of State Charles Evans Hughes declared President Coolidge would "neither condone wrong nor extenuate crime." In the Senate U. S. Senator Carter Glass, of Virginia, assailed President Coolidge and Secretary of the Treasury Andrew J. Mellon for "heedless, unjustified and false charges against the Senate." Baron Matsui, Japanese Foreign Minister, asserted in Tokio that Ambassador Hanihara acted with full authority when he wrote Secretary Hughes of the "grave consequences" that would follow the passage of the Japanese exclusion act. Clara Kimball Young, famous screen and stage celebrity, collapsed on the stage of a Fort Wayne, Ind., theatre and was taken to a hospital in a serious condition.

Royal Household Staff To Celebrate Regent's Wedding

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, May 31.—Among the many celebrations planned in honor of the Imperial Wedding is one that will be participated in by the three thousand persons in the employ of the Imperial Household Department—from the Minister, Viscount Makino down to the messenger boys.

The Imperial Gardens at Shinjuku will on this occasion, June 15, be the scene of an athletic meeting for the juvenile members of the Household Department, while later all will take part in a fancy dress parade round the gardens.

Peking To Have New British School

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, June 5.—The plans being made for the establishment of a British School in Peking are proceeding satisfactorily. A prospectus giving full particulars about the School will be issued later and in the meantime parents who have prospective pupils are asked to communicate with Miss Leach, former Austro-Hungarian Legation.

If the response warrants it, a kindergarten class will be formed.

Silk Producers Will Ask Subsidy

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, May 31.—Silkworm-rearers of Japan are now in conference, and today adopted a resolution to apply to the Government for a subsidy of ten million yen to resuscitate the industry, which, it is claimed, suffered a severe set-back after last September's disaster, and is still further threatened by the untoward developments in Japanese-American relations as the outcome of the Immigration legislation by the American Congress.

War Lords Ask Larger Program

(Continued from Page 1)

tors of specially staged naval manoeuvres.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, June 9.—According to general expectation, the Regent today summoned Viscount Kato, the Kenseikai leader, and instructed him to form a Cabinet. Viscount Kato accepted.

Interest now centers on whether he will select Cabinet Ministers from his own supporters or call on the cooperation of the Seiyukai and the Kakushin Club. Previous to Viscount Kiyoura's resignation, Viscount Kato was in constant conference with Mr. Takahashi and Mr. Inukai, the leaders of the Seiyukai and the Kakushin Club respectively, which lends color to the belief that the next Government will be a coalition. It is further believed that the Kenseikai itself would not be strong enough to maintain its own Ministry.

Note.—In previous bulletin, read "Viscount Kato" instead of as sent.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, June 9.—Baron Kato, the Kenseikai leader, has been summoned by the Regent.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, June 9.—After leaving the Palace, Viscount Kato visited Mr. Takahashi, the leader of the Seiyukai, and Mr. Inukai, the leader of the Kakushin Club, for consultation about the new Cabinet.

Wu Pei Fu Hopes Boxer Fund Will Go For R'ways

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, June 5.—"As a private citizen of the Republic of China I desire to express my gratitude to the British Government and the British people for their friendly act in remitting some £11,000,000 being the unpaid balance of the Boxer Indemnity", said Marshal Wu Pei-fu to Reuter's special correspondent at Loyang on June 4.

Asked his opinion regarding the disposal of these funds, Marshal Wu said: "There is no doubt that the funds should be used in such a way in China as to promote harmony and to further Sino-British interests. The Chinese and British Governments should not endeavour to discuss and decide upon the ways and means to carry out this object. I hear that there is growing feeling among Britons in China in favor of allocating a large portion of the funds for railway construction. Curious to say, British views coincide with mine. What China wants today are communications facilities and experts to develop Chinese industries. If these funds are used for railway construction, that plan will exactly meet China's wants and additional railways will promote and increase British commerce in China."

"First let me enumerate briefly the many advantages that would arise from this scheme. The railways would form a great monument of Sino-British relations for as long as the railways lasted, and they would be everlasting. Secondly, the railways when constructed would open up provinces where there are immense resources, and these resources would be transported to supply the wants of the world. Thirdly, the profits of the railways should be applied to the education of young Chinese. Thus the masses would benefit. Fourthly, with increased railway communications developing our great resources our economic and political conditions would be placed on a sounder footing, giving an impetus to general progress throughout the country which, in its turn, would have a favorable effect as regards not only peace in the Far East but also world-wide peace.

"I want to say through you to the world that China with her big population and unlimited resources must in the future take a more prominent part in contributing to the peace of the world than she has ever done before. I only wish that our foreign friends knew more of the methods of Government of our great sages and statesmen, men like Yao, Shun, the great Yu and Confucius who says that within the four seas all men are brethren.

"I am surprised that some of the English newspapers in China continue all sorts of pin-pricking with reference to such cases as the Fengtai incident. Pin-pricking does no good to anybody, particularly when it relates to questions between nation and nation.

"Save for the Opium War the relations of Britain and China have always been extremely friendly, and Britain now holds that the sale of opium in China is morally indefensible. Before you go I wish to say one word more. In the provinces under my jurisdiction I have made a death penalty for anyone found to be in possession of four ounces of white pills or opium. I am determined to rid the country of this evil. I hope in time to come the other provincial authorities will follow me in this."

ARMS PURCHASES

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, June 5.—General Lu Chin's proposal that all provinces and districts shall purchase arms and ammunition only through the Ministry of War has been approved.

SUMMER SCHOOL AT ST. JOHN'S TO OPEN ON JULY 5

Experts To Give Courses In Sociology

The Summer School at St. John's University promises to be of unusual interest this year. It will hold its sessions from July 5 to August 1. It is known as the East China Union Summer School.

The courses in sociology are of particular interest to persons living in the vicinity of Shanghai. They will be given by such experts as Miss Mary Dingman, Miss Jane Ward, Mr. Miao, Miss Hoh of Ginling and others. Dr. H. F. MacNair is Dean of the School.

Japan To Put Up Ban On Luxuries

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, May 31.—The Government has decided to place an embargo on the import of luxuries into Japan, and will within the next few days issue the necessary regulations by means of an urgent Imperial ordinance.

The scope and range of this new embargo is now under consideration, and until the regulations are finally drafted, the special articles which the import prohibition will cover cannot be ascertained.

The reason given for this emergency measure is the serious present increase in the imports of pure luxuries, which it is claimed at present comprise nearly sixty percent of the country's whole import trade.

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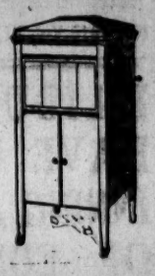

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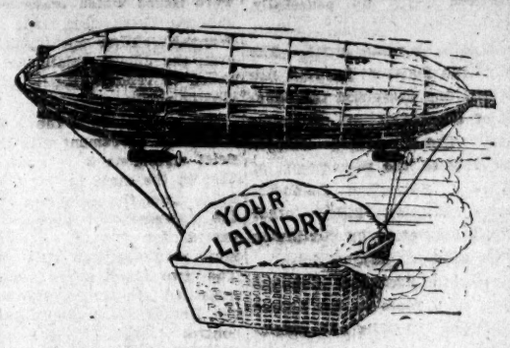

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Notice To Subscribers

In an endeavor to produce an even better paper than was formerly the case—an endeavor which the steadily growing popularity of THE CHINA PRESS has proved to be successful—the publishers have recently increased the editorial staff, supplemented the cable and foreign correspondence services, added a pictorial news section, and improved the editorial and feature contents. These improvements naturally entail a much heavier cost of production, and thus we are reluctantly compelled to increase our rates of subscription, as from April 1st, as follows:

One Year	Mex.	$28.00
Six Months	„	15.00
Four Months	„	10.50
One Month	„	2.75

Postage to outports, etc. $6.00 per annum extra.

Under the new rates subscribers will still obtain THE CHINA PRESS more cheaply than it can be purchased day by day on the street. Allowing 312 publishing days to the year (230 weekdays and 52 Sundays), the annual cost, if purchased on the street, is $36.40.

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M—3

News Brevities

After the execution of the labor agitators at Loyang by the orders of Marshal Wu Pei-fu, the Kuomintang in Canton has issued a long manifesto denouncing Wu Pei-fu as one who tramples upon the rights of the workers and wages war against the people.

• • •

"I once defrauded you of £5. Remorse gnaws my conscience and I send you five shillings. When remorse gnaws again, I will send you some more." This confession was made in a recent letter received by the British Chancellor of the Exchequer.

• • •

The heat in Harbin on June 2 caused a dog to go mad in the Magazinnaya Street and before he could be killed, he bit eight others. A dog-hunt was at once instituted to exterminate the whole lot.

• • •

Chinese papers report that General Chang Tso-lin has entered into an arrangement with a foreign firm for the purchase of commercial airplanes and that a commerical line will connect Mukden and other Manchurian points with Chekiang, Yunnan, Kweichow and Hongkong.

• • •

It is reported that considerable rivalry exists between General Feng Yu-hsiang and General Wang Hui-ching in anticipation of one or other of them being entrusted with the duties of receiving back Mongolia from the Russians. President Tsao Kun is said to have referred the decision of this appointment to Marshal Wu Pei-fu.

• • •

The Hankow "Chung Hsi Pao" reports that the bandit leader Lin Shing-hui, who has been terrorising the northern regions of Hupeh, has now joined forces with the Honan bandit leader An Yu-kiang and the two have established their headquarters in the Hwahpaoshan mountains. An's men are said to be a still more ruffianly lot than are those of Liu.

• • •

Reports have been in circulation to the effect that the ex-Emperor Hsuan Tung was nearly being poisoned two nights ago. The poison in his food was revealed by the color of a silver dish turning black. Immediately all the cooks were sent for and dismissed. The case, it is said, is still under the careful investigation of the influential officials of the Household.

• • •

In all, three earthquakes were felt in Tokio in the morning of June 3, between 3 and 11 o'clock. All of them, according to the Weather Bureau, were after tremors of the September earthquake. Altogether 553 shocks have been recorded in Tokio since the disastrous quake of last September.

• • •

The Ministry of Communications Peking has dispatched Mr. John E. Baker, an American, who has served as Adviser to the Ministry for many years, to proceed to Harbin to investigate the conditions of navigation of the Sungari River. Mr. Baker is also instructed to look into the railway conditions in the three Eastern provinces.

• • •

An unidentified Filipino was killed by a large shark in the sea near San Fernando, La Union, according to Governor Juan T. Lucero of the province, who is now in Manila on business. The Governor said that the man upon seeing the shark, told his companions that he would kill it. He was, however, himself killed in the attempt. The body was recovered.

• • •

The Soviet authorities of Habarovsk, in retaliation for the Chinese prohibition of the Russian shipping from navigating the Sungari, have announced the exclusion of Chinese vessels from that locality, and warships are being stationed about Shankiangkou to mount guard.

• • •

A "white elephant" has been discovered in Changyad Kukandh, near the French border, and arrangements are being made to trap the animal.

• • •

Hongkong's public executioner has resigned rather than hang the Chinese woman condemned to death in the Lantao murder case, for poisoning her husband.

• • •

A tigress which was causing much annoyance in the Batu Balai region, F.M.S., has been shot by Mr. M. R. Hartley, manager of Batu Balai estate. The animal measured 7 ft. 3 inches in length and 3 ft. in height. Another tiger is now reported to be haunting the kampongs.

• • •

Two companies of well-dressed soldiers were seen in Canton the other night marching on Tai Ping Loo in the direction of the Bund. Instead of knapsacks and guns every one of them had strapped to his back one or two brand new oil paper umbrellas, which, from the distance looked something like short guns.

• • •

A Japanese sword of rare value, made by the famous swordsmith of Osafune in Bigen, Yokohama Kaganokami, was presented last week to Mr. Cyrus E. Woods, the retiring American Ambassador, by Mr. H. Motoyama, president of the Osaka Mainichi Shimbun.

• • •

The police officers at Nagasaki and Moji have been ordered to take strict measures against the possible entrance of Communists from Shanghai. The order was the result of the receipt in Tokio of reports about the decision of communists at Shanghai to send a group of Japanese and Korean communists to carry out a program in Tokio. Seido Takatsu, Japanese Communist, now in Shanghai, presided over the meeting that voted to dispatch communists to Japan says the Japan Advertiser.

• • •

Two women bandits are said to be rampant at Shiuchichuan, outside Puanganmen. Armed with swords and dressed in short coats with their heads veiled in blue cloth they have recently been committing robberies. Both are said to be quite young.

• • •

Mr. George Bronson Rea, editor of the Far Eastern Review, Shanghai, has arrived in Tokio.

• • •

With reference to the dispute among the shareholders of the Hankow Electric Light and Waterworks Company, Tuchun Hsiao Yao-nan has issued a notice to the company stating that if dissatisfaction is felt by any of the shareholders through alleged irregularities, such complaints may be taken to the courts of justice; and that if instead of doing this any members of the company attempt to create disturbances in the functioning of the works, such trouble makers will be arrested and shot without hope of pardon.

• • •

In connection with the commencement program of the Comparative Law School of China, a mock Mixed Court trial will be conducted by members of the graduating class next Friday at the school, 11a Quinsan Road, at 4.30 p.m., before Chief Procurator S. C. Chu of the Shanghai District Court, and Mr. N. E. Lurton, United States Commissioner. The graduating exercises are to take place Saturday at 4 p.m.

• • •

St. Joseph's Benevolent Society (For Chinese) wishes to acknowledge with thanks the donation of $500 from the Shanghai Race Club.

• • •

A ball in honor of M. Merlin, Governor of French Indo-China, will be held at the Cercle Sportif Francais next Thursday at 9:30 p.m., according to announcement by French Consul-General Wilden and the French Municipal Council. No special invitations are to be issued but it is hoped that there will be a large attendance from the local French community.

• • •

The Civic Department of the American Woman's Club will meet Thursday at 5:30 p.m., when a special committee will be appointed for the drafting of next year's program and the disposal of funds will be decided upon. It is hoped that all members of the Department will attend.

MUTT & JEFF -:- Jeff Knows When To Use Discretion With Mutt -:- By Bud Fisher

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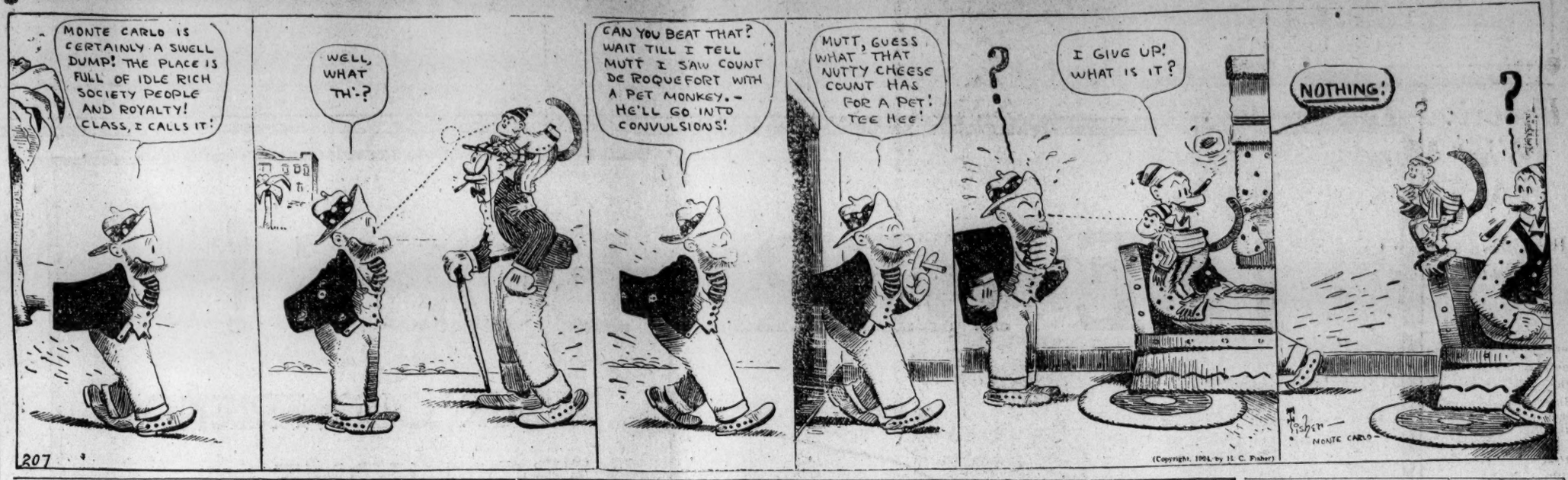
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I GIVE UP! WHAT IS IT?
NOTHING!
207
(Copyright, 1924, by H. C. Fisher)
MONTE CARLO

TREATY REJECTED

(*Reuter's Service*)

Beirut, June 7.—It is reported from Bagdad that the Constituent Assembly of Iraq have refused to ratify the Anglo-Iraqui Treaty.

Correction

In our shipping news, columns in the issue of Sunday, the s.s. West Niger, from Portland, was inadvertently mentioned as being a steamer operated by Struthers and Barry. The West Niger is a Columbia Pacific Shipping Company steamer,

ANTI-AMERICAN DEMONSTRATION IN TOKIO HOTEL

Political Ruffians Invade Dance Room, Threaten Violence

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, June 7.—A demonstration, which has brought the anti-American feeling closer home to the foreign community than ever before, occurred at the Imperial Hotel the nerve center of foreign and Japanese social contact, when a band of 30 Japanese political ruffians tonight invaded the usual Saturday evening dance and broke up the affair by menacing speeches and gestures, punctuated by dances with drawn swords.

The speeches, which were reinforced by handbills, urged a boycott of all American goods, the deportation and future exclusion of Americans from Japan, and Japan to rise against foreigners.

Japanese friendly towards foreigners tried to interpret the affair not as directed against foreigners but as upbraiding Japanese who would associate with Americans at a time "when the motherland is insulted and endangered".

The demonstration was so menacing that the foreign women, of whom there were about 50 present, were compelled to leave the dance room. The men stayed, and for a time a fight was threatened.

The police did not interfere.

Among the witnesses of the demonstration were the American Charge d'Affairs, Mr. Caffery, and members of the Embassy staff.

The band were finally persuaded to withdraw from the scene by the more sober Japanese who were at the hotel.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, June 8.—This afternoon at the Aoyama cemetery a public memorial service was held in honor of the man who committeed suicide on May 31 on the site of the American Embassy. The service was attended to by many thousands of people who came in a continuous stream from one till four o'clock and paid their respects at the grave-side. Wreaths were offered by many prominent personages. The proceedings passed off quietly.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, June 8.—Though the inflamatory speeches and handbills are all purely anti-American, the representatives of the "Taikosha", which is composed of extreme political reactionaries who are prominent in all dometsic disturbances, declare to the newspapers, that the demonstration, which was staged last night at the hotel by their employees, was directed not against the foreigners, but against the Japanese present "who seek pleasure while their country is faced with a grave crisis."

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, June 8.—For the next three days the Buddhist priests will conduct in Tokio a campaign of protest against the Immigration Law.

Find Women Waste Time On Telephone

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, May 31.—Women waste more time than men in idle talk over the telephone, say the authorities of the Department of Communications, who have in mind a propaganda campaign to advocate the shortening of the telephone calls.

The number of telephones is today so limited, owing to the destruction of apparatus last September that until supplies can be replaced, urgent action is necessary to afford the large number of telephone-users the greatest benefit.

With a view to convincing people that to a considerable extent they have the remedy in their own hands, an investigation has been made into the amount of time wasted or spent in useless chatter at each call.

The results have been set forth in a table of percentages, and show that on an average about 13 percent of each call is thrown way. When a woman talks to a woman this wasted percentage is double the average; a man talking to a man wastes about 10 percent of his time in needless remarks, but when he talks to a woman, he is a little more abrupt, and less than ten percent is spent on gossip.

NEW JAPANESE LOAN

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, May 31.—One June 2 the Government is issuing for subscription Y.40,000,000 of 5 percent conversion loan bonds. The price of issue is Y.98.25, and the date of redemption is June 1, 1925.

MILLERAND WILL BE VOTED OUT OF OFFICE FRIDAY

Marsal Forms New "Soup Gap" Cabinet; New Premier

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, June 8.—M. Marsal has virtually completed his stop-gap Cabinet, which includes M. Lefebvre du Prey as Minister of Foreign Affairs and M. Maginot as Minister of War. All the members belong to the block national and almost all were members of either M. Millerand's or M. Poincare's Cabinets.

It is understood that the President's message to Parliament, a draft of which he communicated to the prospective members of the Cabinet this afternoon, declares that the new majority's determination to cut short his seven years' tenure of the Presidency amounts to a *coup de force* and violation of the Constitution. He asks Parliament to state by an unequivocal vote whether it sanctions such a dangerous precedent. He asserts that he has acted constitutionally throughout his Presidentship.

It is a foregone conclusion that the Chamber will vote against M. Millerand. It is expected that the new President will be elected by the National Assembly at Versailles on Friday and that M. Herriot's Cabinet will thereupon be formed.

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, June 8.—The official list of the Marsal Cabinet confirms the previous message. M. Marshal takes the Premiership and the Finance portfolio. M. de Selves retains the Ministry of the Interior.

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, June 7.—The Bureaux of the Chamber have elected a Credits Committee to replace provisionally the Budget Committee. The Committee will consider the proposal of M. Moutet in the name of the Left group in opposition to the President calling for the suppression of the normal budget and its replacement by "douziemes" with a view to forcing the Government to ask for the necessary credits every month. The Committee, which comprises 37 members of the Opposition bloc, elected M. Herriot President.

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Paris, June 7.—M. Francois Marsal has agreed to form a Cabinet.

M. Marsal was the Minister of Finance in M. Poincare's Government and is a friend of M. Millerand. He will introduce the new Cabinet on June 10, when he will read the Presidential message to Parliament, stating M. Millerand's case. Afterwards a vote of confidence will be submitted, and, if rejected as is considered probable, M. Millerland will resign. The President will therefore have indicated his standpoint of only leaving his post on a clear vote of Parliament and not at the behest of one section.

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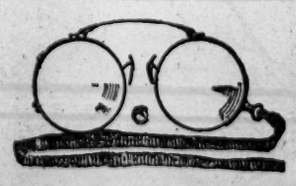

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Favorites To Fore In Whit Monday Program At The Kiangwan Track

Big Crowd Out For Last Day's Races; Outsiders Take First And Last Events, But Others Go To Public Choices

Outside of the first and last events on the program there was nothing particularly surprising in the results at the final day of the International Recreation club's meeting at Kiangwan yesterday, the Whit Monday card.

The first race went to Fiery Dragon, Encarnacao up, after a spirited brush in the stretch with Relationship, and paid $82.10. This was the last dividend of any size until the final number on the card, the Whit Monday Novices, which was won by Young Grey, Pollock up, in a walkaway. Holders of winning tickets in this race collected $84.60.

Outside of these two races the talent generally had the right hunches.

It was a good day for racing and there was a fine crowd out. The track was just a bit soft, but not sufficiently so to interfere either with the ponies or the form players' predictions. Summaries:

1.—The Oakfield Plate, 1 mile.
Fiery Dragon, Crokam ..155—1
Relationship, Crokam ...158—2
Skyros, Knoll .....152—3
Won by 1½ lengths; 2 lengths.
Time—2:07 2-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $82.10, place 1st $20.80, 2nd $8.50, 3rd $15.00.
Cash Sweep: 1st 419, 2nd 381, 3rd 616. Unplaced: 409, 413, 603, 599, 16, 600.

2.—The Woodcote Stakes, 1 mile.
Daddy Long Legs, Haimovitch 166—1
Leadership, Crokam .....163—2
Moon Star, Brand .....157—3
Won by 1½ lengths; 2 lengths.
Time—2:07 3-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $25.40, place 1st $7.50, 2nd $6.40, 3rd $8.60.
Cash Sweep: 1st 176, 2nd 249, 3rd 359. Unplaced: 372, 82, 202, 127, 467, 497, 494.

8.—The Middlepark Plate, 7 furlongs.
The Midnight Moon, A. N. Dallas .....157—1
Yellow Dragon, Encarnacao 160—2
*Mid-Summer Day, Soong 155—3
*Archer, Heard .....155—3
Won by 3 lengths; 2 lengths.
*Dead Heat.
Time—1:49 3-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $32.10, place 1st $11.30, 2nd $8.30, 3rd $23.30 and $12.40.
Cash Sweep: 1st 146, 2nd 295, 3rd 101 and 62. Unplaced: 500, 758, 650, 674, 551, 317.

4—The Alexandra Plate, 2 miles.
Castle Sycee, Sassoon ...148—1
Witty Fellow, Haimovitch 153—2
Forestland, Dallas .....155—3
Won by ½ length; ¾ length.
Time—4:26 3-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $40.00, place 1st $7.40, 2nd $5.80, 3rd $6.10.
Cash Sweep: 1st 175, 2nd 418, 3rd 613. Unplaced: 410, 505, 742, 648

5.—The Ravenspark Stakes, 1 mile.
Censorship, Crokam .....157—1
Silkeborg, Heinzerling ...158—2
Golden Lake, Wm. Hu, ..152—3
Won by a head; 1½ lengths.
Time—2:06 2-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $21.70, place 1st $10.20, 2nd $28.60, 3rd $16.00.
Cash Sweep: 1st 684, 2nd 829, 3rd 654. Unplaced: 100, 589, 260, 382, 143, 367, 555, 493, 74.

6—The Grove Park Plate, ¾ mile.
Green Chrysanthemum, E. B. McBain .....159—1
Henryfield, Heard .....159—2
Carlington, Brand .....159—3
Won by many lengths; a head.
Time—1:32.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $9.90, place 1st $6.60, 2nd $10.10, 3rd $8.80.
Cash Sweep: 1st 781, 2nd 696, 3rd 567. Unplaced: 243, 911, 676, 247, 542, 276, 293.

7.—The City and Suburban Stakes (A Handicap), 1¼ miles.
Covellite, J. Liou .....155—1
South Down, Haimovitch 159—2
Pole Star, McBain .....145—3
Won by 2 lengths; 2 lengths.
Time—2:38.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $11.60, place 1st $6.60, 2nd $8.20, 3rd $27.80.
Cash Sweep: 1st 614, 2nd 447, 3rd 426. Unplaced: 494, 205, 545, 765, 464, 332, 124, 88.

8.—The Summer Selling Plate, 7 furlongs.
*Primateship, J. Liou ...142—1
*Citizenship, Crokam ...148—1
Tommy Lad, Dallas .....147—3
dead heat: a head, *Dead Heat.
Time—1:50 4-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $12.40 and $51.20. place 1st $14.30, 2nd $31.90, 3rd $29.40.
Cash Sweep: 1st 190 and 129, 3rd 1016. Unplaced 526, 106, 79, 1, 635, 236, 117, 460, 94, 713, 75, 803, 976, 309, 760, 580, 407, 13, 92, 819, 631.

9.—The June Nil Desperandum Plate, ¾ mile.
Tobacco, Brand .....149—1
Satisfaction, Haimovitch .146—2
D'ye Ken, J. Liou .....149—3
Won by 1½ lengths; 1 length.
Time—1:32 1-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $24.20, place 1st $10.00, 2nd $35.90, 3rd $10.90.
Cash Sweep: 1st 480, 2nd 10, 3rd 870. Unplaced: 133, 966, 851, 385, 721, 594, 257, 802, 583, 5, 28, 72, 189, 213, 52, 593, 682, 265.

10.—The Consolation Plate, 1¼ miles.
Beckhampton, Springfield 161—1
Plumpton, Burkill .....152—2
Hot Stuff, Haimovitch ..155—3
Won by a head; 1½ lengths.
Time—2:41 2-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $23.70, place 1st $8.70, 2nd $7.60, 3rd $10.20.
Cash Sweep: 1st 178, 2nd 562, 3rd 849. Unplaced: 394, 218, 257, 208, 43, 239, 294, 92, 232, 383, 510.

11—The Whit-Monday Novices Race, 1½ miles.
Young Grey, Pollock ....144—1
Woodland, A. Hughes ..144—2
Englefield, Baker .....148—3
Won by many lengths; ¾ lengths. Time—3:23 2-5.

PARI-MUTUEL

For win, $84.60, place 1st $17.30, 2nd $7.00, 3rd $14.60.
Cash Sweep: 1st 391, 2nd 92, 3rd 566. Unplaced: 832, 173, 600, 718, 293.

BASEBALL TODAY!

The Gallopers will take on the Tung Wen College team at the Race Track this afternoon, starting at 5 o'clock. The collegians have a good team this year and are confident they will give Jerry Thatch and his gang a battle for their lives. All the new men are requested to be out, as the Fourth of July game is coming on and Herby and Jerry are anxious to get a line on the talent available.

American Will Start Olympic Games.

JOHN J. McHUGH.

Asked by the French Committee in charge of the Olympic Games, in Paris, to select a starter for all the events, the American Committee has picked John J. McHugh, of New York, who has started 150,000 races in the past twenty-three years, including the Olympic Games in St. Louis in 1904. He is connected with the Public Playgrounds System in New York and is said to have fired more shots than any other man in the world.

BARNEY GOOGLE — By Billy De Beck

DARN MY HIDE IF IT AIN'T MY OLD PAL BARNEY GOOGLE WHEN DID YOU GET INTO OMAHA? HOW LONG ARE YOU GOING TO STAY--?
I'M PASSING THROUGH ON MY SPECIAL - JUST DROPPED OFF FOR A FEW MINUTES TO STRETCH MY LEGS - I'M ON MY WAY TO ST LOUIS -
COME ON I'LL BAY YOU $100 THAT SPARK PLUG CANT RUN A MILE IN 2:20 --
I'M TIRED OUT, MAC! - BUT IF YOU WANT TO PUT UP A HUNDRED BUCKS YOU'RE ON! BUT YOU GOTTA COME TO THE NEXT TOWN WITH ME --
SPARK PLUG
NEXT TOWN IS COUNCIL BLUFFS. I'LL GO!
ALL RIGHT C'MON OVER TO THE DEPOT!
SPARK PLUG SPECIAL
YOU WIN!
SPARK PLUG
DE BECK 4-2

AMERICA'S OLYMPIC TENNIS TEAM.

F.T. HUNTER. VINCENT RICHARDS. R.N. WILLIAMS 2. W.T. WASHBURN. (Centre)

Captained by R. Norris Williams, 2d, of Philadelphia, the four tennis players to represent America in the Olympic games in Paris will be Williams, Vincent Richards, the youthful Yonkers, N. Y., star; Francis T. Hunter, of New Rochelle, N. Y., and Watson T. Washburn, of Philadelphia.

PRIZES GIVEN TO WORKERS IN "Y" CAMPAIGN

Twenty-Fourth Annual Membership Drive Dinner Is Held

The celebration dinner of the 24th annual membership and financial campaign of the Chinese Y.M.C.A. occurred last evening in the gymnasium of the Navy Y.M.C.A.

One hundred and fifty active workers in the recent campaign sat down to dinner, during which music was provided by the orchestra of the U. S. Palos.

Mr. S. U. Zau, chairman of the Y.M.C.A., presided and introduced the speakers. Toasts were given by Mr. Fong Hsiao-pah, chairman of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce, and by Dr. C. W. Harvey, Associate General Secretary of the National Committee of the Y. M. C. A. of China. Dr. Harvey spoke on "What does it mean to be a member of the Y. M. C. A.?" emphasising the principle of rendering service rather than the enjoyment previleges, the importance of self expression as well as of self-improvement.

PRIZES GIVEN

Following the toasts, prizes were awarded to teams and to individual workers who secured points, as follows:

A silver cup given by B. A. T. to team securing the largest number of points—awarded to team No. 21, Capt. Fong Yi-si.

A large silver cup given by Mr. N. L. Han to the team securing the largest number of members—won by team No. 1, Mr. Mau Woo-yuen, Captain.

Silk banners were awarded to six teams reaching the team goal of 3,000 points, won by teams 21, 6, 4, 16, 1, and 17.

A gold medal given by Fong Hsiao-pah and a Remington Portable typewriter given by Mustard and Co. to individual securing largest number of points awarded to Mr. Voong Tso-ts.

A gold medal given by Mr. K. P. Chen, a gold Eversharp pencil given by Standard Products Co., both awarded to Mr. Doo Kai-ta.

A gold medal given by Mr. S. U. Zau and a complete set of "Science" presented by Commercial Press to individual securing largest number of members, awarded to Liu-tseh-yeng.

A gold medal given by Mr. E. S. Brockman and a gold Eversharp pencil to individual securing second largest number of points awarded to Mr. Wong Yue-bing.

Souvenir pocket folders were awarded to individuals securing largest number of points in each team.

A gold Association pin was awarded to seven members who have secured 100 points or more for the past five campaigns.

There were 158 members who secured 100 or more points in the present campaign who are given a certificate of honor.

Wrigley's Gum
Cleanses the Teeth

C 2240
UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Night
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

HOUSE BOATS TAKE BAKERITE BREAD IT KEEPS FRESH

Baseball Results

(Reuter's American Service)
New York, June 7.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.
St. Louis 6, New York 3.
Detroit 11, Philadelphia 10.
Chicago 1, Boston 3.
Cleveland 3, Washington 0.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York 1, Chicago 3.
Brooklyn 4, Pittsburg 11.
Philadelphia 4, Cincinnati 10.
Boston 13, St. Louis 7.

(Reuter's American Service)
New York, June 8.—Baseball.
National League
New York 7, Pittsburgh 0.
Brooklyn 5, Chicago 8.
American League
St. Louis 5, New York 0.
Chicago 10, Boston 3.
Detroit 5, Philadelphia 6.
Cleveland 11, Washington 3.

South Africans Play Cambridge

(Reuter's Service)

Cambridge, June 7.—The match between Cambridge University and the South Africans opened here today in fine weather. One thousand people were present. The wicket was slow.

The South Africans scored 274 for 5 wickets, Nourse contributing 143 not out. Rain then began to fall and stumps were drawn just after tea.

British Runner Does 100 in 9 3-5

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 7.—At the Woolwich War Memorial Sports, the former Cambridge University runner, H. M. Abrahams, ran 100 yards in 9-3/5 sec., equalling the world's record.

Abrahams represents Britain in the 100 metres race in the Paris Olympiad.

DAVIS CUP PLAY

(Reuter's Service)

Prague, June 7.—Switzerland beat Czecho-Slovakia by 4 matches to 1 in the third round of the Davis Cup competition.

O. I. C. Glasses

Are to be Seen with as well as to See with, Good looking, Comfortable, Becoming

49a Nanking Road

Renault in Training for Wills Fight.

JACK RENAULT

Jack Renault, Canadian contender for the heavyweight title, is in training in New York City for his 12-round fight against an unnamed opponent (probably Harry Wills) at the Milk Fund fights in New York City next month. Renault has been promised a chance at Wills before the latter fights Jack Dempsey.

Holland And Sweden Draw At Football

(Reuter's Service)

Pais, June 8.—Holland and Sweden, who were defeated in the semifinals of the Olympic Association football, played for third place this afternoon before 15,000 people. They drew with a score of 1 goal to 1 after extra time. There will be a replay tomorrow.

The Swedes had slightly the better of the game and led by 1 goal to 0 at half-time, but the Dutchmen equalised. After this neither scored in spite of half an hour's extension.

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FRENCH GOVERNMENT'S Springs
VICHY CÉLESTINS
In bottles, half and splits
Gout, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Gravel, Arthritis
VICHY GRANDE-GRILLE For Liver trouble and Biliousness.
VICHY HOPITAL For Indigestion.
Refuse substitutes. —Mention name of Spring required.

For Tls. 22.50 per Quarter you can have full Accident and Sickness Policy—
Send for prospectus
C. E. SPARKE Insurance Office } 44 Kiangse Road,
Agents:—Excess Insurance Co., Ltd.
Whose Assets exceed £2,000,000.

EAT BETTER BREAD
Made With
DAWALU YEAST

The Jardine Engineering Corporation, Ltd.
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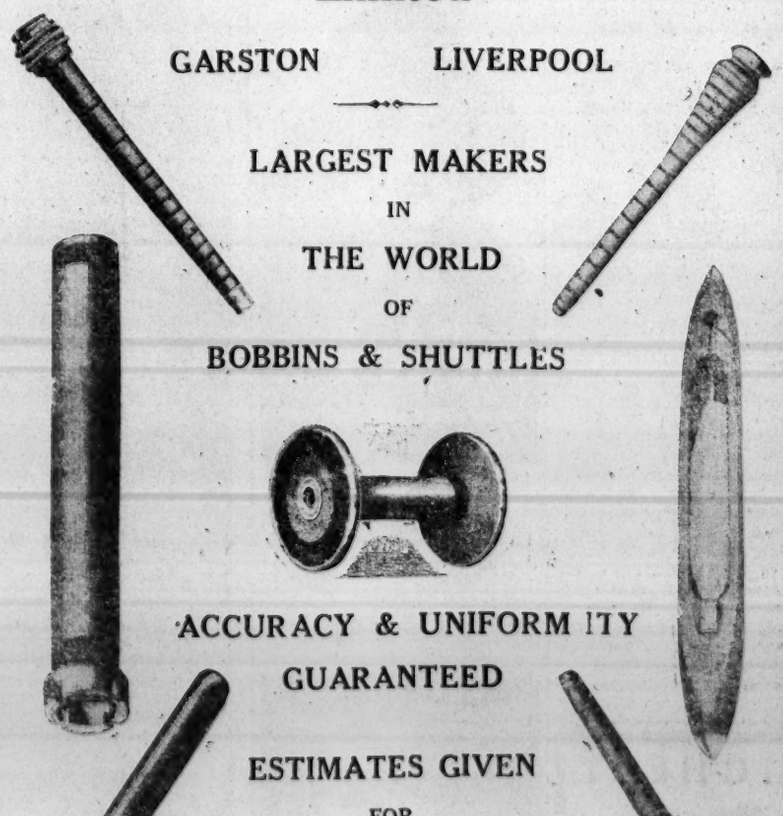
Telephone Central 241
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Messrs. Wilson Brothers Bobbin Co., Limited
GARSTON LIVERPOOL
LARGEST MAKERS IN THE WORLD OF BOBBINS & SHUTTLES



ACCURACY & UNIFORMITY GUARANTEED
ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR ALL VARIETIES
INQUIRIES SOLICITED

Ownership Of Historic Site Of Russian Legation In Peking Now In Dispute

Oldest Foreign Owned Property In Capital Claimed By Orthodox Church And By Newly Recognised Soviet

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, June 7.—Religious, historical and political considerations of an extremely interesting character enter into the proposed return of the Russian Legation property in Peking to Russia as a result of the new treaty between China and Soviet Russia and it is highly probable that, despite the treaty stipulation on the point, the property may be a bone of contention for some time to come.

China, in the agreement signed, promised to return the property to the Soviet authorities, and to oust any in possession at the present time so that the Soviet authorities would not be delayed in any manner but would simply have to move in. Members of the Old Russian parties have already entered an emphatic protest, however, and now Archbishop Innocent, of the Russian Orthodox Mission, which has its headquarters in the north-east corner of the Tartar City, has protested to the foreign Legations and to the Chinese Government, claiming that the Legation property is no government, but church property.

The Orthodox Mission claims that it can produce written evidence to show that the property does not now and never did belong to the Russian Government, as claimed by the Soviet and agreed to by China in the agreement, but that it was given to the Russian church mission many years ago as a religious center, added to by purchases made by the church and by individuals. The church also points out that foreigners cannot own land outside the Legation Quarter and as the Russian Legation is in Chinese territory no one can own the land except for religious purposes.

CHURCH'S CLAIMS

Archbishop Innocent, in his official protest, recites the ownership of the land on which the Legation stands, asserting that "in 1685 some of the Russians from the garrison of the town of Albasin became Chinese citizens and came to Peking. By the Emperor K'ang Hsi they were admitted to the service of the standard troops and given lands in the north-east corner of Peking, near the wall, where the Russian Orthodox Mission is now located. These Albasins, being in the service, received regular salaries in money and in kind, and for the satisfaction of their religious needs a chapel was built. After the death of the first priest, the Russian Holy Synod, at the request of the Emperor, sent new priests who received their salary from the Russian Government and at the same time from the Chinese Government, as they were at the service of the Emperor. They were called Mandarins of the 5th and 7th degrees. And only in 1864 the Mission began to possess the same rights as the other Christian missions.

"During the whole time of the Mission's existence, the Russian Government did not give any money for buying estates. All Mission estates were bought in the following ways: Some lands were given to the Albasins by the Chinese Emperor, some were donated to the Mission by the Orthodox Chinese and Russians, some were bought on the salaries of the Mission's members, and some lands were bought on the net profit received from the operations of some enterprises which were established in the Mission on the missionaries' own resources.

"All these facts may be proved by the documents which the Mission, if necessary, can present. So now it is quite obvious that all these properties were purchased by the Mission as the juridical person and thus only the Mission may give orders or commands on its estates. The disposition of the Legation property without the participation of the owners, the Mission, is in violation of the Chinese Constitution and the laws of China".

HISTORY'S VERSION

Historical reference books, to a certain extent, back up the claims of the Archbishop. The Russian Legation property is the oldest foreign owned property in Peking and was the site—300 years ago—of the first of the special Russian missions that came to China. The Russians, because of their nearness to China and the much easier transportation problems they had than other European nations, were the first outsiders to penetrate China's walls. And historical records show that that was even as early as the 14th century, when, according to Chinese records, a company of Russian guards were in the employ of the Emperor.

The present site of the Legation was known as Nan Kuan (Southern Hostelry) and, after China and Russia had signed the Treaty of Nerchinsk in 1689, was designated by official decree as the stopping place of the caravans between Peking and Russia which, at that time, were beginning regular trips carrying tea and other strange luxuries of the Orient over the steppes and mountains to the capital of the Czars.

A few years before that treaty was signed the first large group of Russians to make their permanent home in China had arrived in Peking. Russian pioneers had settled at a town called Albasin on the Amur River and, following a frontier fight between them and Chinese troops, over 50 Albazines were captured and brought to China as prisoners. The Emperor K'ang Hsi, to do them honor because of the brave fight they had put up against great odds, gave them their freedom and allowed them to settle in Peking, where, within a short time, they were enrolled as Yellow Bannermen in the Emperor's own bodyguard. In time they intermarried with Chinese women and were entirely assimilated with the Chinese with the exception of their religion.

CHURCH PROPERTY

China, at that time, allowed great religious freedom, and as the Albazines retained the religion of their fathers and grandfathers despite the fact that they become Chinese in every other way, a Russian ecclesiastical mission was granted the right to come to Peking to minister to the religious needs of the Albazines under a treaty signed at Kiakhta in 1727.

It is there history bears out the Archbishop's contention, as Nan Kuan, now the site of the Legation, became the site of the religious mission's headquarters. The Orthodox Mission remained at Nan Kuan until 1860. In the meantime foreign Powers had been granted the right to open Legations by the Treaty of Tientsin, signed in 1858, but the provision was never carried out until 1860, when the French and British, after a campaign against the Chinese in that year during which the Summer Palaces of the Emperor were shelled and destroyed, forced China to ratify the provision.

Even after the ratification, the crafty Mandarins attempted by every possible means to keep the foreigners out of Peking, making at last a sarcastic offer of the site of the Summer Palaces, 14 miles from the city, which had been destroyed during the campaign. The foreigners, however, refused, insisting upon their rights to settle in Peking proper and in 1860 the French hoisted their flag over the palace of the Duke of Chin, and the British hosited theirs over the palace of the Duke of Liang, a descendant of the 33rd son of the Emperor K'ang Hsi.

LEGATION ESTABLISHED

A short time later the Archimandrite in charge of the Orthodox Mission turned his property over to the Russians for use as a legation and moved the church headquarters to the north-east corner of the city, where it still remains.

The church in the Russian Legation compound is the oldest building used by foreigners in Peking, having been erected in 1727 by the Manchus for the use of Orthodox missionaries who had been officially recognised by the Treaty of Kiakhta signed that same year.

The site remained in charge of the Russian Legation officials until the Republic of China, in a Presidential Mandate in September, 1920, cut off diplomatic relations with Prince Koudacheff, the then Imperial Russian Minister, alleging that Russia had been in turmoil for several years, the Czar had been deposed, and Prince Koudacheff, being a Czarist appointee, did not represent the Russia of today It was at that time that Russians all over China lost their extraterritorial status, for when the Imperial flag over the Legation came down they fell completely under control of the Chinese Government.

Prince Koudacheff protested in vain. M. Yourin, representative of the Far Eastern Republic, came to Peking and attempted to secure recognition of the Soviet in vain. And General Wrangel, claiming that the mantle of authority in Russian affairs had fallen upon his shoulders, was also met with stubborn refusal from the Chinese authorities.

Eventually Prince Koudacheff vacated the Legation, but before doing so turned it over to the Diplomatic Corps. Just what the provisions were are not known clearly, but it is said he turned the property over to the Powers' Legations on the understanding that it would be returned to an organized Russian Government when that Government was recognised by China and by the Powers concerned. China has now recognised the Soviet as the organised Russian Government, and of the Powers represented, Great Britian and Italy have also given their recognition. In order to complete the transfer, it is said Holland (whose Minister is in actual charge of the property), Japan, France and the United States must give their permission for the property to be returned.

Great Britian and Italy have already resumed friendly relations with Moscow and will, of course, grant the necessary permission. France, according to all reports, is on the verge of recognising Russia and would not object. Japan is negotiating with M. Karakhan here in Peking and would not let the question interfere in any way with their negotiations' success. Holland and the United States are, Therefore, in the matter is considered vital, as once they give their consent—if they do—the property will, within a short time, together with Russian consular property in China, including the Shanghai Consulate, be turned over to the Soviet representatives.

MASKS AS A MAN TO FEED BABIES.

MRS EDNA BRITTENDALL & CHILDREN

When Mrs. Edna Brittendall, of Berkeley, Cal., found there were few opportunities for a "husky widow" to earn a living for her children, she donned man's clothes, "married" Mrs. Thomas Foster, got a job as a truck driver, and for four years "fathered" her own children and three of Mrs. Foster's. Now she is through with being a "man," because she wants her children to call her "mother." She is shown here, in both male and female attire, with her two children.

MATSUI PROMOTED

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 8.—Baron Matsui, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, has been created member of the House of Peers.

Obituary

VISCOUNT PIRRIE

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 8.—The death is announced of Viscount Pirrie, Chairman of Messrs Harland and Wolff, Ltd., at the age of 77. He died while on a voyage from Buenos Ayres to New York.

Lord Pirrie was Controller-General of Merchant Ship—building from March 1918 to December 1919.

A Strictly First-Class Hotel

— Savoy Hotel —

Moderate Rates

A Satisfactory Home with Excellent Service and Superior Cuisine

Special Rates for Monthly Guests

Nanzing Road, Broadway Shangha

Eleanor Haber

in

Character Sketches

Astor House

To-night 9.30 p.m. and Friday, June 13th, 9.30 p.m.

Tickets $2.00

Dancing Afterwards

Wrigley's Gum

Peppermint Coated

CARLTON THEATRE

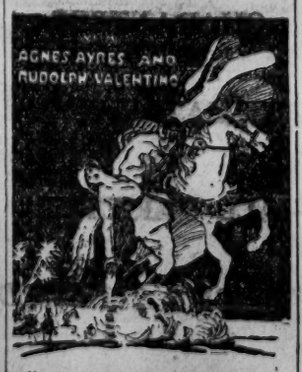
Starting Sunday Matinee June 15

Reproduced on a Mammoth Scale

MARY PICKFORD in "Jess of the Storm Country"

Coming Soon

A Great Picture from A Great Book



"THE SHEIK"

A GEORGE MELFORD PRODUCTION

A Paramount Picture

HIGHEST

Professional Services at LOWEST OPTICAL PRICES at the O.I.C.

Victoria Theatre

Presents

TO-NIGHT and Wednesday, June 11th at 9.15 p.m.

The Charming Constance Talmadge

IN HER FINEST AMUSING COMEDY-DRAMA

"Happiness a la Mode"

ALSO SHOWING:

1. BRITAIN'S Greatest Races

THE GRAND NATIONAL 1924.

45 Cameramen employed in the event left nothing to chance.

2. The U. S. army planes leaving for the great

"AROUND THE WORLD FLIGHT"

You watched them coming to Shanghai.

COME and SEE their arrival and departure at Seattle.

ADMISSION: $1.50 & $1.00—Coupons Accepted

Commencing, on Thursday June 12th

The Latest 1924's Gasnier's Super Production

"DAUGHTERS OF THE RICH"

KEEPS BAKERITE FRESH

ISIS THEATRE

Tuesday and Wednesday at 5.30 and 9.15

THE LATEST HIT IN MOTION PICTURES

GLADYS WALTON

in

"PLAYING WITH FIRE"

A jazzy syncopation of love and adventure as experienced by the little pianist in a small music shop. From cheap jewelry and flippant slang, her heart leads her to happiness and wealth.

Commencing Thursday, For 4 Days

Matinee at 5:30 Evening at 9:15

She was "ONLY A SHOP GIRL"

He was A MAN OF THE WORLD

Does such a man ever pay?

See this Gripping Picturization of the great CHAS. E. BLANEY'S Stage Success

With an all Star Cast

Directed by Edward Le Saint

EVERY NIGHT 9.15 CARLTON THEATRE PHONE WEST 3641

Last Time Tonight

She Came to Live with the Young Bachelor.

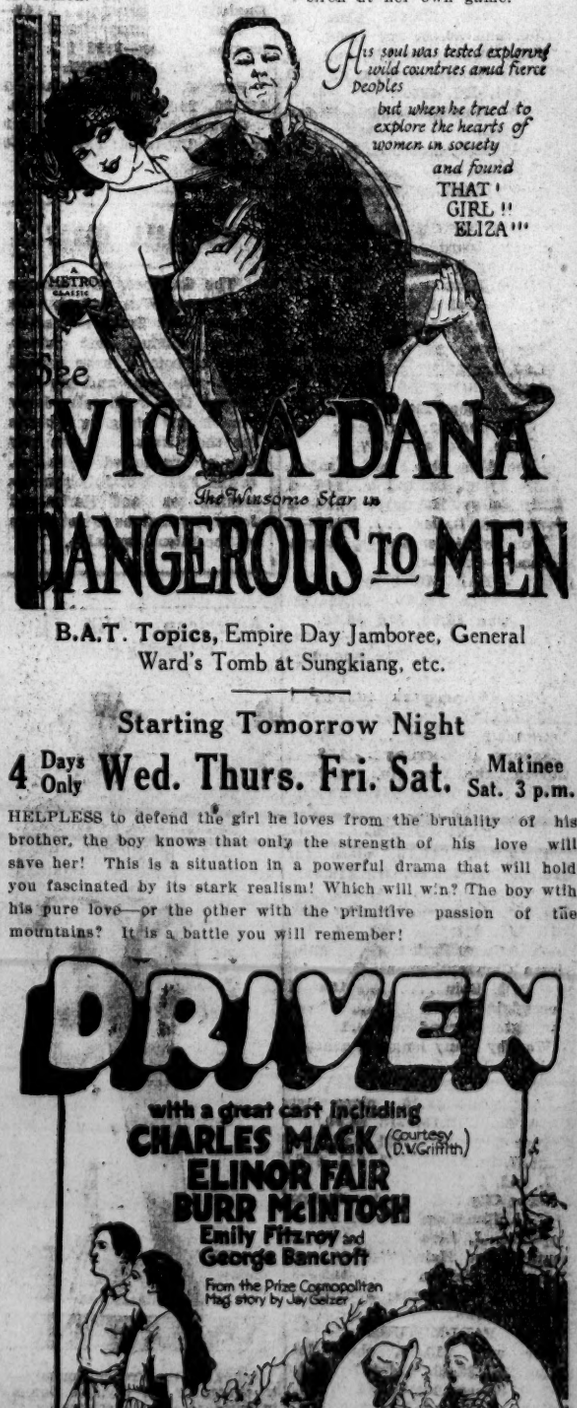
He was expecting a blue-eyed, golden-haired child of twelve. But Eliza was eighteen and—See what happened.

A Photoplay

In which an explorer of wild places investigates the hearts of women.

A Photoplay

In which love teaches an unsophisticated girl to play a siren at her own game.


His soul was tested exploring wild countries amid fierce peoples
but when he tried to explore the hearts of women in society
and found
THAT GIRL!! ELIZA!!!
A METRO CLASSIC
See
VIOLA DANA
The Winsome Star in
DANGEROUS TO MEN

B.A.T. Topics, Empire Day Jamboree, General Ward's Tomb at Sungkiang, etc.

Starting Tomorrow Night

4 Days Only Wed. Thurs. Fri. Sat. Matinee Sat. 3 p.m.

HELPLESS to defend the girl he loves from the brutality of his brother, the boy knows that only the strength of his love will save her! This is a situation in a powerful drama that will hold you fascinated by its stark realism! Which will win? The boy with his pure love—or the other with the primitive passion of the mountains? It is a battle you will remember!

DRIVEN

with a great cast including

CHARLES MACK (Courtesy D.W.Griffith)

ELINOR FAIR

BURR McINTOSH

Emily Fitzroy and George Bancroft

From the Prize Cosmopolitan Mag story by Jay Gelzer

A CHARLES BRABIN PRODUCTION

UNIVERSAL JEWEL

Witnesses For Plaintiff Heard In Action Brought Against The China Press

(Continued from Page 1)

exceptions above stated, plaintiff attended the office regularly. Witness thought the canteen in the office had its advantages. It was often the means of obtaining information which led to good stories from people who dropped in, and at the same time helped to keep the men in the office. Witness admitted that he had seen another executive of The China Press drunk.

Mr. Fessenden, last witness for the defence, and chairman of the board of directors, stated that he had never had a drink from the canteen in The China Press office, and he never knew of the existence of that canteen until he started the preparation of this case. The same applied to the existence of the dice-box.

PLAINTIFF'S WITNESSES

The first witness called by the plaintiff in rebuttal was Mr. James L. Butts, who testified as to the regularity with which Mr. Webb attended the office in the afternoon, and stated that in the evening when he did not return, he always left word as to where he could be reached by telephone. When he was thus away from the office, plaintiff always kept in touch by the telephone. Witness did not agree that an editor of a morning paper could successfully supervise the preparation of the paper, if he had to be on duty at 9 in the morning. An editor's hours were dictated by the manner in which the news was running. Mr. Webb drank no more now than he did in 1921. Witness was also of the opinion that the existence of the canteen in the office was advantageous.

Cross-examined: while there was drinking in the office, there was not sufficient to interfere with the work.

Mr. Fleming:—Would you drink during the course of the evening:—Yes.

Whisky and soda —Yes, or beer.

How many?—Two or three in the course of the evening.

The standard was set up there by the editor in this drinking business?—Not necessarily, it was up to each man for himself.

You had him as a guide on the subject?—Not at all.

You would not venture to say that it added to the discipline of the office, his shaking dice and drinking intoxicants?—I don't think it broke down the discipline at all.

Witness was of opinion that Mr. Webb was just as efficient now as he ever was, nor did he think there was any difference in his physical condition.

FURTHER TESTIMONY

Mr. Bert L. Kuhn gave similar evidence as to the hours kept by Mr. Webb. Witness also thought there were advantages in the canteen, as it led various people to drop in and give them news. Witness had never seen Mr. Webb incapacitated from drink either mentally or physically.

Cross-examined: though he had known a lot of newspaper offices in the United States, he did not know of one of them which kept a canteen, though as a rule it was generally easy enough to obtain liquor from some nearby place, before prohibition. He would term plaintiff a steady drinker: he was not like those who remained sober for weeks, and then went on a "bat." Mr. Webb did not go on "bats." Witness understood there were other places in Shanghai where a canteen was maintained, such as the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

Mrs. Irene C. Kuhn corroborated, and stated that she had never seen plaintiff under the influence of drink, nor incapacitated thereby. Occasionally there would be a little liveliness in the office, but Mr. Webb was always able to put on the soft pedal.

Mr. E. P. Graham-Barrow, dramatic critic of The China Press, gave evidence to the effect that he was a frequent visitor to the editorial offices, and had never seen Mr. Webb under the influence of drink. For the purpose of assisting in gathering news he considered the canteen was not without advantages, while as for the dice box, he himself, introduced it. He did so for this reason that before a man would invite the others to drink, and they would each feel they ought to buy one in turn, whereas by means of the dice-box they would decide who was to pay just for the one round of drinks.

Similar evidence was given by Mr. Bruce Lockhart who considered the canteen an "excellent institution."

The case was continued until today.

Peking Residents Have To Boil Milk

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, June 5.—The following notice is issued by the Administrative Commisson of the Diplomatic Quarter:

Owing to cases of Foot and Mouth Disease having appeared amongst the cows of Peking, and one foreign resident having been infected, residents are reminded that it is absolutely necessary to boil all milk before use.

(Signed) W. H. Graham Aspland, Medical Officer of Health of the Diplomatic Quarter.

POLICE OFFICER IS WOUNDED BY ARMED THUGS

Three Pedestrians Also Shot In Street Battle

A Chinese police constable was shot in the face and three pedestrians were slightly wounded in a battle between police and three armed men in Yalu Road early Sunday morning.

The shooting occurred shortly before 5:30 a.m. after a Chinese constable had held up three rickshas for the purpose of searching. One of the trio of men in the vehicles drew a pistol and fired at the policeman, but missed. The constable blew his whistle and a comrade came running up, to be greeted with a shot which pierced his cheek but did not inflict a serious wound. A fusillade followed and three pedestrians received slight wounds about the legs and bodies. They were treated at St. Luke's Hospital.

The three outlaws escaped across the Settlement border into Chinese territory near the scene of the shooting.

Two armed robberies were reported to the police late Saturday night, the first occurring at a cigarette and exchange shop in Moulmein Road just before 9 p.m., when two men both armed with revolvers, held up the inmates and secured about $50 in notes and silver.

Shortly before 10 p.m. five men, all said to have been armed with pistols or revolvers, held up another cigarette and exchange shop in Tsepoo Road, securing $67.

Baptist College Nears Term's End

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Hwanghsien, Shantung, June 2.—The North China Baptist College located at Hwanghsien is drawing toward the close of the spring term. Examinations will be held in about two or three weeks and after them the school will be dismissed for the summer holiday. The spirit of the school has been very good this year. The number of students in all departments have crowded the capacity of the greatly enlarged plant. The foreign faculty has been increased in the coming of Mr. Ullin Leavell to have charge of the Normal department. Mr. C. N. Hartwell, Dean of the Arts department, has been on furlough the last year, spending part of his time in New York at Columbia University. We are looking forward to his return for the opening of the fall term, about the latter part of August. The students in this school come from all parts of Shantung Province even as far west as Tsiningchow.

Hwanghsien has had the honor of a visit from the Taoyin from Chefoo. He seldom comes but this way. He arrived by special car on the Chefoo-Weihsien Road on Wednesday and returned by special car on Thursday. The officials of this section have an easy time compared to some places in China for the people are very peaceful indeed and there is little or no crime. That the country is free from banditry is probably due to the fact that this a rather narrow strip bordering on the sea, thereby lessening the ease of escape.

In this section of the country there are two natural hot springs, which are much used by the people for bathing. The water emits sulphur fumes and probably has some medicinal value. In one of these springs the water is very near the boiling point and the people are able to cook vegetables in the water.

The weather is getting very warm and the wheat is turning yellow in some places. In a few weeks the fields will be practically barren again and the people will begin after the first rain after harvest, planting corn and other crops.

BROADCASTING STATION IN TOKIO READY TO OPEN

Licences To Be Granted To One Plant In Each City

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, May 31.—The first Government broadcasting station in Japan has been completed in the Central Radio station in Shiba Park.

Experiments were conducted at this station on Thursday morning in the presence of the Minister of Communications and other officials of the Department, while in the afternoon the apparatus was thrown open for public inspection.

In order to promote a general knowledge of radio and its uses steps have been taken to include in school text books simple lessons demonstrating the value of this means of communication.

The Department of Communications is still engaged in drawing up the necessary regulations for the control of broadcasting, and has, according to report, decided to license one station with a radius of 100 miles to each of the nine cities of Tokio, Osaka, Saiporo, Sendai, Aomori, Nagoya, Hiroshima, Fukuoka and Niigata. In other cities the radius of the licensed station is limited to twenty miles.

Applications for permission to set up and operate broadcasting stations are far in excess of the number of licenses to be granted, and a rigid scrutiny of the qualifications of each applicant will be necessary before the licence can be granted and the broadcasting service inaugurated.

U. S. To Admit Few More Aliens

(*Reuter's American Service*)

Washington, June 7.—The Senate has passed the House of Representatives' resolution in favor of admitting a certain number of aliens in excess of the present year's quotas.

St. George's Gardens
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Open Air Cinema
Tonight and Wednesday at 9.15 p.m.
Stirring Drama of Intrigue and Romance in the Tropics
"The Woman Who Fooled Herself"
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On Monday to Sunday, June 9th to 15th
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B. P. Schulberg presents a GASNIER production
Poisoned Paradise
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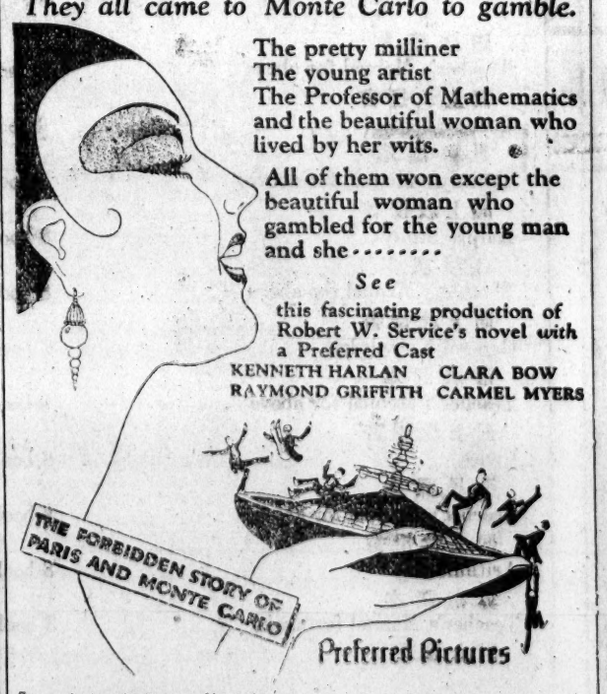

The pretty milliner
The young artist
The Professor of Mathematics
and the beautiful woman who lived by her wits.
All of them won except the beautiful woman who gambled for the young man and she.....
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RAYMOND GRIFFITH CARMEL MYERS
Scenario by Waldemar Young
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The Story of an air-tight Bachelor's Club which was wrecked by one of Cupid's darts. If you are married, expect to be married, or never intend to be married you will thoroughly enjoy this charming comedy which has been presented with all the skill and perfection you look for in connection with the name of DAVID BELASCO, Dean of the American Stage.

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VERDUN GARDENS
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Children Half Prices

New Community Church's Corner Stone Laying Held

(Continued from Page 1)

old facts newly brought to light. The panorama has stretched upon so huge a convass that the student of history must make a choice: to see the whole he must ignore the parts: to know any part thoroughly he must limit himself quite severely.

"So while the ardent archivist, in national convention assembled, makes moan over the disappearance of priceless records which might have been so easily preserved, some of us humbler folk are glad that after all, the preservation of history is a highly selective process, and that what remains as history, is after all not necessarily the true composite of all the points of view as to what really happened, but may be merely the account of the most strenuous repeater of his own experiences or of his views of the progress of events.

"MAKING HISTORY"

"In this sense, perhaps, it is the happy lot of your speaker today to have made history. He was but one of the large and growing band of pilgrims from the land of the Pilgrims, who continuing ever westward as his forebears had done, found his way to this land of the world's most persistent civilisation. We had come in the footsteps of pioneers who felt that the Gospel of Jesus Christ was a light to lighten the way of even the followers of Confucius, and who believing in a living God, felt that their God might have yet new ways of working in the world. So far from being radical innovators at heart, they were real conservatives. In unconscious imitation of their Chinese neighbors, they thought the ways of their fathers were, slightly modified perhaps, good enough for them.

"And so, warmly welcomed as they were, into the existing houses of faith and worship in this hospitable city, theirs was a deepseated and growing desire, to build a church life here which would more fully remind them of the very warm and binding fellowship which they had thought that they had left behind. They beheld the spectacle of young men, loosed from the restraints of their former life, and unattracted by forms of Christian service which to them were strange and unfamiliar, drifting from the faith of their fathers. The American Song Service was born of nights of sleepless concern for such as these.

SONG SERVICE'S ORIGIN

"Once again let the tale be told. A group which had often conferred over what to do for American young men in Shanghai, that they might be won and held for Christ, at the invitation of one of their number, met around a dinner table and resolved to start something. A note in a diary made at the time states that this group included the following:

Mr. and Mrs. Joel H. Black, Mr. and Mrs. Fred. R. Sites, Rev. Milton T. Stauffer, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Roberts, Mr. A. Q. Adamson and Mr. Lester L. Schnare, then Vice-Consul in Shanghai, and the host and hostess, the speaker of today and Mrs. Boynton.

"Only a previous and uncancellable dinner engagement prevented the attendance of Dr. and Mrs. J. C. McCracken, who were informed of the plans proposed immediately after the gathering broke up, and who at once entered heartily into the realisation of those plans. Only personal friends were invited to the meeting which was held on March 25, in the apartments of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Connell, on the fifth floor of the Union Building, rooms now occupied by the architectural offices of Mr. N. K. Murphy, where by a curious coincidence, the plans which have taken shape in the Shanghai American School buildings across the street were drawn. The text of the first address was 'Of how much more value' is a man then than a sheep.' The first special musical number was the solo beautifully rendered by Mrs. Connell—the story of the prodigal son. The same diary records the attendance of thirty-two people, including children. The following Sunday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. Lobingier in the building of the United States Court for China, where forty-eight were present to hear Mr. Stauffer. I recall the presence of Rev. James M. Yard and his family, on their way to America on furlough. Such meetings and such passersby nearly every succeeding service has witnessed. On April 29 the first of a long series of meetings was held at the Palace Hotel, with 110 present in spite of the presence of the speaker of today on the platform. Two or three more personal references may I make to what I count among the great privileges of my life—the first, that I never missed a service or a meeting of the Committee in the succeeding three years, and that it was my privilege to present the challenge to the service on the day that it was resolved to formally organise Community Church.

IS LOGICAL SUCCESSOR

"The Community Church is the legitimate and logical and necessary successor of the American Song Service. It was the prime purpose of that Service to provide a place for human fellowship in the presence of the Divine. This inheritance of the Church from the Song Service has been preserved intact, and it is peculiarly fitting that we should meet today to lay the corner stone of that portion of our total structure in which fellowship will be possible in the most varied and helpful fashion. While it is our earnest hope that the Church as the place for fellowship with our Heavenly Father will always be stressed. I am sure that there are many who will join with me the desire that it may always be a loved meeting place for the children of the heavenly Father, and a very door of Heaven to these who need both human and divine companionship. We must remind ourselves, as did those students at Louisville, to whom Mr. Poteat referred this morning that our Lord reminded the man who came with a gift to the altar to first reconcile himself to his brother, and that if we did not love the brother whom we had met, how could we love the Father whom we had not met.

TRULY CHRISTIAN RITE

"To a Christian, the laying of a corner stone must always seem a peculiarly Christian service, and perverted when it is not Christian. The earliest corner stone laying is ascribed in Job to God, who laid the cornerstone of the world. Jesus, referred to himself as the stone which the builder rejected, which became the head of the corner, while Paul, writing to the Church at Ephesus assures the believers that they are built upon apostles and prophets as a foundation, Jesus Christ himself being the chief corner stone. While the worship of the true spiritual believer can never be wholly confined to a place, as Jesus reminded the woman at the well, yet for all of us the place reminds us most helpfully of the Person to whom it is dedicated, and for whose worship and service it exists.

"Here we hope to meet for worship, but here also we hope to learn to know and to appreciate one another. Here will be a place of instruction for young and old—the Sunday School. Here also will be a home for the homeless, an open door for wanderers, as well as the gathering spot of community enterprises. American in leadership and in spirit, may its welcome be as wide and as inclusive to all nationalities as our homeland traditionally been until these latter days.

"Seven years we have waited for this day. Seven years Jacob served for Rachel and they seemed to him but a few days, because of the love that he bore her. As Jacob did not get all that he wished at the end of the seven years, so neither do we. May we not hope that the end of the second seven may see the full realisation of our hopes in the completed material home for our spiritual endeavors?

"Today we lay this stone, symbol of a fundamental and enduring faith, faith in God, faith in our fellowman, faith in the need of each for the other. As the sacred structure rises above it day by day, so surely and persistently may our prayers ascend for our spiritual unity with all true believers, all incomplete without the rest, in the Temple of the Living God."

The benediction was pronounced by Dr. J. B. Fearn and, as is characteristic of all Community Church gatherings, the people lingered after the program for a little sociability. Mr. Drury called attention to the fact that the door frames were already in place, which encourages the members to look forward to January 1, when it is hoped the church will be able to meet in its own home.

CHOSEN WELLESLEY'S PRETTIEST GIRL

Miss Genevieve Smith.

Miss Genevieve Smith, of Detroit, Mich., has been selected as the prettiest senior student in Wellesley College, Wellesley, Mass., and will lead the Tree Day exercises there.

Sun Sending Agent To Tokio, To Seek Better Relations

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, May 31.—The report in current here that Dr. Sun Yat-sen is sending a special envoy in the person of General Li Lieh-ching to Tokio, whose business it is to pave the way for a closer Sino-Japanese understanding.

Speaking on his mission to a press interviewer, General Li is reported to have said that the need of more intimate relations between China and Japan has been accentuated by the unjustifiable action of the American Congress in excluding Asiatics from the American Continent.

"From this time on, both Japan and China will be able to estimate the true value of American justice and humanity," the General is credited with saying.

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A Week In The White House With President Coolidge

By FRENCH STROTHER
(For World's Work)

The accompanying article is written after a brief but intense study of the President under exceptionally favorable circumstances. My week included personal conversations with the President, observation at close range of his habits of work during the day, an evening as only guest at the White House, a round-trip on the President's train from Washington to New York for the Lincoln Day banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria, where he made his first full-length political speech since he became Chief Executive, and conversation with some of his intimate friends, all of his secretaries, and some of the press correspondents who have questioned him on public affairs twice every week since he has held his present office.

During the seven days consumed in this study, the writer consciously avoided asking any question about the President of any person not in a position to speak from first-hand contact with him. The writer further insisted that the persons questioned should, in their replies, stick to facts that were of their own personal knowledge, or, where they gave impressions, that these should be their own personal impressions. The data for the character of President Coolidge is, therefore, as authentic as can be obtained; and, the writer believes, sufficiently varied in source and matter to give a secure foundation for the deductions which he draws from them. For these deductions the author, and he alone, is responsible.

The President's Habits And Characters

Let your communication be, Yea, yea; Nay, nay: for whatsoever is more than these cometh of evil."

Matthew V, 37 is very near a complete explanation of the strange character in the White House. The lonesomest office in the world is now occupied by one whom his best friend calls "the loneliest man on earth."

Both of these adjectives—"strange" and "lonely"—need to be explained if they are to convey the right impression. Calvin Coolidge is a strange man because he has literally obeyed a Scriptural injunction which a whole sect has preached, but never successfully practiced, for centuries. Even so long ago as 1823 Charles Lamb immortalized the tendency of Quakers to equivocate. Calvin Coolidge does not equivocate. The Quaker professes the doctrine, but in practice he satisfies the general human instinct to talk, while trying to restrain the equally general human tendency to say more than he knows or means, by saying something that can be taken either of two ways. Calvin Coolidge never says anything until (a) he knows exactly what he thinks, and until (b) he thinks it is exactly the right time to say it. Then, when he does speak, he says exactly what he means. This is such an extraordinary procedure, humanly speaking, that it has created the legend that he is hardly human. Just how human he really is, I shall suggest a little farther on—for the legend is only a legend, after all.

The adjective "lonely" remains to be defined. Applied to a man, it usually implies that he is cut off, against his own desire, from companionship. That is not true of the President. His society has been courted all his life by those around him. In boyhood, in college, in politics, he has drawn people to him. That so few people have been able to achieve the intimacy they sought was his doing, not theirs.

The attraction of the man is readily understood by any one who has seen him smile. A shy man's smile is always engaging, because it is always honest. And an honest smile is always attractive because it is always an invitation to share a pleasant emotion. Calvin Coolidge is a shy man, and an honest man. Add to which, he is humorous. (Define "humor" as "a sense of proportion," which makes a man see things in relation to other things and observe the incongruities.) Add further that he is very wise and that he is utterly dependable, and you have the picture of a man other men like to tie to. Shyness, honesty, and humor are qualities that draw men: wisdom and stability are qualities that hold them. That is an accurate picture of Calvin Coolidge.

The adjective "lonely," as applied to the President, needs to be sharply distinguished from "solitary." The President is no recluse. Companionship is a necessity of his nature. He must have his family and friends about him. The fellowship he seeks may be a "silent communion," but he must have it. Frequently he invites an intimate for a week's visit to the White House, and in the week says only four words to him—"good-morning" on two days of the seven—but he wants him there. An odd illustration: One day he sent for a friend to come to his office in the White House. Thinking he was wanted for his counsel, he hastened to answer the summons. He was ushered in from the waiting room.

"How d'ye do!" said the President. "Sit down."

The friend sat. The President sat—and looked out the window. After fifteen minutes of silence, the friend rose to go.

"Don't go. Sit down," said the President. After twenty more minutes of silence, the friend rose to go. "Don't go. Sit down," said the President.

Another twenty minutes of silence. The friend arose: "I guess you didn't want me for anything, so I'll be going."

The President's reply was: "Thank you for coming. I wanted to think."

Odd? Yes, but immensely human.

Why, then, has he so few intimates? Because, in every detail, the President has always met life on his own terms. That phrase is another way of saying what St. Matthew said, and it throws a flood of light on the whole life and character of Mr. Coolidge. Apply it to his friendships. Calvin Coolidge's terms for friendship are hard. You too must be honest, wise, dependable, and humorous. He does not insist that you be shy or silent—indeed, he prefers people who are not, as witness Mrs. Coolidge and Mr. Stearns. They are distinctively social beings, vivacious and loquacious. But the hardest of his terms is that you shall take the trouble to appreciate a man who never makes the first move in creating friendship, and who can enjoy your society for a week without saying a word. If you can't enjoy his on the same terms, you are not cut out for his society, and you don't get it.

Now for the legend that the President is hardly human, that he is "cold." In estimating what a man really is, as against what he merely seems on the surface to be, it is pretty safe to apply the old-fashioned test, "by their fruits ye shall know them." Here are some of the fruits of Calvin Coolidge's human qualities:

1. His wife is patently a radiantly happy woman. That tells a lot about her husband. A happy wife pretty surely mean a husband who is affectionate, kind, generous, and interesting. Mrs. Coolidge is of a type that would not be happy with less. She was, and is, unusually clever and unusually charming. She had a college education and she had earned her own living when she married Calvin Coolidge. After nineteen years and five months of married life, she is perfectly contented. Mrs. Coolidge "takes after" her father, the genial deacon of the Congregational Church at Burlington, Vermont, whose outstanding character was that he "loved people," and who enjoyed nothing so much as the half-hour after church service when he stood at the door to shake hands and make merry with his neighbors of the congregation. Mrs. Coolidge has his vivacity and expansiveness and charm. But though she and the President are as the poles apart in every surface characteristic, she too is honest, wise, dependable, and humorous.

Another of the fruits of the President's human qualities is this:

2. His closest friend, Mr. Frank W. Stearns, a merchant of Boston, after a year spent in getting acquainted with the then President of the Massachusetts State Senate, and studying his character, gave over the active management of his business to a younger man so that he might be free to devote his whole time to making known to the world his discovery of what he believes to be the greatest character in American history since Abraham Lincoln. That was nine years ago. And on December 6, 1923, while Calvin Coolidge was speaking his first Message to Congress, and Mr. Stearns was listening to it by radio in the telephone company's main office in New York, when a friend interrupted with some casual remarks, Mr. Stearns burst out with: "Mr. Blank, please be quiet—I feel as if that were my son talking."

A third fruit of the President's human relationships is this:

3. He first sought public office at the hands of his neighbors. He asked them to elect him to the city council. He made no campaign: he simply asked them to elect him. They did. Then they re-elected him. He then asked them to elect him city solicitor. They did, and then re-elected him. He then asked them to send him to the state legislature. They did: and re-elected him. He then asked them to send thim to the state senate. They did—four times. He then asked his fellow senators to elect him president of their assembly. They did—twice. Then the people of the state to elect him Lieutenant-Governor. They did. And Governor. They did. Now he is President of the United States. He has never failed to get any office he asked for.

Such a record is impossible to a man who is not profoundly human. Perhaps the answer lies in the aphorism of a wise woman who once declared that "affection is based upon respect." The President gives (and gets) affection on that basis. All the love and affection he has got (and it is much more than one would ever suspect from common report) has been given him by people who were first attracted to him by respect inspired by those qualities, a respect which developed later into an affection that has grown stronger with further experience of them. It should be recalled that Mrs. Coolidge knew him a long time before she took any interest in him as a suitor, and that all his friends remark the slow, but steady and enduring growth of their affection for him.

He practically never loses a friend—and for the same reason. He will have as friend only the man he respects; and friendships based upon mutual respect easily endure frankness, argument, and disagreement, because the disagreement can never be over so important a matter that it destroys respect for the other man's self-respect, and affection for his respect for you.

Further evidence could be adduced to prove the very human quality of the President, but what has been said seems conclusive. The truth is, the President is a perfect example of a distinctively American type, not at all rare in rural New England. His own father is another example, and old friends say that his father's father was "more so than the two of them put together," a man famous for being silent harder than anybody else in silent Vermont, but sought, nevertheless, by his neighbors from miles around for the wisdom of his counsel and the comfort of his granite character.

All that has gone before does not remove the fact that President Coolidge is one of the most difficult men on earth to converse with. But it does put a very different, interpretation upon his taciturnity from the generally accepted interpretation. The truth about his silence is

(Continued on Page 10)

A MORNING STROLL WITH MR. COOLIDGE

When his companion remarks the extraordinary coincidence of the appearance, at one time and in one small community of writers of the quality of Longfellow, Whittier, Holmes, Emerson, and Alcott, the President recalls Lowell's "Commemoration Ode" and observes: "But he was wrong in one thing: Lincoln wasn't the first American."

"You mean in the sense of not the first man of the distinctively American type?"

"Yes."

"Who would you say was?"

"Washington. He fixed the type."

"Which would you say was the greater man?"

"It's pretty hard to compare them." (A pause.) "Should say Washington was the better judge of a man; Lincoln was the better judge of men."

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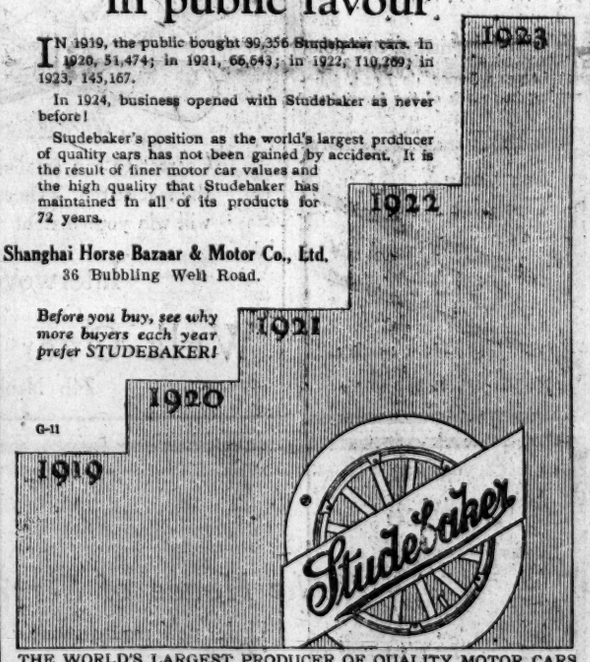

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A Week In The White House With President Coolidge

(Continued from Page 9)

that it is disconcerting to casual callers, enraging to people who try to get an opinion or a promise they have no right to get, and often trying even to his family and intimate friends. But it is cheerfully accepted by those who know him well, for the sake of virtues more substantial and appealing than the faculty for conversation. The fact is, the President does not converse at all. I mean, he does not take part in the nearly universal exercise, whether in serious or trivial mood, of handing the subject matter back and forth between two or more people by means of speech. An analysis of such authentic reports of his words as I have gathered, and of the words he spoke to me, discloses that practically everything he has spoken (excepting formal public addresses) can be listed under one of the following heads:

1. Brief statement of exact fact. (Emphasize "brief" and "exact.")

2. Questions asked to increase his own store of information. (The questions are usually short, but they are often numerous, though always to the point. The President has been known to ask a caller one question right after another for half an hour at a time.)

3. Brief statement of his deliberate (and usually his final) opinion upon a question or problem. (Never given except after learning all he can about the subject, and after thinking the subject out as far as he can.)

4. Humorous comment upon a particular incident. (These comments are not humorous generalizations, but are best suggested by his well-known reply to the acquaintance who said he was astonished at his election, adding that he had not voted for him: "Somebody did.")

5. Reminiscence. (Chiefly of boyhood, a period of his life fondly recalled and still deeply felt. Usually in humorous vein, though sometimes expressed with touching sentiment or profound emotion.)

The percentage of the President's spoken words that are humorous is higher than that of the average man, by far. My estimate is that 25 percent of his authentic speech is in humorous vein. A characteristic, unknown outside his intimate acquaintanceship, is his habit of teasing. His boys and his wife are the chief victims. The two boys take it differently: John, the older, who is matter-of-fact, is constantly surprised and a little puzzled by it. Calvin, the younger, who "takes after" his mother, relishes it hugely. Any married man, whose wife is sprightly and good-natured, can answer for its effect on Mrs. Coolidge.

The things Mr. Coolidge does not say are as significant as those he does. The following are some common uses of speech which, so far as I can find, he literally never puts speech to: threats, boasts, guesses, gossip, flattery, excuses, to while away the time.

That last phrase goes to the heart of the matter. The President practises the most profound reverence for the value of time that I have ever heard of. His habit of silence is a vital part of this practice. Observe how it saves time. The visitor who just "drops in to kill time," very quickly drops out. The visitor who has something worth while to say, finds every incentive to say it, but none to say anything else. Thus the President's visitors waste little of his time. Per contra, he wastes none of his own by needless speech. The result is, he has nearly all his time to himself. What does he do with it?

The answer is brief—he thinks. The old New England story should be recalled: "How do you spend the long winter days when the chores are done and it's too cold to work?" "Sometimes I set and think. And sometimes I jest set."

The President never "jest sets." The universal testimony of those who know him is that he is always thinking. Not mindwandering casual consciousness, but hard, disciplined, purposeful thinking upon his problems. He is, they say, forever thinking ahead. That is why he is never hurried, never caught off his guard, never excited when the moment for decision and action comes. He has seen that moment coming, has accumulated the facts needed for his mental processes, has used those mental processes to their limit, and knows exactly what he intends to do, and why. The only thing, his friends say, that has ever upset his equilibrium was once on a Vice-Pesidential speaking trip when he mislaid his overcoat and in a few moments had every member of his party and all the train crew looking for it; and he was both agitated and irritated until it was found. The psychology of this tiny incident is significant. Order is the first law of the President's cosmos. He has all his life had every attribute of himself under perfect discipline and control, from his passions and his tongue to his purse and his collar button. The mislaying of the overcoat was to him, a moral failure within himself, to be instantly retrieved: it was a loss of control of an element of his surroundings for which he himself was responsible, and as such a cause of profound concern.

Calvin Coolidge and Family. ex.

Here, at last, we come to the heart of the President's character, to that in which he is almost unique, to that in which he is truly very near, if not quite, an original: He is all conscience. He asks only two questions about any subject or about any course of conduct:

"What are the facts?" "What is right?"

He may have to ask a hundred questions to get the facts, but they are really all one question, "What are the facts?" He may have to think long and hard to determine what is right; but observe how much one's mental processes are simplified by having to think out problems by one, simple and consistent standard.

This is not to say that the President is a saint. He is a politician—judged by results, he is one of the shrewdest in American history. He calculates with the best of them. He knows how to time his words and his acts to produce an effect. But he is, I am convinced, absolutely sincere and high-minded in what he is trying to do, and scrupulously honest in the means he uses to do it. He wants Calvin Coolidge to be the instrument of the people in their public business, but he takes infinite pains that that instrument shall be both keen and clean.

It scarcely need be added that the President is a devout man. His regular attendance upon services at the nearest Congregational Church is as methodical as his other habits, and doubtless equally simple and genuine. Long an attendant, Mr. Coolidge only became a member of the church since his accession to the Chief Magistracy, and then probably because he felt his duty as First Citizen publicly to profess as well as privately to practice his faith. Except in emergencies, Sunday is wholly a day of rest and devotion at the White House.

With the foregoing analysis in mind, all the President's habits become readily understandable. His oddities, his silences, his peculiarities of speech when he does speak, his public acts, all fall into a consistent pattern. It is a rare pattern, and an odd one, and as superlatively Vermont New England as pie for breakfast, but it is a consistent pattern.

One last word: the President's speeches are worth reading. They are characteristic: that is, they are (usually) brief; always simple, direct, clear; and they are the compact expression of hard thinking and sound feeling. At their best, they have passages of true eloquence, and sometimes a paragraph reaches the quality and style of Francis Bacon's "Essays," which they much resemble.

No one man can sensibly presume to sum up another man's mind and character in a paragraph. But for what it is worth, as one man's impression of another, my one week's investigation leaves me with this estimate of Calvin Coolidge: A man of excellent, but by no means extraordinary mental equipment, who, however, uses that mental equipment in an extraordinary way, that is to say, to the extreme limits of its powers. A man of truly extraordinary character: most unusual in the degree of his conscientiousness, self-control, self-discipline, resolution, stability, and industry. A man, on the human side, most odd in habit, but of emotions deep, sincere, and steadfast.

(To Be Continued)

Hidden Meanings In Names

It would appear, on first thought, that there could be hardly any kind of link between two places so different as Oxford, the ancient English seat of learning, and the Bosporus, which has been the scene of so much barbarity in recent years. Yet the two are so near that they are called by the same name. Oxford is plain to readers of English as a passage for oxen across the Isis, while the Bosporus (two Greek words meaning "ox" and "a ford") equally tells its own tale. Both places have been known from remotest antiquity. The Thracian Bosporus, now the Strait of Constantinople, has its name ascribed to various origins. Valerius Flaccus refers it to the story of Io, who, when transformed into a cow, is said to have swum the strait, which has since been called Bosporus. Arrian, however, asserts that certain Phrygians were directed to follow the route an ox would indicate for them—and it led them across the strait.

But just as these two names must "give us pause," so there are innumerable others which, if they could be made to yield up their secrets, would fill many an interesting page. Common, everyday names have each their own story, and are not always what they seem. The Canary Islands (the Fortunate Islands of the ancients) are not so named on account of the little yellow bird, but because of the immense number of dogs (Latin, canis) found there. Incidentally, the birds, which abound there, take their name from the islands. Cambridge is what its name implies, a bridge over the River Cam. The Cape of Good Hope was not so called by its discoverer, Bartholomeu Dias. Because of the storms and bad weather he experienced, he, on the contrary, styled it Cabo dos Tormentos (Cape of Tempests), when he dropped anchor there in 1486—six years before Columbus, endeavoring to reach the same goal (India) by a different route, led the way to America. King John II of Portugal, however, called it by its present name, the Cabo de Boa Esperanca, for to him it appeared that the end was at last in sight. Vasco da Gama, eleven years later, proved the truth of John's forecast by rounding the Cape on his voyage from Lisbon to Calicut.

* * *

Florida did not receive its name on account of its "flowery" aspect, but because Ponce de Leon, journeying in search of the fountain of youth, happened to land there on Easter Sunday (1512), the Spanish name for which festival is Pascua Florida. Natal in South Africa obtained its name in similar accidental fashion, only this time it was Vasco da Gama who, in 1497, landed there on Christmas Day (the Nativity, that is, the "Natal" day). Polynesia (from the Greek "many" and "island"), the region of many islands, more than justifies its name. Recife, in Pernambuco, is a "reef." Restigouche means "the river which divides like a hand" (into five branches).

Nanking and Peking are respectively the "Southern" and the "Northern" capitals of China. Hongkong is a surprise to Western minds when revealed as "fragrant springs." Poland, which its nationals call Polska ("flat land"), is one unbroken plain, and only on its southern border do mountains exist—the Carpathians. England, "the land of the Angles," and Sussex, Essex, Middlesex, the kingdoms of the South, East, and Middle Saxons, are clear enough. But when a Frenchman calls the English Channel "La Manche," how many realise that it is so called because of a fancied resemblance to a "sleeve" manche)? Land's End to an Englishman is self-explanatory, and so is Finistere to a Frenchman; both mean the same.

The Hague originally signified "the Count's hedge" ('S Gravenhaag), Alcontara, in Spain, indicates a "bridge" over the Tagus; while a pass in the Great Atlas Mountains of Algeria, named El Kantara, also contains the remains of a Roman "bridge." The Alcatrazes, on the east coast of South America, are the "Pelican Islands," and the Ladrones ("Islands of Thieves") were so named because of the dishonesty of the natives.

Palestine was first so called by the Greeks, who named it for the Philistines (Pelishti); the Hebrews called it Canaan. Nakhitchevan (Nakchivan), in Asiatic Russia, is not so well known as it should be if its claims are founded on fact. There has been plenty of time to learn all about it, for it is reputed to be the oldest city in the world. The name comes from the Armenian Naxuana, "first place of descent," and popular tradition avers that it is the place where the survivors of the Deluge landed, and where Noah planted the vineyard.

The Levant ("rising" sun) is the name given throughout Europe to the eastern shore of the Mediterranean. The Mediterranean—(sea) "amid the lands"—has its correlative in Mesopotamia—(land) "between the rivers." So, too, the Menam, in southern Africa ("the Mother of Waters"), has its complement in the Mississippi, "the Father of Waters." Missouri is just "the Mud River."

Ala Shehr, "the exalted city" (the ancient Philadelphia), in Asia Minor, was founded by Attalus Philadelphus about 200 B. C., and is famed as one of the seven churches in Asia referred to in Revelation i 4. The other churches were situated at Ephesus, Pergamos, Smyrna, Sardis, Thyatira, and Laodicea.

Few Americans realise that Key West, the naval station, has any special meaning, unless "West" be considered geographical. Yet the name is merely a corruption of the Spanish name Cayo Hueso ("Bone Island"). Allahabad, "the city of God," is at the confluence of the Ganges and the Jumna, the holy streams of India. Detroit means simply a "strait." Dublin (Ir., Dubh-linn) is called a "black pool." Edinburgh, as every schoolboy knows, is named for Edwin, King of Northumbria, who conquered the city; Dunedin (dun, a hill, or stronghold) is a Gaelic translation. Gibraltar is named for a Saracen leader (Arab., Jebel-Tarik, the hill of Tarik). Alaska (Russ., Allaska) is corrupted from Al-ay-ek-sa, "the great country" (the mainland).

Alabama: When the Creek Indians were driven from their hunting grounds in southern Georgia they fled west till they reached the river, where they halted with the cry "Alabama!" ("Here we rest!").

F. S.

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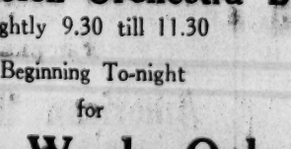

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The "Spoiled Child"

From the vantage-ground of the onlooker we can all see the diastrous mistakes that have allowed Mr. and Mrs. So-and-So to turn their offspring into a "spoiled child," comments a writer in the Christian Science Monitor. Spoiling is not done in a week. It is a gradual process that grows as experience teaches our babies that nothing succeeds like success. The diminutive thing in a crib soon asserts itself, knows that with a little exertion it will be tossed and dandled instead of made to lie quietly, and it is apt to pretend that food alone will satisfy its demands, at all hours of the day or night.

After a few months of human experience a child has discovered whether or no he lives in a house where as Sergeant Buzz-Fuzz used to say, "Discipline must be maintained." As months grow into years a child of determination becomes a commander of the situation and can turn an otherwise pleasant home into a scene of conflict. We can draw a veil over the various results of spoiling, that show themselves according to the kind of child we have to deal with. We have to regulate our sense of humor at all early stage, for what seems very amusing and absurd in the early days of growth, making an adoring parent laugh delightedly, will prove to be a very sore point later on when indulgence has turned the charming baby into a spoiled boy or girl. The pert remark of Miss Five-year-old unchecked, is developed all too soon into that kind of familiarity that breeds contempt.

We none of us remember sufficiently how quickly a child learns to obey or to disobey, nor how much our own mental outlook determines its conduct. A well-controlled, calm though cheerful person will say "No" to to a bady wishing to play with some coveted but forbidden object and will immediately hold its attention with a toy or a game, but the wavering "no" of the parent or nurse who refuses today what is granted tomorrow, is entirely non-effective.

The spoiled child has an unkind way of revealing our faults of upbringing at those moments when we are most anxious to show them at their very best. Thus are we rebuked! No amount of social pleasantness can completely hide the disapproval of our friends when our offspring refuse to be amiable or at worst defy us and shelter behind the knowledge that nothing much will happen as long as there are visitors present.

Here is a small boy of two years old. The floor is strewn with hollow cubes that fit into each other, with bricks and a little cart and horse. It is bedtime. "Let's see who can pick up the bricks quickest, because they can't be left on the floor." And so the game begins and the lesson is learned, if not at first then by degrees. And here is a little girl of four, laying the nursery table for dinner, "helping" because everybody has to lend a hand and she, now she is so big, is of course, ready to help too.

Expectancy is one of the greatest helps in training a child, the expectancy of cooperation which is normal and right. Or a visitor comes. Visitors are not all as tactful as they might be; they ask sudden questions and embarrass little girls and boys. But in a house where trouble is taken to explain that these friends are coming and that they must be made happy, self-consciousness, which is often fear, will vanish, and the children begin to understand the delights of true hospitality. The spoiled child is so often one who wants to be shown how to amuse itself. In these days of cutting out pictures, designing, painting and carpentry there is no lack of occupation, only we must lend a hand and encourage; we must use the paper trays that are made as "surprises," admire the bookstand that comes from the junior craftsman's hand, and generally let the children feel that their work in the family is of value.

And even at the risk of being prosaic we must every now and then turn the fierce light of criticism on our homes and our selves. Why are we so unimaginative as to expect perfection in a home where nobody is punctual or orderly or interested and where we are so busy running around that we can't even manage to spend the last half hour of the day in the pleasant company of some absorbing story with the children as listeners. "As the twig is bent the tree's inclined," and the very defects that seem to trouble the spoiled child can, with a little patience and thought be changed into the best of human qualities.

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LEADING French cognac house requires responsible agents for Shanghai and Northern China. Apply to Box 1112, THE CHINA PRESS. 68403

ADVERTISER desires invest Tls. 5,000 with services in reliable firm for salary and share profits; give full particulars and references. Apply to Box 1102, THE CHINA PRESS. 68355 J 11

CHAMPAGNE, Agents required in Shanghai for well known Brand. Apply to Box 1113, THE CHINA PRESS. 68403

Professional

STRONG masseuse, graduated, guaranties to reduce the weight of any stout person, has some hours free early morning and afternoon. Injections and special surgical massage. West 4255. Mrs. Bologovskaya, 206 Avenue Joffre. 68281

Special Notices

OFFICES TO LET
IN THE
GLEN LINE BUILDING
Corner of Peking Road and The Bund
For particulars apply to Messrs. ALGAR & Co., Ltd, 11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.
84204

Dr. J. PODPAKH, M.D.
Specialist in surgical confinement, female and internal diseases. Venereal, urinary, skin diseases and its sequels. Special methods of diagnosis and treatment. Analysis of all kinds of diseases.
Hours: 12-1 and 4-6 except holidays. 14 Kiukiang Road, corner Kiangse Rd., above China Press, 3rd Floor, Tel. C. 434.

Painters and Decorators

All kinds of Painting Work Solicited. Patton's Paints and Pitcairn's Varnishes used
Estimate Given
FREE
Call up C. 7312
CONTINENTAL WOODWORKING & PAINTING CO., LTD.
136 Szechuen Road.
68291 J 15

DR. R. HOLPER, M.D.
French University
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL, URINARY & SKIN DISEASES.
Office Hours: 11-1 & 4-6
or by appointment. Tel. C. 734
15 NANKING ROAD
85478

Dr. JONES TANDING, M.D.
73 Nanking Road
(Between Honan and Shantung Roads)
Specialist in Venereal, Urinary, Rectal, Female Diseases and Piles. PILES guaranteed cured without operation and pain.
Office Hours: 11-1 and 3-9 daily, or by appointment.

Houses To Let

FURNISHED six roomed house in Wongkashaw Gardens. Short or long term. Apply to Box 1205, THE CHINA PRESS. 68435 J 10

106 Bubbling Well Road. Near the Race Course to let, one room excellent food, Phone, Tennis Court. Rate moderate. 68395 J 12

SMALL and large houses with all modern conveniences, garage, near tram. Apply to Shanghai Estate Co., Inc., 41 Rue du Consulate. T F 228

TO LET, house from 1st July in Markhan Road, near trams, four large rooms, three bathrooms, two attics, pantry, kitchen, servants' quarters etc. Rent $60. lease 1½ your. Fittings sacrifice $400 optional. Apply to Box 1116, THE CHINA PRESS. 68426

CORNER of MacGregor and Baikal Roads, newly built four roomed houses, two attic rooms, two bathrooms, hot, cold water, usual servants' quarters, etc. Apply to Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., 123 Szechuen Road. Tel. C. 1119. 68420 J 8

TO LET, in Western district, small confortably furnished house, four rooms and two good attic rooms. Three bathrooms with all modern conveniences. Suitable for couple of bachelors or married couple. Rent Tls. 110. Apply to Box 437, THE CHINA PRESS. 68423 J 11

TO LET, 35 Rue Admiral Courbet, comfortably furnished house with all modern conveniences. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. 68424 J 11

TO be let Rue de l'Observatoire, close to trams and French Park, five roomed houses with attics and bathroom. Modern conveniences. Apply to Mr. M. Darre, 4 Avenue Edward VII. Telephone Central 5527. 68430 J 11

TO LET, unfurnished three roomed, new semi foreign house with small garden. Rent $46. 91 Point Road. 68399 J 10

TO LET for 6 months, from 1st of July, one furnished detached house, in French town, near Tram—moderate rent—6 rooms—2 bathrooms—modern sanitation—garage—small garden. For particulars apply to: Mr. Marulli de Barletta 7 Avenue Edouard VII. 68384 J 14

FOR Rent. Semi-detached residence on Yu Yuen Road, 6 rooms, 2 bathrooms, modern sanitation, service rooms, etc. Apply Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Central 8222. T F 303

TO LET. Terrace houses, Double or single. North Szechuen Road, close to Park and tram line. Rentals ranging from $40 to $90. Apply to Box 994, THE CHINA PRESS. 10154 M 31

Educational

RUSSIAN lessons given by young intelligent lady. 307B Avenue Joffre. (near Route Voyron). 68411

ADVERTISER, received commercial training in America and now employed, desires change to better his prospects. Able take charge department. Outport no objection. Firm or schools kindly address Nelson, c/o Post Office Box 1176. 68350 J 10

Offices, To Let

OFFICE to let, S. Y. Sheng Building. Very desirable 800 square feet. Reasonable rental. Apply to Box 1202, THE CHINA PRESS. 68441 J 11

OFFICES to let. On the 2nd and 3rd floors of No. 7 The Bund. Apply to The Commercial Bank of China. T F 135

TO LET small offices, steam heated, in Zylstra Building, 27 Nanking Road. Tel. C. 7739. T F 310

FOR Rent floor office, Central district, 1,500 square feet, steam heating, along with spacious concrete fire proof vault. Apply to Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road. Central 8222. T F 294

OFFICES. Three nice ground floor offices, central district, steamheated, single office or suite of two or three rooms. Apply Asia Realty Co., 15 Nanking Road. Telephone Central 8222. No. 30

OFFICES suitable for persons conducting a business that requires a central and safe building available at moderate rental. Apply to Box 993, THE CHINA PRESS. 10168 M 30

GROUND Floor Space, Kiukiang Road, suitable for large Bank, available shortly in part or whole. Apply to Box No. 1008, THE CHINA PRESS. 10033 M 31

LARGE suite of offices to be let, modern building, July/August, very suitable business quarter. Apply to Box No. 977, THE CHINA PRESS. 10162 M 30

TO LET, big office rooms. Centrally located. Rent moderate. Apply to City Bank of Shanghai Ltd. 51B Kiangse Road. T F 234

OFFICES, first floor modern building, corner of two important thoroughfares, available immediately. Suitable especially for doctors, lawyers. Apply Box 981, THE CHINA PRESS. 10164 M 30

Used Cars

Used Car for Sale, Overland 4 Cylinders, exactly in running order, owner want leave to outport, sale at Tls. 400.00, please apply to F.E.M.A. 19 Kiuklang Road. T. F 314

FOR Sale Essex Coach, almost new, in excellent condition, will sell for Tls. 1,500 cash. Owner leaving China. Apply to Box 948, THE CHINA PRESS. T F 302

Land For Sale

FIVE mow of land for sale, at Great Western Road. Tls. 2000. per mow. Apply to Box 1105, THE CHINA PRESS. 68369 J 11

Houses For Sale

TSINGTAU, excellent modern house for sale. Apply to Box 1033, THE CHINA PRESS. 10031 M 69

Situations Wanted

YOUNG Russian lady desires a position, as a nurse, good references. Apply to Box 1101, THE CHINA PRESS. 68354 J 11

Situations Wanted

CHINESE desires position as a typist and general office assistant. 9 years' experience. Excellent testimonials. Apply to Box 1203, THE CHINA PRESS. 68439 J 12

AMERICAN Chinese with knowledge of Electrical Engineering, Cigarettes and office routine, seeks employment in Shanghai or outports. Address Post Office Box 1028, Shanghai. 68447 J 10

WELL educated, young Chinese seeks position with reputable firm or bank. Has had office experience. Willing to deposit some money for guarantee if good position offered. A. 1. references. Apply to Box 1115, THE CHINA PRESS. 68409 J 13

BY young Pekinese, with thorough knowledge of English and Chinese, as interpreter, clerk, mandarin teacher or general office routine, either local or outport. Have experience and ability to Manage an office. With best references. Apply to No. M. 374 Foochow Road. 68279

CHINESE Assistant, 15 years experience, accounts and property, seeks position. Salary $150 per month. Apply to Box No. 1016, THE CHINA PRESS. 10124

YOUNG man, intelligent, British nationality, experienced in Insurance work, seeks employment at reasonable pay. Apply to Box No. 1017, THE CHINA PRESS. 10125

YOUTH, aged 24, well educated, has had office experience, wants position. Very moderate salary. Apply to Box No. 1023. THE CHINA PRESS. 10134

OFFICE Assistant, many years conversant China Trade, first-class references, British nationality, seeks position. Moderate salary. Apply to Box No. 1009, THE CHINA PRESS. 10117

ADVERTISER, Britisher, has half his day free for employment in any capacity of trust. Please apply to Box No. 1014, THE CHINA PRESS. 10122

HIGHLY educated Chinese with a good knowledge of accounting and capable of taking charge of a set of books wants position. Apply to Box 436, THE CHINA PRESS. 68421 J 10

CHINESE subject from U. S. A. 10 years importing experience in Auto accessories, hardware, iron, steel, plumbing, sundries, stationary and drugs etc. At present representing a large American firm, open for immediate engagement. Full competent to take charge of Department or manage branch office, has travelled extensively, speaks English all Chinese dialects, Japanese, Russian. A1 references Apply to Box 1074, THE CHINA PRESS. 68285 J 11

CASINGS expert (Chinese), with 15 years' experience in hog, sheep, goat and beef casings, competent knowledge of purchasing, manufacturing, supervising, testing and travelling, seeks position in exclusive casings firm, or respectable firm. Address Post Office Box 1259. 68343

ADVERTISER with good connections wishes to join large established Company as compradore. Can arrange necessary guarantee. Apply to Box 1075, THE CHINA PRESS. 68301 J 10

Furnished Rooms To Let

Connaught House
8 and 9 Quinsan Gardens
Double and single well furnished rooms, with board, by day or month. Terms moderate. Excellent cuisine.

14 Quinsan Gardens
TO LET with full board large and small rooms with private baths. Excellent cuisine. Tel. N482.

Bostonia
61 Carter Road
Board—Residence.
Phone West 883. Tennis Court.

TO LET, with full board. Large and small double and single rooms, private bathrooms and verandahs facing south. Apply 6 and 7 Carter Road. 68448 J 13

VACANT nicely furnished room with bathroom, Board optional. Wongkashaw Gardens. Apply to Box 1206, THE CHINA PRESS. 68435 J 10

CENTRAL, to let large cool single room with board, sanitary bath, etc. 103 Szechuen Road, lift, corner 3rd floor. 68407 J 13

TO LET, furnished room, also flat, with or without board. Apply 22 Wayside Road. 68241

REAL American Home Cooking. Coolest, cleanest, quietest rooms in Shanghai. District central. No mosquitoes. Corner house. Telephone. Eighteen Quinsan Gardens. 68287 J 10

A101, Avenue Road, near Gordon Road. New private boarding house, well furnished double and single rooms, with private bathroom, excellent food and service. Phone W. 3056. 65913

TO LET. One large well furnished room. With private bathroom, garden, with or without board. Moderate rent. French Town, 10 minutes from Bund, close to two tram lines. Apply to Box 891, THE CHINA PRESS. 10196 M 31

TO LET. In Quinsan Road, furnished room and bathroom and verandah, without board. Apply to Box 928, THE CHINA PRESS. 10194

Situations Vacant

CASINGS Broker and Correspondent for business or information. Apply to Box 1259, Chinese Post Office, Shanghai.

COMPRADORE wanted with money by the General agent of the Wolfram Electric Lamp Company. Apply to Box 434, THE CHINA PRESS. 68451 J 10

WANTED Chinese Compradore with good local and outport connections for an established wine business, on very reasonable terms. Cash required M. $3000. Apply to Box 1106, THE CHINA PRESS. 68371 J 10

Apartments To Let

TO LET, three roomed unfurnished flat with all modern conveniences. Please apply to 103 Yu Yuen Road. 68440 J 12

TO LET Unfurnished residential flat in Central District consisting of two rooms with attached bathroom and kitchen. Newly decorated. Immediate occupation. Apply to THE BEN BUILDINGS CO., Ben Building. 68438 J 10

FLAT of three rooms, kitchen, bathroom, furnished or unfurnished Tls. 50. including light, tax, water. Also large attic, private bathroom Tls. 25. 4 Markham Park (Carter Road). 68084

FLAT to be let 1st September, very centrally situated. Modern building. Tls. 215. Apply to Box No. 996, THE CHINA PRESS. 10150 M 26

YU Yuen Apartments. Modern three roomed apartments consisting of living room, dining room, bedroom, bathroom and servants' quarters, Central heat, hot and cold water, flush closets, built-in cupboards and closets. Moderate rental. Available July. For particulars apply E. Suenson & Co., Ltd., Eastern Times Building, 30 Foochow Road. T F 301

FOR Rent. Nice five roomed apartment, well furnished, on Route Ferguson, 3 bedrooms, living and dining rooms, 3 baths, ample service rooms, modern appointments, garden, garage. Available immediately. Apply Asia Realty Co., 15 Nanking Road. Central 8222. T F 308

Dogs and Pets

"Lost or stolen from 18 Amiral Courbet—Airedale Terrier, Male, full grown, black and tan. Twenty-five Dollars reward will be paid for his recovery or information leading to his recovery. Phone F. C. Craig West 3239". 68442 J 11

FOR Sale. Three male thoroughbred fox-terrier pups. Apply to No. 226 Dixwell Road. 68446 J 15

Exchange and Mart

INDUSTRIAL mission center, 713 Dixwell Road. See new patterns in Anking cross stitch. Large selection exquisite Swatow embroideries Tuesday and Friday mornings or by appointment. North 1863. 68209

FOR sale, very fine Irish setter, male, three years old. For sale on account of owner leaving town. Apply 6 Chusan Road, 3rd floor. 68396 J 10

Summer Resorts

TSINGTAU, If you intend to spend your holidays at a quiet, pleasant, and beautiful location five minutes from Strand (beach) and Strand hotel. Please apply for furnished room with board and particulars. Mrs. R. Techernova, No. 6 Fushan Road. 67842

MOKANSHAN House for rent No. 273. Two double rooms, two single rooms, two bathrooms, attic finished making comfortable place for three; altogether accomodations for nine comfortably. Large dining and living room, delightful porches up and down-stairs, separate servants' quarters with kitchen; all simply furnished; large lawn for evening parties; central location on level with church and tennis courts; good neighbors. For further information apply to A. W. March, Hangchow Christian College, Zakow, Che. 68348

MASKEE the Heat! Eat the best home cooking, in the coolest dining room in town. Monthly terms. Eighteen Quinsan Gardens. 68287 J 10

KULING Hotel Kuling. Best and most central situation in Kuling. All rooms with private bathroom and verandah attached. Large dancing hall and lounge rooms. Under Foreign supervision. Daily and monthly rates, Apply: Manager.

RAILWAY Hotel, Mokanshan. Opened 1st May. 40 Rooms, Electricity, Private Swimming Pool and Tennis Court. Minimum charge single $120, double $216 per month. For particulars, apply to Hotel Manager. 68227 J 31

TSINGTAU, house to let for summer or whole year. Excellent location close to the Bund. Modern, central heating, nicely furnished, one of the finest in the town. Rent $500 a month for not less than 3 months. Can be let by flats or rooms with board. Apply to Box 1082, THE CHINA PRESS. 10080

TO LET in Tsingtao, two flats or rooms with board, fully furnished, excellent location, facing the sea. Villa Aurora. Apply to Box 898, THE CHINA PRESS. T. F. 10197

Real Estate Wanted

WANTED real estate, in small or large lots in Central District. Please submit likely lots to Box No. 1135, THE CHINA PRESS. 10108

BUYER wishes to purchase good Chinese property. Applicant please state particulars of district area and rental, etc. to Box No. 1136, THE CHINA PRESS. 10109

ADVERTISER is in the market for property in the Western District near the New French Club. Applicants please get in touch with Box No. 1137, THE CHINA PRESS. 10110

Shops To Let

TO LET for immediate occupation Modern Shops, steam heated, in Zylstra Building, 27 Nanking Road. Tel. C. 7739. T F 311

FOR Rent. Excellent shop 1,200 square feet in best Nanking Road district, also godown space in rear, 2,000 or 4,000 square feet. Also twelve, store rooms, etc., in first and second floors and in attic. To be rented as a whole or in convenient divisions. For terms, etc., Apply to Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road. Central 8222. T F 299

FOR RENT. Excellent shop space, 1500 square feet, on Nanking Road. For terms and particulars apply to Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road. Central 8222. T. F 297

TO LET, shop in magnificent corner position. Best part Nanking Road. Available immediately. Area 875 square feet. Apply to Box 957, THE CHINA PRESS. T F 251

LARGE Shop, best part Nanking Road, may be available by end of year. Lessors prepared to discuss terms with prospective tenants. Apply to Box No. 980, THE CHINA PRESS. 10153 M 30

LARGE Shop on Nanking Road, near Bund, available this fall, rental Tls. 750. Apply to Box No. 1007, THE CHINA PRESS. 10032 M 31

Outdoor Sports By Tad

IF I EVER GET BACK TO MY WIFE AN' BABY IN HARLEM AGAIN — GEE WHIZ !!! I MUSTA BEEN OFF MY NUT TO LEAVE THEM — I WAS HEALTHY AN' HAPPY BEFORE I LEFT HOME — NOW I'M A WRECK
WHO EVER HEARD OF A FIVE MILE HIKE BEFORE BREAKFAST? WHY EVEN LETTER CARRIERS EAT BEFORE THEY START
I'M OFF HIS HORSEBACK RIDING TOO — HE'S GOTTA FEED THEM SKATES OR ELSE I QUIT. I CAN'T RIDE A FENCE RAIL
OUTDOOR SPORTS
COMING BACK FOR BREAKFAST AT THE OLD HEALTH FARM.
TAD 1.3

MUTT AND JEFF -:- -:- -:- It's a Gift -:- -:- -:- By BUD FISHER

FINE! THERE AIN'T A PERSON IN SIGHT TO WATCH ME PRACTISE SKIING! I'M GONNA BECOME AN EXPERT AT THIS SPORT AND SURPRISE JEFF AND MAKE HIM THROW A JEALOUS FIT!
WELL, HERE GOES MY FIRST ATTEMPT! IT'S A GIFT! I'LL HAVE THE LAUGH ON JEFF!
WHAT TH'-? HELP!
?
BUMP!
OH, MY POOR HEAD! NO MORE SKIING FOR ME! OH, WHAT A BUMP!!
OUCH! OH, MY POOR BACK! WHAT A FOOL I WAS TO EVEN TRY TO SKI! OH!!
I SEE THAT I SHOULD HAVE HELD MY SKIIS TOGETHER! THAT GUY KNOWS HOW TO MAKE THE JUMP!
LOOK AT THAT JUMP! I'LL BET HE'S THE CHAMPION SKI JUMPER OF THE WORLD! MY WORD! AND HOW GRACEFUL!
HELLO, MUTT!
PRETTY EH?
TEE HEE!
WHAT'S THE USE?
POWDER
3-18

大陸報 The China Press 大陸報

LACTOGEN FOR
The NATURAL-MILK Food
YOUR BABY

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1924

Business and Official Notices

NOMAD

NOMAD OASIS.

June Meeting
Tuesday June 10th.

Members of Nomad take note that the June meeting will be held Tonight at the New Carlton, business meeting at 6:30 to be followed by dinner and the evening.

Visiting Shriners are cordially invited to make themselves known and to be present.

68408

A l'occasion du passage a Changhai de Monsieur le Gouverneur General de l'Indochine, le Consul General de France a Changhai et le Conseil d'Administration Municipale donneront un bal au Cercle Sportif Francais, Jeudi 12 Juin, a 9 h. 30. Il ne sera pas envoye d'invitations speciales aux membres de la colonie francaise qui sont tous cordialement pries d'y venir.

Tenue de soiree (habit ou smoking noir ou blanc).

68425 J 11

A l'occasion du passage de Mr. Merlin, Gouverneur General de l'Indochine, le Consul General de France recevra tous les membres de la Colonie Francaise au Consulat General, le mercredi 11 Juin a cinq heures de l'apres-midi.

WILDEN

68445

Kirin-Changchun Railway Administration

Notice

With regard to our advertisement of inviting tenders of 60 lbs. rails, etc., 16th to 22nd May, in this paper, the public is hereby requested to notice that the standard section of the above mentioned rail is not exactly the same with the A. S. C. E. System but it should agree in all dimensions with our blue prints.

BY ORDER.

68433 J. 12.

S.S. "Cross Keys" Voy. No. 60 West-from Seattle.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Examination of Ship's damaged cargo ex the S. S. "Cross Keys" Voy-No. 60-w. will be held at Dollar Pat Lien Chien Wharf on Thursday, June 12th, at 2.30 p.m. when Messrs. Eisler, Reeves, and Murphy, Marine and Cargo surveyors will be in attendance. Launch "A. B. Dollar" leaves Custom's Jetty at 2.00 p.m.

THE ADMIRAL-ORIENTAL LINE.

68450 J 12

S.S. "President Jefferson" Voy. No. 66 West from Seattle.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Examination of Ship's damaged cargo ex the S. S. "President Jefferson" V-No. 66-W. will be held at China Merchants Central Wharf on Friday, June 13th, at 9.00 a.m. when Messrs. Eisler, Reeves and Murphy, Marine and Cargo Surveyors will be in attendance.

ADMIRAL-ORIENTAL LINE.

68449 J 12

Dr. Soo Zwe Ting, M.D.

Room No. 17 Zylstra Building, (Corner Nanking & Kiangse Rds.)
SPECIALIST in Venereal, urinary, female, skin, internal deseases and sex disorders. Latest method of treatment.
Office hours: 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m., or by appointment.

Jot it Down!

The little, neatly bound note-books, with tear-off leaves, produced by THE CHINA PRESS and already familiar to its readers, may be obtained at either of THE CHINA PRESS offices, at 14 Kiukiang Road and 17 Nanking Road, for 2 copper cents each; or they will be sent in any quantity anywhere by mail for 2 cents "big money," paid in advance.

Wouldn't you like to live near your office and most places of amusement?

The Central Building affords you a splendid opportunity. Furnished rooms at Tls. 40 to Tls. 55; no taxes, water and light to pay for. Board at $50 from the Dining Room.

S.S. "Nippon" from Trieste via ports.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

EXAMINATION of ship damaged and broken cargo only ex the above steamer will be held at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.'s HONGKEW WHARF on Thursday, June 12th at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Angus & Co., Marine Surveyors.

LLOYD TRIESTINO S. N. CO.

S. Wulff & Co.
Estd. 1900
Dry Cleaners and Dyers
Head Office 211a Szechuen Road
Have Opened a
BRANCH WORKS
at
124 Avenue Joffre
(Corner of Rue Vouillemont)

68393 J 12

Shanghai General Cargo Dealers

Starting June 10th

We have special representatives travelling the outports twice each month. What have you to offer. Your samples will receive prompt attention.

65805 A 25

Important Notice

TO LADIES

All Ladies' Toilet Requisites etc. contained in the Ladies' Hairdressing Saloon of the **Shanghai Toilet Club,** Palace Hotel Building, 1a Nanking Road, will be sold at greatly reduced prices from June 2nd to July 31st owing to removal to New Premises.

68305

Municipal Notification
No. 3260

Silver Loan 1924
Issue of Debentures for Tls. 1,000,000 at Tls. 95 per cent. Rate of Interest 6 per cent, per annum.

Under the authority of Resolution V, passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 16, 1924, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the Silver Loan of 1924.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year, except that the first payment of interest will be made on December 31, 1924.

The debentures will be issued at Tls. 95 per cent, and will be redeemed under the operation of a Sinking Fund on December 31, 1954, but may be redeemed by the Council in whole or in part on December 31, 1934, or on any subsequent date, subject to the Council giving six calendar months' notice in the Municipal Gazette and the public press of Shanghai.

In the event of any partial redemption of the loan, the numbers of debentures to be redeemed will be decided by drawing.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 5,000, Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, Administration Building, Hankow Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
E. S. B. ROWE,
Acting Secretary.

Council Chamber,
Shanghai, June 4 1924.

T. F. 312.

Offices To Let

GROUND Floor Accommodation suitable for a Bank, Insurance or Shipping Company. Frontage on the Bund and Ave. Edward VII.

For further particulars apply:
Asiatic Petroleum Co. (N. C.) Ltd.
No. 1 The Bund.

68373

Notice

This is to notify our Patrons and public.

That the notice appearing in the Shanghai papers, the Western Tavern in liquidation and for sale has no connection with the present business known as the Tavern Cafe, Inc.

TAVERN CAFE, INC.

68427

Official Reminder

Monday next, 16th inst.,

Bonds subscribed before noon
O.K.
after noon
Too late.

Approximately $138,000 will be reimbursed.

International Savings Society
7 Avenue Edouard VII.

The Peitaiho Directory
1924

Owners of houses in this Beach resort are requested to send in at once the names of persons to whom they have sub-let.

Owners desiring to sell property will find this guide and directory a valuable medium of advertising, for with photographs and maps it will take the form of a souvenir.

Business advertising, at $20 a page or $15 a half page, will be accepted not later than June 24.

Apply to the publishers:

La Librairie Francaise
Tientsin

68443

To Mr. Business Man

Dear Sir:—

You have been wanting a Calculating Machine for a long time but perhaps have not felt the expense justified.

NOW is your opportunity to purchase a standard make rebuilt machine at a price you CAN afford.

GUARANTEED the same as new machines.

Ten days FREE TRIAL.

Yours truly,

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
99A Szechuen Rd.
Shanghai.

Phone C. 4778

The
Eagle Star & British Dominions Insurance Co., Ltd.
London

Marine Insurance

Agents:

Blom & Van Der AA.
3 Ezra Road, Shanghai
Tel. C. 2328 A. Kooyman, Gen. Mgr.

The China Press
is prepared to undertake
Job-Printing
Of All Descriptions
(Including Color Printing)
at
Moderate Prices
For Estimates and Particulars,
Apply to:
Job-Printing Department
THE CHINA PRESS, Inc.
14 Kiukiang Road

—Bath Room Requisites—

Have you got your supply of
Bath Robes, Bath Mats, Bath Slippers, and Bath Gloves?

We are confident that you will find a choice variety of useful articles by paying a visit to our show room and retail store, where goods of the triangle brand ensure excellent quality. Courteous service and absolute satisfaction.

Jot down the address for reference:

Sean You Zoo & Co., Ltd.
P-425 Nanking Road, Local

For Sale or To Let

Premises at 37 Brenan Road. One Newly erected Cafe garden, dance hall and cafe, consisting of:—

1 Large Dance Hall
6 Small Private Dining Rooms
1 Service Bar
1 Kitchen
1 Large Verandah

with spacious dawns, in front, side, and rear of building.

This ground was formerly occupied by the Royal Cafe.

This is a good opportunity for a Cafe man to make money during the summer months.

For particulars etc.
Apply to
Mor Tsai
FA Yue Yuen Road or Western Cafe
(opposite Jessfield Park)

68312

Business and Official Notices

Roselawn Dairy Farm

Invites the public at any time and at any day to visit them, and see the extreme care with which we handle the greatest food that Nature in its munificence has provided the human race.

Tel. East 321. 35 Tongshan Road. 68412

Emielianenko

Lady—midwife-gynecologist educated in Imperial Accoucheur Institute of Moscow serves with advice and assistance at all periods of pregnancy.

Assistance for deliverance at any time.

Reception: 10-1 and 2-7 p.m.
Apply: 59-E Range Road. 68283

Chinese Government Railway
Kiaochow Tsinan Line

Tender for Oregon Pine Timbers.

With the approval of the Ministry of Communications, this invitation is made to the suppliers to submit their tenders on the following:—

OREGON PINE 378,000 Sup. Ft. B. M.

Tenders must reach the Materials Department of this Railway before 12 o'clock noon on or before **June 25th, 1924,** and will be opened in public at 3:00 p.m. on the same day at the Railway office.

Tender-forms, specifications and regulations may be obtained from the Materials Department, Kiaochow Tsinan Railway, Tsingtau.

No tender will be entertained unless presented within the time stated and made on the forms supplied by the Railway. The Railway does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender and reserves the right to award the tender to one or several suppliers.

Pz. O lur.

68189 I 13

The China
TRUNK EMPORIUM
On corner of Nanking and Thibet Roads (*not the new small shop; but the 4-roomed one, please note*) is the only shop which takes pains to make all trunks, suit cases handbags, etc., as good and cheap as humanly possible. Its
WARDROBE TRUNKS
Steamer and cabin trunks made of 7 and 4 ply wood, etc., and covered with fibre, leather and sheet-steel are guaranteed indestructible. *Inspect our goods and note our prices before buying from others. Tel C. 612.* 64256

No. 71

No other Medicated Throat Pastille has such a hold upon the public. At the first sign of soreness or irritation relieve your throat with a "No. 71." Keep a box in the house. Your Chemist stocks "Allenburys" No. 71.

Something New For Shanghai

Breakfast Baps, delivered for Breakfast. Scotch Families and those on ships can now be supplied with these appetising links with the Old Country.

Phone James Neils' Scotch Bakery
WEST 970

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HAT FIRST

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C. E. R. Administration

Notification

The public is hereby notified that effective June 1st, 1924, the passenger trains will run according to the following schedule:

Manchuria—Pogranichnaya

STATIONS		Train No. 4	Train No. 6/4	STATIONS		Train No. 3	Train No. 3/5
Manchuria	Dep.	13.00	——	Vladivostok	Dep.	——	7.36
Jalantun	Dep.	1.22	——	Pogranichnaya	Arr.	——	17.23
Tsitsikar	Dep.	4.46	——	Pogranichnaya	Dep.	——	19.30
Harbin	Arr.	10.30	——	Harbin	Arr.	——	17.00
Harbin	Dep.	——	20.10	Harbin	Dep.	18.00	——
Pogranichnaya	Arr.	——	19.20	Tsitsikar	Dep.	0.18	——
Pogranichnaya	Dep.	——	21.02	Jalantun	Dep.	4.10	——
Vladivostok	Arr.	——	7.22	Manchuria	Arr.	17.05	——

1.—Nos. 3 and 4, between Manchuria and Harbin, and Nos. 5 and 6, between Harbin and Pogranichnaya, are operated every day. No. 6, leaving Harbin on Tuesdays and Fridays, will run through to Vladivostok eliminating transfer at Pogranichnaya. No. 3, leaving Vladivostok on Mondays and Fridays, will run through to Harbin also eliminating transfer at Pogranichnaya.

2.—Passengers, who wish to catch at Manchuria the connected Fast Train of the Chita Railway, which train is also connected at Chita with the Moscow East Train, should leave Harbin by Train No. 3 at 6.00 p.m. on THURSDAYS.

3.—Nos. 3 and 4, between Manchuria and Harbin, and Nos. 5 and 6, between Harbin and Pogranichnaya, are made up of the following cars:

Dining Car, 1st, 2nd and 3rd Cl. Sleeping and Non-sleeping Cars and in addition to this Nos. 5 and 6, between Harbin and Pogranichnaya, carry 4th Cl. Cars. All the cars are electrically lighted.

Harbin—Changchun

STATIONS		Mail Train No. 3 Ch.	Ord. Train No. 5 Ch.	Ord. Train No. 21 Ch.	STATIONS		Mail Train No. 4 Ch.	Ord. Train No. 6 Ch.	Ord. Train No. 22 Ch.
Harbin	D.	9.00	15.20	20.30	Changchun	D.	12.30	8.35	23.00
Changchun	A.	16.00	21.05	6.00	Harbin	A.	19.30	14.15	8.05

All the above mentioned trains are daily operated between Harbin and Changchun and are made up of the following cars:

a/ Nos. 3 Ch. and 4 Ch.:—Dining Car, 1st, 2nd and 3rd Cl. Sleeping and Non-sleeping Cars.

b/ Nos. 5 Ch. and 6 Ch.:—Dining Car, 1st, 2nd and 3rd Cl. Sleeping Cars and one 3rd Cl. Day Coach.

c/ Nos. 21 Ch. and 22 Ch.:—1st, 2nd and 3rd Cl. Sleeping Cars and 2nd, 3rd and 4th Cl. Day Coaches.

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Special Notices Continued on Page 11

SPECIAL DAILY FEATURE

FINANCIAL AND TRADE ARTICLE

INDIA TRADE SHOWS BIG EXPANSION FOR 1922-23

Government Figures Detail Remarkable Increase

COTTON EXPORTS

497,000 Bales Of Raw Product To China

A remarkable increase in the trade between China and Japan and India is shown in the review of Indian trade for 1922-23, recently issued by the Indian Government. The exports of Indian cotton for spinning mills in Shanghai showed a market increase. China and Hongkong took 497,000 bales in 1922-23, as compared with 435,000 in 1921-22, 192,000 in 1920-21, and a pre-war average of 55,000 bales.

With the increase of raw cotton from India to China, there has been a corresponding decrease in cotton yarn. For some time, China and Hongkong have been the principal markets for Indian cotton yarn, but last year there was a noticeable, and, for India, a disturbing decrease. The decline is illustrated by the following figures (thousands of pounds):—Pre-war average, 169,000; 1920-21, 63,426; 1922-23, 41,060.

FIGURES GIVEN

One set of figures in the Indian report shows the total values of imports and exports in lakhs of rupees, as follows:

	Imports into India	
	1913-14	1922-23
Hongkong	98	1,45
China	1,71	2,87
Japan	4,78	14,42
	Exports from India	
	1913-14	1922-23
Hongkong	7,82	6,85
China	5,71	13,70
Japan	22,69	40,77

The above figures represent the following percentages of India's total import and export trade in the years named:

	Imports		Exports	
Hongkong	.5	.6	3.1	2.2
China	.9	1.2	2.3	4.4
Japan	2.6	6.2	9.1	13.0

These percentages are small, yet Japan's are larger than any other country, except, of course, the United Kingdom, which did 60.2 percent of the import, and 22.4 percent of the export trade. About 56 percent of Japan's exports to India in the year under review were made up of cotton manufactures, including twist and yarn. In this connection, the following figures, showing in thousands of yards, grey, white and colored cotton goods exported by Japan to India, are of interest:

	1913-14	1920-21
Grey	7,108	150,428
White	58	3,820
Colored	1,735	16,075
	1921-22	1922-23
Grey	83,490	90,037
White	1,861	2,375
Colored	4,924	15,366

The following table shows the percentage share of the United Kingdom and Japan in imports of cotton piece goods:

	U.K.	Japan	U.K.	Japan
	1913-14		1922-23	
Grey	98.8	.5	89.5	9.6
White	98.5	—	98.2	.6
Colored	92.6	.2	86.9	6.3

GREY PIECE GOODS

It will be seen that grey piece goods are the most important item in which Japan retains the greater share of Indian trade which she gained during the war, and of this item, grey sheetings and long-cloth and shirtings are the biggest lines.

Of the other lines in which Japan is interested, the most important is composed of silk manufacturers, her export of which was valued at Rs. 1,32 lakhs.

China's export of silk manufactures was valued at Rs. 87½ lakhs, these figures including Hongkong's. Of the raw silk imported to India, 93 percent went from China and Hongkong. In this connection, it is interesting to note that 583,632 lbs. of raw silk were imported to India by overland routes from China, Siam and the Shan States, the value of the trade being Rs. 77 lakhs.

Other important items of Japan's trade with India are hardware, in which her percentage share was 6, as against America's 15, Germany's 22 and the United Kingdom's 50; coal, of which she sent to India 38,000 tons, against 254,000 tons sent by Natal and 497,000 tons sent by the United Kingdom; and cement, of which she exported 4,238 tons.

Of India's exports, the most important from a Far Eastern standpoint was cotton, of which Japan took 1,621,000 bales, or 48 percent of the total quantity, as compared with 59 percent in 1921-22. In this connection, the Indian Government report says:

TEMPORARY REDUCTION

"The reduction of about 20 percent in spindles resulting from the disaster in the autumn of 1923 may temporarily reduce her cotton consumption, but that will be quite temporary and it may be much less than at first anticipated, as most of her spinning mills were not working full time and those which remained effective can absorb a fair quantity of the anticipated decrease merely by an extension of working hours.

"It is anticipated that a certain number of the mills destroyed in Japan may be re-established in the neighborhood of Shanghai in order to benefit by the Chinese tariff. So that the future may show a still larger increase in Chinese cotton imports, accompanied possibly by a decrease, or at any rate a cessation of the increases noticed in recent years of cotton imports into Japan."

CHINESE GOVERNMENT BONDS

(Supplied by Sing Tung & Co.)

	Saturday.	Yesterday.
3rd Year 6%	95.00	95.00
5th Year 6%	75.80	76.50
7th Year 6%	69.50	69.50
9th Year 6%	86.90	86.90
6% Consolidated	76.30	76.70
7% Consolidated	78.40	78.40
11th Year 8%	99.00	99.00
96 Millions 8%	32.75	32.00

Commercial News

Big American Fortunes Tend To Remain Intact, States New York Writer

Study Of Large Accumulations Of Wealth Shows They Are Not Often Reduced Through Inheritance

In the day of Croesus the disposition of such vast fortunes as his was a simple matter. If the King died a King, the next in succession inherited his wealth. In the case of Croesus the matter was disposed of by Cyrus, who defeated and dethroned the Lydian monarch. But a more intricate question is raised by Secretary Mellon's recent testimony before a Senate committee that great America fortunes tend to split into smaller units through inheritance. Do they? asks Mr. Silas Bent in the New York Times.

Mr. Mellon made the point that in this country great wealth does not go to the eldest son, as in England, and that its division among numerous heirs removed any menace such power and affluence might be supposed to have for society. But as a class the very rich are not prolific. Heirs are seldom numerous. The tendency is to swell large legacies rather than to permit a falling off. An examination shows that American fortunes big enough to be widely known do not break up as they pass from generation to generation, although the principal is at work in some of the smaller aggregations of wealth.

The Davis-Elkins fortune, for instance—and this is the best known I have been able to find—is being split into smaller units. Henry G. Davis, who died in 1916, left $20,000,000 to three children: Mrs. Hallie D. Elkins, widow of the late Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia; Mrs. Arthur Lee and John Davis. The fortune is in West Virginia coal and timber, and its actual value is problematical. But Senator Elkins, whose estate was estimated at $5,000,000, left a widow and seven children. One of these is Senator Davis Elkins, who was appointed at his father's death to fill out the unexpired term and was re-elected to the post while serving in France. The numerous grandchildren who will inherit the Davis-Elkins wealth afford a fair example of what Secretary Mellon has in mind.

SOME SPLITTING UP OF FORTUNES

Another estate which, although it is much larger, is not so well known, perhaps because the family does not embrace men in public life, is that of John S. Kennedy. He died in 1909, and left $67,000,000, principally in banking properties. He had no children, but left $17,000,000 to his widow, $15,000,000 to nieces, nephews and friends, and $35,000,000 to educational and charitable institutions. Public benefactions helped split this fortune.

Harris Fahnestock, who died in 1914, left an estate of $18,000,000 to six children: Gibson, Harris, Clarence, William and Ernest, and Mrs. Helen F. Campbell. The largest holdings were in railroad shares, which are not at a premium nowadays. Each of the children received approximately three millions, and the estate will be further subdivided among their heirs.

The shirt-sleeves-to-shirt-sleeves tradition, although in its day it may have been true, is now a myth. The fortunes which have been cited as examples of the Mellon principle have still not been broken up to the shirt-sleeve point. Most of us know of instances in which estates of a few hundred thousand dollars have been dissipated within three generations, but such fortunes are not the target of the House amendment against which the Secretary was testifying.

On the contrary, the six sons of Meyer Guggenheim have greatly multiplied the talents he bequeathed them (or gave them before he died) until they control half the world's copper supply. The father died in 1905, and his estate was estimated at $50,000,000. In addition to the sons there were daughters. This would appear to be an excellent example of what Mr. Mellon was talking about, but the Guggenheim fortune today is estimated at half a billion, which would allow, on an average, more for each of the heirs than the father left to all of them. In a similar way the sons of the Chicago packers have built up the fortunes entrusted to them.

Mr. Mellon himself is one the richest men in the United States, but men usually speak of the Mellon fortune as a family affair. They talk of "the Mellons" rather than of Andrew W. Mellon. The fortune is invested in oil properties, banks, aluminum plants and railroad securities. It is an increasing fortune. Let us see how some others of these American properties, which Mr. Mellon supposes to be dissipated, come out.

Alexis I. du Pont died in 1921, and left a fortune estimated at thirty millions. Today the du Pont heirs are worth half a billion. Alexis du Pont was one of the fourth generation of a family which has been making gunpowder and other munitions for a century. Here we have the fourth generation, not in shirt-sleeves, but in hotels and scores of other activities. The du Ponts do not merely make rifles and TNT. They have so many peace-time activities that to set them down here would fill all the space allotted to this article. There are two score members of the fourth and fifth generation of du Ponts now alive, but if you divide that half billion dollars between them you will see that any one of them is worth more money than Alexia, who was the richest of the family at the time of his death.

T. Coleman du Pont goes in mostly nowadays for hotels. Pierre du Pont, his brother, is at the head of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Company, which manufactures all sorts of peaceful commodities. The brothers control the Equitable Life Assurance Society and the Equitable Building at 120 Broadway. T. Coleman is a director of the Empire Trust Company, the Bankers Trust, the Morris Plan Bank and many other industrial and financial corporations. Both of these men are at least three times as rich as Alexis.

Let us consider the Harkness fortune. This is one of the Standard Oil beneficiaries. Steven V. Harkness, who was one of John D. Rockefeller's right-hand men, left a fortune of less than fifty millions to Charles W., Lamon V., William L. and Edward S. Harkness. Of these Edward S. Harkness is the only brother living. The aggregate wealth of the family is more than four hundred millions.

Lamon V. Harkness died in 1915, leaving an estate of more than one hundred millions. Charles W. Harkness died in 1916 and left an estate estimated at $170,000,000. William L. Harkness died in 1919 and left an estate greater than his father's.

All the Standard Oil fortunes have increased enormously. Charles Pratt, for instance, died in 1891 leaving an estate appraised at $10,000,000. The Pratt family today is worth about $300,000,000. There were five sons, not all of whom are now living. Charles M. Pratt is a director of the American Express Company and of many banks, railroads and insurance companies. John T. Pratt is a director in transportation and industrial corporations. So it goes through the list. Each of the sons inherited one-eighth of his father's estate, and each of them is richer, or his family is richer, than the father.

INCREASING INSTEAD OF DECREASING FORTUNES

The Payne, Flagler, Rogers, Archbold, Tilford, Frasch and other Standard Oil fortunes show the same results as the Pratt estate. They have not grown smaller by division among the heirs, but have vastly increased.

Let us look at another realm of American riches. The Astors are a land-holding family. John Astor was a son of William Waldorf Astor, who died in 1919, leaving an estate estimated at $200,000,000. The other son was named Waldorf. Two months before William Waldorf Astor died he created a trust on behalf of his sons. Prior to that he had transferred to them most of his New York real estate. He had become a British subject in 1899. The Astor realty holdings in New York City alone were estimated for taxation purposes at $50,000,000, although they were worth twice as much. Vincent Astor, who is the best-known living American member of the family, is worth probably as much as his grandfather, and is a landlord pure and simple. He is, to be sure, a director in the Western Union Telegraph Company, the Niagara Falls Power Company, the United States Trust Company and the National Park Bank; but his chief interest is centred in his Manhattan real estate holdings. He is supposed to be worth more money than any preceding Astor.

The Vanderbilts are another notoriously rich American family. William K. Vanderbilt died in 1920 and left an estate estimated at $100,000,000. The heirs were William K. Jr., Harold and Consuelo, the Duchess of Marlborough. William K. was one of four sons of Commodore William H. Vanderbilt, who died in 1899, and left an estate estimated at $200,000,000. William H. Vanderbilt, a son of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, is now working as a bank clerk in Boston, and for the time being may be said to have returned to the shirt sleeves which the old Commodore started out with; and inasmuch as he is heir to only $20,000,000, he may be regarded as an illustration of Secretary Mellon's statement about the division of American fortunes.

Henry H. Klein, former First Deputy Commissioner of Accounts in New York, who is now practicing law at 261 Broadwal, is the author of "Dynastic America," and probably knows more about great American fortunes than any other man. I asked him about Secretary Mellon's statement and met an immediate denial that present-day fortunes in this country could be dissipated or broken up within a few generations.

"At the middle period of the growth of this country," he told me, "it may have been possible to break up such fortunes as we had. It is no longer possible.

"Let us consider the Rockefeller fortune alone. John D. Rockefeller Sr. has created three trusts: the Rockefeller Foundation, with a fund of about $200,000,000; the General Education Board, with a fund of $120,000,000, and the Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial, with $64,000,000. He has already given nearly $2,000,000,000 of his wealth to his children. I estimate the fortune of the elder Rockefeller at $2,500,000,000. I do not suppose that he has today more than $500,000,000. John D. Rockefeller Jr., with an income in the neighborhood of $40,000,000, is the richest man in the world. His father has transferred

(Continued on Page 15)

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Closing Quotations

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. & S. Banks	H.$1,135 B.
Chartered	£19⅝
Russio-Asiatic	Nom
Marine Insurance	
Canton	H.$680 S.
North China	Tls. 138
Union of Canton	H.$221 B.
Yangtsze	H.$28 B.
Far Eastern Ins.	— 22
Fire Insurance	
China Fire	H.$136 B.
Hongkong Fire	H.$560 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	H.$115
Indo-China Perf.	H.$37½ B.
"Shell"	87/6
S'hai Tug ord.	Tls. 86½ Sa.
S'hai Tug Pref.	Tls. 51¼
H.C.&M.S.B.Co.Ltd	H.$35 S.
Star Ferry	H.$79 xd B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 21¼
Oriental Cons.	13/-
Raub	H.$5-
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	H.$145 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls 91 B.
New, Eng. Works	Tls 6 B.
" Pref.	Tls. 4.95
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 191 B.
Hongkong Wharf	H.$170 B.
Lands and Hotels	
China Realty ord.	Tls. 50
China Realty Pref	Tls. 50
A.-French Land	Tls. 115½
Shanghai Land	Tls. 118
Hongkong Lands	H.$108½S.
Humphreys Estate	Tls. 22½
Carlton Ltd.	Tls. 53
H. & S. Hotel	NewH.$13S. OldH.$19 S
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (pref.)	Tls. 11¼ B.
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 107 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 6 B.
Oriental	Tls 3¾ B.
Shanghai Cotton	Old 61 New 30 B.
Industrials	
Bulter Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	H.$230 B.
Green Island	NewH.$6 Sa. OldH.$22 Sa.
Langkats (Comb.)	Tls. 23½
Langkats (Single)	Tls. 5 B.
Loans	Tls. 6
Explorations	Tls. 8 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 105
Stores	
Hall and Holts	$5½ B.
Llewelyn	Tls. 35
Lane Crawford	Tls. 98 B.
Moutrie	$55 B.
Watson	H.$27 B.
Weeks	$11
Rubbers (local)	
Alma	Tls 4¼ S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.25
Anglo-Java	Tls. 4.10 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 1.60 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.50 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.75
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.75
Chempedak	Tls. 4⅛
Cheng	Tls. 1
Consolidated	Tls. 2.12½
Dominion	Tls. 1¾
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 7 B
Java Consolidated	Tls. 8½ B.
Kali Glideks	Tls. 5 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 9.40
Karan	Tls. 2½ B.
Kedah	Tls. 0.55 B.
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 0.40 B.
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Padang	Tls. 5½
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Samagagas	Tls. 0.60
Seekoes	Tls. 0.75
Semambu	Tls. 0.85
Senawang	Tls. 0.70
S'hai Klebang	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 3
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 9
Shanghai Panang	Tls. 0.75
Sungala	Tls. 0.80
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 2.65
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.65
Taiping	Tls. 0.50
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.45 B.
Tebong	Tls. 1
Zlangbos	Tls. 2 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E Lumber	Tls. 325
Culty Dairy	Tls. 11½ Sa.
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 18¼
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 40
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 50 B.
S'hai Mercury	Tls. 20 B.
S'hai Telephones	Tls. 74½
S'hai Waterwork.	Tls. 150 B. Old H. $14
China Providents	NewH.$4¼ B.
H'kong Electrics	H.$34¾ B.
H'kong Tramways	H.$36 S.
Dairy Farm	H.$25¼ B. OldH.$23
Hongkong Ropes	NewH.$8
China Lights	OldH.$14½ NewH.$9B.

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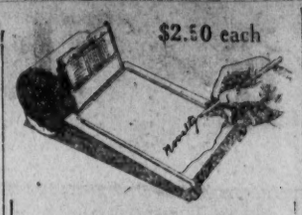

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Cebu	Manila	Tavoy
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Hamburg	Peking	
Hankow	Penang	

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travellers' Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking business undertaken.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

行銀業實江浙
The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1903
(Member of the Shanghai Bankers' Association)
Capital $2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund .....$ 500,000.00
Head Office: 14 Hankow Road. Shanghai.
Branches: Hankow and Hangchow
Domestic Agencies:
In the principal cities throughout China.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco Hamburg, Berlin, Tokio, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul Fusan and Hongkong.
Banking Department, Foreign Department and Savings Department.
LI MING,
General Manager
Tel. C. 7130, Manager's Office,
C. 7121 to 7124, General Office
Cable Address:
"CHINDUBANK," Shanghai.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger S. A.

(Affiliated to the Societe General de Belgique,)

	Frs.
Capital (subscribed	100,000,000
Capital (paid up)	75,000,000
Reserves	24,000,000

Head office: Brussels
Branches and Agencies at:
LONDON, PARIS, NEW YORK BUCHAREST, BRAILA, COLOGNE CAIRO, CONSTANTINOPLE ALEXANDRIA, PEKING SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW.
Allied Banks:
BANCO DE CARTAGENA, MADRID, with Branches in SPAIN and MOROCCO
WIENER BANK-VEREIN, VIENNA, with Branches in AUSTRIA HUNGARIA, ITALY (TYROL), YUGOSLAVIA POLAND and RUMANIA
ALLGEMEINER BOEHMISCHER BANK-VEREIN, PRAGUE, with Branches in CZECHO-SLOVAKIA
BANQUE FRANCO-BELGE DE BULGARIE S. A., SOFIA.
LANDESBANK FUER BOSNIEN-UND HERCEGOVINA, SERAJEVO, with Branches in YUGOSLAVIA.
Correspondents in all parts of the world.
Every description of banking business transacted.
L. STRAETMANS, Manager

Bank of Communications

(Specially authorised and made a National Bank by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1911 and October 31st, 1914).
Capital: Dollars 20,000,000.00
President: Hon. Mr. Chang Chien.
Vice-President: Mr. Chien Yung-Ming.
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Credit granted on approved securities. Special Facilities for Transfers to all parts of China.
SHANGHAI BRANCH:
14 The Bund
Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
T. D. Woo, Sub-Manager.
[illegible] Sub-Manager.
S. Y. Chun, Sub-Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Authorised Capital $50,000,000
Issued & fully paid-up..$20,000,000

Reserve Fund—
Sterling .....£ 4,500,000
Silver $25,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors $20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.
Court of Directors:
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.
H. P. White, Esq.
B. D. F. Beith, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
Deputy Chairman.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
J. P. Warren, Esq.
N. L. Watson, Esq.
G. M. Young, Esq.
CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong:
Hon. Mr. A. G. STEPHEN.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	Penang
Bangkok	Hoilo	Rangoon
Batavia	Ipoh	Saigon
Bombay	Johore	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Kobe	Shanghai
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Singapore
Chefoo	London	Sungei-Patani
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Dairen	Malacca	Tientsin
Foochow	Manila	Taingtao
Haiphong	Nagasaki	V'dvostock
Hamburg	New York	Yokohama
Hankow	Peking	

London Bankers:
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.
H. H. STITT,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Bordreau
London Office:
65 Old Broad Street, M. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: Irving Bank—Columbia Trust Company.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

Chanchun	Harbin	Shanghai
Chefoo	Hongkong	Peking
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
Hailar	Kashgar	Yokohama
Hankow	Newchwang	Urumtchi

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES
L. Jezierski,
P. Petithuguenin.
Ch. Bleuler.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1920

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital $19,760,100.00
Reserve Fund $ 6,033,345.41

Head Office: Peking
Branches and Agencies:

Tientsin	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Peking	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

etc., etc., etc.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Berlin, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
22 The Bund
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.
SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Commercial News

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1.00 will be received.
Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.
Interest at the rate of 3½ % per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.
The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.
Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.
Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money, OFFICE HOURS, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday 10 a.m. to noon.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Authorized Capital ..$10,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital .....$ 7,500,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
EXECUTIVE OFFICE:
SHANGHAI
BRANCHES:

PEKING	SHANGHAI
HANKOW	HARBIN
TSINAN	SHIHKIACHWANG
TIENTSIN	

Correspondents throughout the World including the Interior of China.
SHANGHAI OFFICE:
11A Nanking Road.
C. 8641-2-3-4.
Telegraphic Address:
"Sinambank" Shanghai
Codes Used:
Bentley's Complete Phrase
Western Union Code
Whitelaw's 401 Millions Code

Transacting a General Banking Business, Issuing Drafts and Making Telegraphic Transfers, Buying and Selling Foreign Exchange. Issuing Commercial and Circular Letters of Credit, Allowing Interest on Fixed Deposits, Current Accounts and Savings Accounts.

YOUR BANKING BUSINESS SOLICITED.

Sino-Italian Bank

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars. 4,800.000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire 16,000,000
Paid up Capital .. Silver $1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire 4,000,000
Reserves ..... Silver $150,000
Head Office: Shanghai,
Branches:
Shanghai and Tientsin.
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belge,
Switzerland: Banca Uniono di Credito.
Banque Commerciale de la Bale, Leu and Co.'s Bank.
Belgium—Credit General Liegeois
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U. S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies, Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: Sinit
SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Road.
Tel. C. Nos. 5090 and 5091
Managers' Office Central 5094.
C. MARMONT,
General Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office; Shanghai

Subscribed Capital 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 percent per annum on daily balance, On fixed deposits:—
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.
H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

Big American Fortunes Tend To Remain Intact, States New York Writer

(Continued from Page 14)

to him the greater part of his wealth.

ADVOCATES $20,000,000 AS LIMIT

"The law in this State and in most other States contemplates that a trust is valid during the lifetime of two living persons, one of whom may be an infant, and of another person yet unborn. Rich men customarily create trusts for their heirs, and it is easy to see that such a trust may be maintained through a century. The Rockefeller foundations were created under a New York State charter after two unsuccessful attempts at Federal incorporation. They account for a substantial part of the Rockefeller fortune, and as they are tax-exempt they are spending only about as much as they save from taxes. The rest of the Rockefeller fortune has been passed along to the heirs, who in turn will pass it along while living to their heirs. Under the law a transfer of this kind if made at least two years before death is regarded as a gift and not a legacy, because the courts hold that it was not made in anticipation of death.

"It is apparent that such a bill as is now pending in Congress will not serve to break up great American fortunes. It is my belief that the Government should expropriate all fortunes above an arbitrary figure, say twenty millions."

Mr. Klein believes that twenty millions is the limit of legitimate capital aggregation during a lifetime. This takes no account of such fortunes as Henry Ford's. During the last twenty years Mr. Ford has made a billion dollars, and no one has ever asserted that he did not do it legitimately. He puts his money back into productive enterprises and constantly puts more men to work.

A large part of the Ford fortune has already been transferred to his son Edsel. Even if the son were the worst of spendthrifts he couldn't dissipate it. The truth seems to be that such conglomerations of wealth as we have in this country are not broken up by natural processes.

USED TO BE TRUTH IN IT

What Mr. Mellon's testimony brought to the minds of many was the old aphorism: "From shirtsleeves to shirtsleeves in three generations." That was a saying we used to hear in our childhood, and it was based on the theory that the grandchildren of the very rich either spent what was left of inherited fortunes or themsselves had to go to work and build anew. In the day when $100,000 was a fortune and a million was regarded as well-nigh fabulous, there was a deal of truth in the saying. A few wastrels can get rid of a million in short order, what with yachts and racing stables and chorus girls and divorces. And, to accept Mr. Mellon's kindlier theory, a few children can so divide a fortune of a million that it becomes almost negligible.

But in 1916 there were 206 incomes in the United States of more than a million, and, although the tax returns for 1921 brought the number of these excessively rich persons down to 21, the falling off was attributed to investment in tax-exempt securities and to a business slump rather than to actual falling off in invested wealth. There was a bill before Congress to impose inheritance taxes ranging from 25 to 40 percent on fortunes of more than ten millions, and Secretary Mellon told the Senate Finance Committee he thought such a measure would be "suicidal." The States alone should exercise that power, he said, and then he advanced his theory that, since it is the custom in this country to split fortunes equally among children rather than leave the bulk of it to the eldest child, there could be no menace here in great wealth.

"Since England became a nation," he said, "land there has represented wealth. I do not mean simply unproductive residences, but land with its accompanying tenant population.

"Under the high death duties, ownership in land has ceased to have value and large estates can now be purchased for less than the cost of the improvements. In other words, the land itself is rendered valueless by the death duties and no longer produces revenue.

"It should always be borne in mind that estate taxes are levied upon capital, that they are used for current operating expenses and that they amount, therefore, to a destruction of the capital of the country. Carried to an excess, they differ in no way from the methods of the revolutionists in Russia. Yet the House amendment would make this inherently unsound increase in taxes for the sake of a mere $12,000,000 of additional revenue. In the course of a few years this additional revenue will disappear and even the original revenue will be depleted. * * * The Federal Government should keep estate taxes as a reserve in times of national stress. All prior inheritance taxes have been war taxes."

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on June 2, 1924.

Butcher's Meat

Beef	per lb.	16-30
Mutton	„	18-30
Pork	„	30-40
Veal	„	24-36

Fish

Bream	per lb.	25-30
Cod	„	15-20
Mandarin	„	35-45
Mackerel	„	25-30
Pomfret	„	18-20
Salmon	„	none
Samli	„	40-45
Soles	„	25-30
Whitebait	„	none

Game Poultry and Eggs

Deer	each	none
Eggs	per doz.	20-25
Fowl	per lb.	30-35
Hare	each	none
Partridge	„	none
Pheasant	„	none
Geese	„	90-$1.10
Plover	„	none
Pigeons	„	20-25
Quail	„	30-35
Snipe	„	18-20
Teal	„	20-25
Turkey	per lb.	55-60
Wooodcock	each	50-60
Wild Duck	„	none
Duck	„	80-$1.00
Wild Pigeon	„	none

Fruit

Apricote	per lb.	14-16
Apples	„	30-40
Bananas	„	10-12
Chestnuts	„	none
Cherries	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Coconuts	each	18-20
Grape fruit	each	20-25
Lemons	„	8-10
Oranges	per doz.	$1.00-1.20
Mangoes	each	15-25
Peaches	„	10-12
Melons	„	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	50
Persimmons	per lb.	none
Pears	„	16-20
Peeboes	„	none
Plums	„	13-15
Pumeloes	each	30-40
Pineapples	„	14-16
Strawberries	per lb.	20-25
Walnuts	„	15-18

Vegetables

Artichokes	each	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	12-14
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Broad Beans	per lb.	3-4
Cabbages	each	5-10
Celery	per bunch	4-6
Carrots	„	4-5
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Egg Plant	per lb.	10-12
French Beans	„	8-10
Green Corn	„	none
Peas	„	8-10
Mushrooms	„	80-$1.00
Leeks	per bunch	4-5
Parsnips	„	6-8
Potatoes	per picul	$2.50-$3.00
Onions	per lb.	3-4
Spinach	„	4-5
Tomatoes	„	18-20
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Turnips	per bunch	2-3

Grain and Flour

Flour American	50 lbs.	$4.00
Flour Shanghai	„	$2.65
Bran	per 114 lbs.	$3.00
Barley	„	$4.00
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$11.80

Milk

Chinese dairies per bottle	$0.30
Foreign dairies „	$0.25

Fuel

Fire Wood	per 40 bundles	$1.00
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	18.70
House Coal	„	15.70

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society)
Established 1824

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 13,769,181 (about £1,647,432).
Special Reserve: Guilders 22,660,000 (about £1,888,333).

Head Office: AMSTERDAM
Head Agency BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Pekalongen
Bandoeng	Palembang
Bombay	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheriben	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerakarta
Kobe	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Tegal
Makassar	Tjilatjap
Medan	Welteyreden
Padang	

London Bankers
National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.
The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.
Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.
M. J. HERBSCHLEB,
Manager.

行銀亞東
The Bank of East Asia Ltd.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
No. 1C Kiukiang Road

Authorised Capital $10,000,000.00
Paid up Capital $ 5,000,000.00
Reserved Fund $ 750,000.00
HEAD OFFICE: Hongkong.
BRANCHES: Canton, Saigon,
LONDON BANKERS: The Midland Bank Limited.
Correspondents in all principal cities of the world. All kinds of banking business transacted.
Interest allowed on current deposits and fixed deposits.
Loans granted on approved securities.
R. CHENG.
Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Subscribed Capital .. 72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1-6-20) 69,500,000.00
HEAD OFFICE:
No. 96 Boulevard Hanoomann Paris.

Branches and Agencies:

Saigon	Hanoi	Touarne
Haiphong	Hankow	Tientsin
Peking	Canton	Mentze
Hongkong	Ponichery	Bangkok
Singapore	Shanghai	Noumea
Papeete	Djibouti	Yunnanfu
Pnom-Penk	Battambang	

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd. Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.
L. ARDAYN,
Manager.

行銀業工
The Industrial & Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Head Office: Hongkong. Branch Office: Hankow.
Shanghai Branch
51 KIANSE ROAD
Every description of banking transacted, Correspondents in China and abroad,
Telegraphic Address: "KONGSHAN."
Managers' Office Tel. C. 3204
Exchange Dept. Tel. C. 5816
Loan & Inc. Dept. Tel. C. 5876 Mr. CHU KINHOW, Manager,
Cash Dept. Tel. C. 6352 Shanghai Branch.

International Banking Corporation

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS U. S. $10,000,000.00
Owned by the National City Bank of New York
HEAD OFFICE: 60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
LONDON OFFICE: 36 BISHOPSGATE, E. C.
BRANCHES

Barcelona	Cebu	Rangoon	Hankow	Singapore
Batavia	Colon	San Francisco	Harbin	Soerabaya
Bombay	Manila	Santo Domingo	Hongkong	Tientsin
Calcutta	Panama	Shanghai	Kobe	Tokio
Canton	Peking	Dairen	Madrid	Yokohama

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts and Savings Bank accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.
We are also able to offer our Customers the service of the Branches of the National City Bank of New York in the principal countries of Europe, South America and in the West Indies.
1A Kiukiang Road, Shanghai. N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.

Chung Foo Union Bank

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$1,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 290,000.00

SHANGHAI BRANCH
27 Jinkee Road
Telegraphic Address "CHUNGFOO"
Telephone Numbers .. C. 1929 Manager's Office, C. 6468) C. 6469) General Office. C. 6470) C. 5620 T. T. Department.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CHINA

TIENTSIN	Changsha	Hsuchow	Shasi
SHANGHAI	Chengteh	Ichang	Soochow
PEKING	Chengchow	Kiukiang	Tainkiangpu
HANKOW	Chinkiang	Nanking	Wusieh
ANTUNG	Fengtien	Ningpo	Wuhu
CANTON	Hangchow	Pengpu	Yangchow
CHANGCHUN	Hongkong	Shaoshing	

FOREIGN AGENCIES AND CORRESPONDENTS

Baltimore	Cincinnati	Montreal	San Francisco
Berlin	Cleveland	New York	Seattle
Boston	Detroit	Osaka	St. Louis
Buffalo	Kobe	Philadelphia	Tokio
Cubu	London	Pittsburgh	Washington
Chicago	Manila	Paris	Yokohama

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars, and other currencies according to arrangement. Savings Deposits taken. All kinds of Trust Business undertaken.
Safe Deposit Boxes.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Y. B. Sun, Manger,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Equitable Eastern Banking Corporation

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS U.S. $2,850,000

— Negotiates drafts against all Travelers Letters of Credit
— Negotiates Travelers Checks in all currencies.
— Effects Telegraphic Transfers of funds.
— Issues Travelers Letters of Credit and Travelers Checks available in all parts of the world.
— Issues drafts on all the principal cities throughout the world.
— Opens Commercial Credits.
— Purchases bills against Documentary Credits.
— Opens Current and Time Accounts in local and foreign currencies.

Equitable Eastern Banking Corporation

Correspondent of The Equitable Trust Co. of New York
6 Kiukiang Road
Central 7944. Corner Szechuen Road
A. E. SCHUMACHER, *Manager.*

See China Comfortably

BY BOOKING your railway tickets from us in order to avoid RUSH at railway station. Steamer tickets can be also booked.

BY PROVIDING yourselves with our TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES in CHINESE CURRENCY payable at par at all important cities in China.

For information please apply to

The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.
TRAVEL DEPARTMENT
97 Szechuen Road. Shanghai. Phone Central 3050

行銀業實江浙
The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP $2,500,000.00
RESERVE FUND $990,000.00
Head Office—Shanghai: Peking and Kiangse Roads.
BRANCHES: Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden, Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Paris, Berlin, Zurich, Hamburg, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.
Domestic Correspondents at all principal cities in China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Pounds Sterling, Gold Dollars, and Yen.
Interest allowed on Deposit at call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
SAVING ACCOUNTS business transacted.
Every description of banking—4% per annum.
MODERN SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

The Bank of Canton, Ltd.

Capital Authorised £1,200,000-0-0
Capital Paid-up £1,078,530-0-0
Reserve Fund ..... H.K. $700,000.00
HEAD OFFICE BRANCHES
Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong Shanghai, New York, Canton, Hankow And Bangkok
SHANGHAI BRANCH No. 1 and 2 Ningpo Road
Every description of banking and Exchange business transacted
Telephone
Manager's Office: C-1776
Banking Dept: C-1778 W. P. Cheung, Manager.
Exchange Dept: C-1617 Shanghai Branch.

THE CHINA PRESS

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

CHINA PRESS, Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Overcast weather with rain and thunder in the valley. Cyclonic circulation to the North of the Gulf of Petcheli and in the Gulf of Tongking. Light winds and local calms along the southern coast. A low area to the East of the Philippines.

OBITUARY

GIUDICE:—At the Hotel de France, Shanghai on 8th June, 1924, Filippe Lo Giudice, aged 51 years. The funeral (Masonic) will take place at the Bubbling Well Cemetary today Tuesday, at 5.30 p.m. the services will be conducted by the Yangtze Lodge of Perfection No. 3, All M. M's, and friends are invited to attend. 68444

BIRTH

POND, Born to Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Pond, on June 8th, 1924, at Dr. Fearn's Sanatorium, a son, James Carlyle, 68434 J 10

La Follette's Third Party Threat

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE has a sufficient number of pledged delegates in the Republican National Convention which assembles in Cleveland, Ohio, today to assure his nomination as the Republican candidate for the Presidency of the United States. Both of his rivals, Senator Johnson of California and Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, have admitted this much, and, on the face of the inevitable, have withdrawn. But that does not mean that the Republican Convention which will be getting into action even before these lines are being read, is going to be a peaceful affair. The real fight in the Convention will be over the platform and over the nomination of a candidate for the Vice-Presidency and the reasons therefor are many and of deep significance.

To those observers of world political tendencies, who have seen Great Britain put a socialist-labor Government in power, who have in recent weeks seen France go socialistic, who have seen Italy and Spain go radical under military dictators, the wonder has been that America has been able to remain conservative in the face of world tendencies in the direction of radicalism. America's answer to the challenge of the radicals will be made at the Republican National Convention this week and before many days have passed the news dispatches will tell the story and they will in all probability deal with the activities of one man, Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, the best loved or the best hated man in American political life today, depending upon the political complexion of the man you talk to.

It is not necessary to travel far to get a political viewpoint on Senator La Follette: Ask any American shipping man on the China coast; ask any banker or financier interested in foreign trade or big business and you will get an opinion regarding Senator Robert M. La Follette and the opinion will quite likely be adverse and it may be forceful to the extent of a liberal supply of expletives. Senator La Follette has been the stormy petrel of American politics for years. Although nominally a Republican, he has always been beyond the control of any organisation and he has cared not for precedent. He has been the leader in the fight against monopolies and big business. He opposed America's entrance into the war, opposed the lending of money or the sending of supplies of American troops to Europe and nearly lost his seat in the Senate because of his attitude when America did get into the war.

It was freely predicted in America at that time La Follette was finished, but he came back stronger than ever and his State returned him to the Senate with a bigger majority than ever. In the present session of Congress, as the leader of the so-called "Farmer-Labor Bloc," he has been a thorn in the side of the regulars. He introduced the resolution providing for an investigation of the Naval Oil Reserve Leases which has provided the American people with their worst political scandal probably in the history of the Government. He practically upset the plans of President Coolidge and the Administration in respect to the tax-reduction program, and altogether he has messed up things tremendously for the party in power which went into power four years ago with the greatest majority ever known in a national election. Even though the Republicans had a majority in both houses of Congress, La Follette, as the leader of the Farm-Labor Bloc, enlisted largely from the ranks of the Republican regulars, could throw his strength to either party. This naturally made him the deciding factor in legislation and he never hesitated to press his advantage where it would do the most good—for La Follette.

Now we come to the Republican National Convention. President Coolidge by use of the power which any American President has through federal patronage, has been able to manipulate the state conventions and the primaries to obtain the election or appointment of sufficient delegates to assure his nomination. This has been all well and good for the regular and conservative party bosses, but always in the backs of their minds they have carried the image of La Follette and his threat to start a Third Party Movement "unless the Republicans agreed to incorporate the La Follette principles in their platform."

And what are the La Follette Principles?

1.—The nomination of La Follette or a man of his selection.

2.—The destruction of economic and political monopoly in Government and private industry and this includes the following remedies.

3.—Complete housecleaning in all executive departments, especially the departments Justice and the Interior formerly presided over by Daugherty and Fall.

4.—Recovery of the Naval oil reserves wrongfully or fraudulently transferred to private interests.

5.—Public ownership of water and the development of a national super-water-power system under public control.

6.—Fixing of railroad rates on actual investment and service cost.

7.—Public ownership of all railroads.

8.—Reduction of Federal taxes on individual incomes and legitimate business and the curtailment of Government expenditure, especially for the Army and Navy.

9.—Prosecution of war profiteers and action to collect the interest and principle of the G.$11,000,000,000 loaned to Europe during the war.

10.—Amendment of the Constitution providing for the direct election of Federal judges and a provision whereby Congress, by re-enacting a statute, may make it effective over a veto of the Supreme Court.

11.—Drastic reduction of the American Tariff.

12.—Reorganisation of the Federal Reserve Banking System to prevent control by speculators and international financiers.

13.—Further legislation to promote co-operative enterprises on the part of farmers and reduction of freight rates on agricultural products.

14.—Abolition of injunctions in labor disputes and guaranteeing of legal right of farmers and industrial workers to organise.

15.—Approval of the Bonus for veterans of the late war.

16.—A deep waterway from the Great Lakes to the Sea.

17.—Amendment to Constitution providing for direct election of President and to extend the initiative and referendum to the Federal Government.

18.—An active foreign policy to revise the Versailles Treaty.

19.—Increase of inheritance taxes on large estates, taxes on excess profits and complete publicity for all tax returns.

The above La Follette platform is given in detail because of its bearing on the Republican Convention which is now in session and regarding which much will be heard in the next few days. This is what La Follette wants and, according to his threat, a failure to get it will mean his walking out of the Convention and the organisation of a Third Party. Just what the effect of a Third Party Movement in America at this time will mean cannot be foreseen at this distance, but in ordinary circumstances it would mean the cutting down of the normal Republican vote and the election of the Democratic Candidate.

Mongolia And Other Problems

IN the last number of the International Journal (Chinese Section) is a brief editorial by Dr. Gilbert Reid in support of views expressed by Prince Na-yen-tu concerning Outer Mongolia. The main point is that the Central Government should not again make the mistake of Chinese military occupation of Outer Mongolia, to take the place of Russia's Red troops. In the last dynasty Mongol princes and the Manchu Imperial House were closely linked together. In the change made to the Republic, the Mongols found the old bonds of friendship broken asunder, and so declared for independence. This gave the opportunity for the Russian Czarist Government to approach the Mongols, and the present Soviet Government has, in this respect, followed the policy of the Czarist Government. In settling the relations of Soviet Russia and the Chinese Republic towards Mongolia, four things are most important. First, the Soviet troops should retire from Mongolia. Second, Soviet Russia should hereafter refrain from interfering in Mongolian affairs and in carrying on political propaganda. Third, the Chinese Republic should grant autonomy to Mongolia and not try to force an adherence to the democratic form of government as found in the provinces. The Mongols, through the Mongol princes, should rule themselves as they please. Fourth, the Chinese should not use force in dealing with the Mongols, or despatch an army to intimidate the Mongols, but work through Mongol princes for the friendship and confidence of the Mongols. Thus two duties rest with Soviet Russia and two with the Central Government of China.

Mongolia does not present the only problem pressing for a solution now that diplomatic relations between China and Russia have been restored. There is a great deal of speculation in political and diplomatic circles in Peking regarding the probable march of events in a number of directions. The question of the disposal of the Russian Legation, which forms the subject-matter of a letter from our Staff Correspondent in Peking, published in another column today, is one issue. So far, no communication has been forthcoming from Dr. Wellington Koo to the Dean of the Diplomatic body, making a formal request to Soviet Russia. As soon as this comes, a full meeting of the Signatories to the Peace Protocol of 1901 will have to be assembled in the Netherlands Legation and a decision arrived at. It is noted in Peking that legal proceedings have been commenced in London by M. Rakovsky to recover the old Russian Embassy from the hands of the "Whites," the British Government pleading that it has no jurisdiction in the matter. It will be highly interesting to watch in Peking the diplomatic "line-up." Whether unanimity is required or not in the decision of the Diplomatic Body is already a subject of hot debate. Another interesting matter is the probable first Russian substantive appointment. It is believed that M. Karakhan will prefer to return to Europe after the negotiations and the formal Treaties, and that M. Davtian may be the first Minister. This, however, is pure speculation. Some guesswork is also in progress as to whether Russia will apoint an Ambassador. If she does, a very intricate diplomatic problem will arise, as the Russian representative will rank all the others and become *doyen*, thus displacing M. Batalha de Freitas when he returns in twelve weeks' time. This issue, it is said, may have a considerable bearing on the question of the prompt rendition of the Russian Legation.

Another tricky point is the disposal of the Russian Cemetery outside the Anting Men in Peking, as there is a chapel attached to it. Urgent telegrams from members of the old Imperial family have already reached Peking, as several Grand Dukes are buried there as well as the brother-in-law of the King of Yugo-Slavia, and there is anxiety regarding their mortal remains. China will probably receive a formal communication through the agency of the British Foreign Office—as blood ties unite the British Royal Family with some of the buried dead. Finally the question of the Orthodox Mission in Peking and the Western Hills is developing a certain amount of nervousness, as it brings the question of the "Living Church" to Peking. Thus there is a tolerably formidable list of problems that are likely to tax all the resources of the Russo-Chinese representatives. Recognition has come, but the solution of these problems is yet to come.

Honor To Capt. D'Oisy

IT is not Frenchmen alone who will be overwhelmed with joy at the news published in another column today that the gallant Captain D'Oisy has safely negotiated the last lap of his aerial journey half way round the world and that the enterprise which at one time was thought to have ended at Kiangwan owing to the deplorable mishap which there occurred has seen its culmination at the point where it was originally intended—Tokio. Captain D'Oisy, of course, is not the first airman to reach the capital of Japan from Europe. It is interesting to note, in this connection, the successful flight made from Rome to Tokio in 1920 with an "S.V.A." Anisaldo plane with an F.I.A.T. motor of 200 horse power, by Lieutenant Ferrarin. The total of 90 hours' actual flying time was spread over a period of three months due to the lavish entertainments prepared in honor of the Italian, but it is especially noteworthy that he made the trip without accident, and never even changed his motor. He was accompanied by Lieutenant Masiero, who made the trip as far as Canton without incident, but upon leaving the aerodrome, his machine side-slipped and crashed, continuing the flight in another plane from Shanghai, affording another illustration, as in the case of Captain D'Oisy, that the element of luck enters largely in the matter of aerial flights. In the case of the Frenchman, this fact was particularly pronounced, for after effecting spectacular flights on some stages of his journey in record time, his triumphal progress was arrested by a ridiculous Chinese ditch at Kiangwan.

Aerial flight is no longer in the experimental stage. Huskisson was killed by the railway when it was in its swaddling clothes, and the motor car was nearly killed by the pigheadedness that put the early pioneers in the singular position of having to walk before it carrying a red flag—incidentally the authentic signal of revolution. The aeroplane, however, is no longer where the railway and the motor car were during the periods in questions. The aeroplane has almost ceased to be a risk, though the conditions of any given flight may be risky. Flying, in ordinary conditions, has ceased to be an adventure; it is a practical business undertaking, just like delivering bread from a breadbox mounted on a tricycle, as a contemporary aptly puts it. It may here be asked: If aviation has been stripped of the element of adventure, then what is it that makes such flights as that of Captain D'Oisy which has just ended, or the round-the-world flights of the MacLaren and Martin parties, so intensely enthralling? It is the human element, the test of human endurance, coupled with the rapid perfecting and elaboration of the material resources involved. In four years horse power has more than doubled, from 200 h.p. to 450 h.p., and flying radius from 1,000 kilometers to 2,000. Some time within the next four years, say by the year 1926, we shall have machines with a flying radius of 4,100 kilometres and a speed of 300 kilometers an hour, and engined to 800 or 900 h.p. The flight from Peking to Paris, a matter of 12,000 kilometres, will be done in three flights, or, in other words, will take three days.

The present flights are largely, as already indicated, exploratory flights, endeavors to ascertain the feasibility of routes, and this suggests the question whether the presence of Captain D'Oisy in the Far East should not be taken advantage of to try the Tokio-Paris route via Russia, with stops at Irkutsk, Omsk and Moscow. A new plane could easily come out via Siberia. In view, however, of the fact that Soviet Russia still remains unrecognised by the French Government, it has to be regretfully confessed that the prospects of such a dramatic *coup* are extremely remote.

Our Literary Column

EXCERPTS FROM GREAT WRITERS

By Mathy

THE UNWORKED MINE

The Unworked Mine is Yourself.

You have hidden in you unknown treasures.

On the surface you may look barren—nothing but sand and rocks. Others passing by may think you uninteresting. You may think so yourself.

You say:

"I am commonplace. I am good for nothing. I have no character, no force. I can do nothing excellently. I see this genius play the violin, and that one sing, and another build, and another amass money or speak eloquently or write charmingly, but my hands are trifling. I am next to impotence.

"A is beautiful, B is strong, C is learned, and D is famous, but I—I am nothing."

Well, many had gone over the ground and despised it, until one day Stratton dug there and found one of the most amazing gold mines in the world.

Dig!

How do you know what's in you until you dig and see?

In you is Power. It may lie deep. You have never touched its vein. It will stay there unsuspected and useless until you die, if you don't dig for it.

In you is Beauty. Every soul is beautiful—somewhere. Down there within you is loveliness, charm, a wonderful, divine order and symmetery. It is worth searching for. Dig!

In you is Wisdom. There is no real Wisdom outside of you, none that will do you any good. It is within you. You can find it in the long hours of silence when you seek among the caverns of your soul. You can find it, gems of it, like diamonds, lying in the ledges, if you use diligently the shovel of meditation.

In you is goodness. The granite rocks that underlie every soul are Good. Go after what is in you. There are Peace and Contentment and Righteousness and Loyalty and Love. They are all within you. Dig!

And there is God. There is Heaven itself. Did not the Wise One say. "You shall not say, Lo, Here! Nor, Lo, There! for the Kingdom of Heaven is within you?"

How can I come at it? Dig! Seek, and ye shall find.

No books, no teachers, no events can give you what you want, unless you work your own mine.

The answer to the starry sky is the infinite within you.

You will find within you Riches and Force and Passion and Joy.

For these are mixed in the clay of all souls. And He who made man's body out of the dust of the earth mixed strange treasures therein.

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By George McManus

HELLO-MAGGIE-I WUZ JUST OVER TO THE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY-I PICKED OUT A MAID AN' SENT HER OUT TO THE HOUSE-
GOODY-THAT SAVES ME THE TROUBLE OF GOING DOWN TOWN AND PICKING OUT ONE
I'M THE MAID SENT HERE BY MR. JIGGS'
NEVER MIND TAKING OFF YOUR HAT-
HELLO-IS THIS THE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY? HOW LATE ARE YOU OPEN? I WANT TO COME DOWN TO PICK OUT A MAID-
GMCMANUS
4-23

To Bar Women Teachers?

In his presidential address to the National Association of British Schoolmasters, F. C. Greaves condemned the teaching of so many boys by women. In fifty-three boys' schools the head teacher was a woman. In 6469 mixed departments the head teachers were women, there were 9495 boys' classes taught by women; there were 1540 classes of boys of 11 to 15 years taught by women.

Their association claimed that the virile boy had a right to a teacher of his own sex and that the effeminate boy required it no less. They emphasised this point, because the powerful National Union of Teachers—probably the most powerful feminist organisation in the country—had been, and must continue to be, silent on the question.

Its 85,000 women members, backed by influence in high places, had terrorised the Board of Education on feminist policy, though they had frequently been ineffective in educational matters. It was the feminist intention to give the woman teacher a privileged position in the profession, irrespective of the needs of the schools and to this end the union's influence was being used. On the new Burnham Committee that had been set up to consider the salaries to teachers they had secured the exclusion of any representative not pledged to the feminist principle of equal pay.

The claim of the teacher feminist was no longer for "equal rights," but for the "canonisation of the spinster." It was their unfortunate fate, as schoolmasters, to suffer because their profession was at present being used as an experimenting ground for fallacious economic theories.

Touching on the religious question, he said the permanent solution of the question of unsuitable buildings was made more difficult by the present system of dual control. Teachers welcomed any efforts made to find a solution of the problem, but a solution which meant interference with the present conditions under which religious instruction was given in council schools was pregnant with danger. The only real danger of religious instruction being excluded from the schools was from the churches. Once let them introduce into the schools the battle of the particular creeds and the damage would be irreparable.

Other Worlds At Hand

BY GARRETT P. SERVICE

"Is it the planets Jupiter and Mars in the early morning hours, one in the Virgin, the other in Sagittarius that I see —J. P. H."

The planet that you see near Spica, the chief star of Virgo, is Saturn. It lies east of that star, nearly seven degrees. But it is slowly moving westward so as to diminish the apparent distance between them. In July, however, it will reverse its course and slowly increase its distance from Spica.

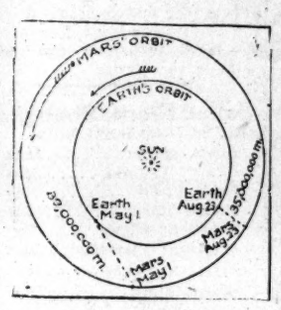
On the 18th-19th of April, Saturn is in Opposition to the sun and accordingly in the best position for observation. You ought to see its rings with a telescope. If you have no telescope of your own, and no entree to an observatory, some "street telescope" man should be able to show you Saturn's rings—a sight that is cheap at the price usually demanded.

The broad, softly glowing rings form a luminous eclipse, crossing the ball of the planet south of its equator, and disappearing behind the ball on the north. It is the north surface of the flat rings that is now presented toward us.

The planet that you speak of as being in Sagittarius, through it is actually in Ophiuchus, to the west of Sagittarius, is not Mars, but Jupiter. It lies eastward from the great red star Antares in Scorpio.

Just about now Jupiter rises by 10 p.m., and, like Saturn, it is in good position for telescope observation. It will be in opposition to the sun about June 5th, and its splendid colored bolts make one of the most gorgeous of telescope views; only amateur observers must not expect too much. It requires some training of the eye and some special knowledge of what one is looking at to appreciate the real beauty and wonder of these celestial sights. Jupiter appears to be a forming world, yet in a half-nebulous, half molten state, with great convulsions going on in its interior, and affecting the appearance of its marvellous variegate and changeable surface. There is one spot, visible intermittently since 1888, which looks as if it may be Nature's first, rough sketch of a future continent on that giant world.

Mars is away east of Sagittarius, in Capricornus. Its red color should identify it; there is no other red planet. Although it is continually moving eastward in its orbit, the earth is slowly overtaking it, travelling on an inside line. In the meanwhile the earth and Mars are drawing nearer one another, in the way shown in our diagram.



Mars' orbit is very eccentric compared with the earth's and the opposition occurs when Mars is at the point of its orbit nearest the sun, which brings it so much nearer to the earth, since the latter is then between Mars and the sun. At opposition Mars will rise about 6 o'clock and cross the meridian at 12 p.m. and nobody will fail to look more than once at its red glare in the midnight sky.

Leigh Hunt In His Own Period

The recent publication in England of an edition of Leigh Hunt's poetical works may serve to remind us that Hunt deserves to be remembered, not only as poet, essayist, and critic, but as the author of perhaps the finest autobiography in English. "The Autobiography of Leigh Hunt, with Reminiscences of Friends and Contemporaries," written in 1849 and published in 1850, aroused even the the enthusiasm of Carlyle,—a man not easily pleased. "Well, I call this an excellent good book," he said, "by far the best of the autobiographic kind I remember to have read. . . . A pious, ingenious, altogether human and worthy book, imagining throughout a gifted, gentle, patient, and valiant human soul." Most readers will echo this praise, and with many the "Autobiography" is a favorite book.

• • •

Hunt's early life was so involved in controversy on political affairs and he was so hotly attacked by his journalistic opponents that those who know him only as the man who was imprisoned for plain-speaking about the Prince Regent and as the founder of the so-called Cockney School of poets, may easily have a very false notion of his true personality. And on the other hand, those who know him only through his essays and poems may have an equally false notion. For his reputation as painted by his enemies suggests a dangerous radical and trouble-maker, and his temperament as reflected in his essays and poems suggests a dilettante and aesthete. To know him truly, one must read further and in such reading the "Autobiography" is indispensable. Keats and Lamb each addressed a loving sonnet to him, and Shelley dedicated to him his drama, "The Cenci."

• • •

It is interesting to remember, too, that Byron and Hazlitt—different as two men could be—recorded the same impression of Hunt, as of a man who seemed to belong to an older and nobler day. Byron, writing in 1813, said: "Hunt is an extraordinary character, and not exactly of the present age. He reminds me more of the Pym and Hampden times—much talent, great independence of spirit, and an austere, yet not repulsive, aspect. If he goes on, I know few men who will deserve more praise, or obtain it." And Hazlitt, in 1825, said: "He is the only poet or literary man I have ever known who puts me in mind of Sir John Suckling, or Kit Grew, or Carew; or who unites rare intellectual acquirements with outward grace and natural gentility."

Finally, Hawthorne, who met Hunt years afterward, records, in "Our Old Home," his impressions: "I have said that he was a beautiful old man. In truth, I never saw a finer countenance. A beautiful and venerable old man, buttoned to the chin in a black dress-coat, tall and slender, with a countenance quietly alive all over, and the gentlest and most naturally courteous manner." Hunt impressed Byron, it will be seen, as a man of Puritan firmness and solidity of character, and Hazlitt as a man of cavalier grace and refinement; and the "Autobiography" leaves one with an impression of some such combination of traits; and this in spite of the fact that he was reputed to be timid, improvident in money matters, and self-indulgent. The complete answer to such charges is the beautiful eulogy of him written by his son, Thornton, and prefixed to the edition of 1859.

He certainly had faults of manner which suggested to Dickens an odious character in "Bleak House," but since he and Dickens had been intimate friends for years (he always speaks of Dickens as "my dear friend," in the "Autobiography"), it would be foolish to suppose that the novelist had any intention of giving a portrait of Hunt. And yet the tradition has persisted that Hunt was a man of unconscionable selfishness and laziness, who "sponged" inveterately upon his friends and frittered away his time in trifling pursuits. Once more, one has only to read the "Autobiography" to see what an injustice has been done to a man of singular sweetness of temper and a most forgiving disposition.

Whatever may be our opinion of Hunt, we ought not to forget that he was one of the first to detect the genius of Keats and was the first to encourage the struggling young poet, not only with advice, but with what Keats hungered for over more—comfort, access to books, and surroundings of beauty. In Keats' early poem, "Sleep and Poetry," there is a lighthearted and loving description of Hunt's rooms, with their cheerful and tasteful furnishings; and in the sonnet already mentioned, the poet, after regretting the passing away of the old Greek pastoral life, concludes:

But there are left delights as high as these
And I shall ever bless my destiny,
That in a time when under pleasant tress
Pan is no longer sought, I feel a free,
A leafy luxury, seeing I could please
With these poor offerings, a man like thee.

Perhaps the most pleasing part of the 'Autobiography" is that of the first nine chapters, which deal with the author's earlier life; but with chapter ten, dated 1809, begin his reminiscences of literary acquaintances, and these are, of course, of historical importance. Here is an extended notice of Thomas Campbell, the poet; of Matthews, the great comedian; of James and Horace Smith; of Fuseli, the sculptor, and several others less famous. In chapter eleven, follow portraits of political characters, of whom Castlereagh and Canning are perhaps the best remembered; and in chapter twelve, we have a most amusing account of Hunt's imprisonment and how he turned what was intended to be a disgrace into a triumph. He converted his cell into a fairy bower, papering the walls with trellises of roses, painting the ceiling to represent clouds and sky, putting Venetian blinds at the windows, and sending for his bookcases and piano. He even contrived to make a tiny garden outside his window.

• • •

It is not, however, until we come to chapter fifteen that the great figures of Shelley, Keats, Lamb, and Coleridge appear, and we learn of how Hunt brought about the meeting of Keats and Shelley and of how Keats read "The Eve of St. Agnes" of Wordsworth and of what Lamb thought of "Isabella." But there is no end to the impressions of famous people in this book, and Hunt's comments on them would alone be sufficient to establish his reputation as an excellent critic. For, with a slenderer talent then either Lamb, Coleridge, or Hazlitt, he was perhaps the best critic of the group. This statement may be disputed, but it would be hard to prove that he was not the best judge of contemporary literature of his time.

Altogether, it would be difficult to name a more enjoyable introduction to the literary life of the first forty years of the nineteenth century, or one that gives a fairer view of that period of great poets and essayists.

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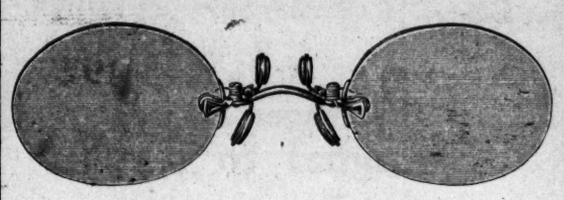

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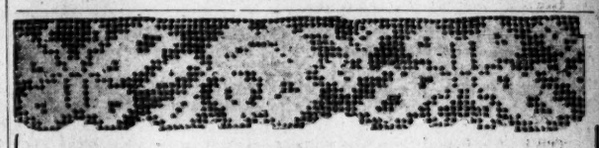

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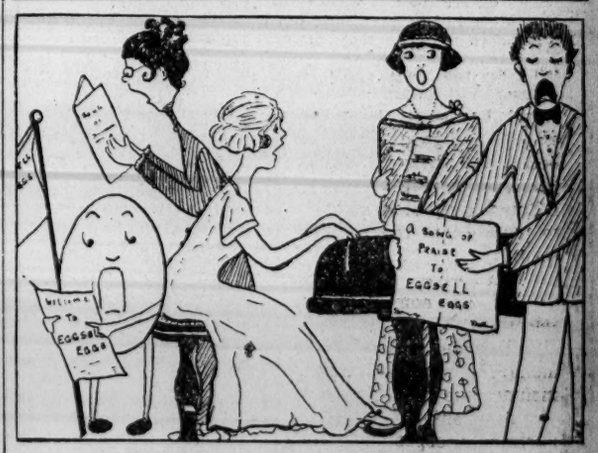

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AMERICAN VESSELS ARE ROBBED, SAYS BOARD OFFICIAL

Tells Committee Ships Are Regarded As Common Prey Abroad

Washington, May 7.—Failure of foreign agents of managing operators to make immediate desposits in banks in foreign ports of moneys collected from the operation of Shipping Board vessels has resulted in large losses to the board because of the fluctuations of foreign exchange, Major T. L. Clear, treasurer of the Fleet Corporation and disbursing officer of the Shipping Board, said today before the House Select Committee investigating the Shipping Board. Major Clear is shortly to make a trip abroad in an effort to remedy this situation.

"There is no question," Mr. Clear declared, "that the American ship is considered common prey in practically every part of the world. I have operated ships through operators in all parts of the world. I know what American ships suffer in the ports of the world and any way in which they can be robbed of money is considered right. The foreigners look upon the United States as the one wealthy nation in the world and anything they can get out of this country is all right."

Mr. Clear expects to visit London, Hamburg, Marseilles or Bordeaux and perhaps Glasgow during his trip abroad. He intends to effect arrangements by which all Shipping Board financial transactions will be handled through one banking institution in each port. He will require foreign agents of managing operators to make deposits of Government funds on the day on which the money is collected. These agents will be required to prove to the bank through their manifests and freight receipts that money is collected on the day of deposit. "There has been more trouble in Hamburg than in any port in the world," he added.

Mr. Clear expects to leave the board's service. In fact, he has tendered his resignation to take effect as soon as possible. He has assured President Palmer, however, that he will stay as long as his services are required.

The finance officer of the Fleet Corporation, Mr. Clear said, should be a vice president, accountable only to the board of trustees. He should not be required to report "to a dual authority."

Prior to April, 1922, Mr. Clear said, operators were given trust funds from which to meet their operating expenses. They "spent the money as they chose," he added. He changed the system and brought all the money back into the United States Treasury. At one time, he said, about $25,000,000 was scattered over the country in such trust funds.

Questioned by Mr. Davis as to the appointment of Edgar Crawford as an assistant treasurer of the Fleet Corporation, Mr. Clear said the appointment was made "over my protest." He told the Shipping Board Chairman who made the appointment that Crawford "would be of little or no value to me." Mr. Crawford formerly was a member of the Ohio legislature and had been recommended as Director of the Mint, but failed to get the appointment. He agreed that the appointment of the Fleet Corporation post was a political appointment.

Over $900,000 in uncancelled checks made to the order of the Fleet Corporation were found by Mr. Clear in the various offices of the corporation when he joined the organisation in 1921, he testified, in response to questions by Representative Lehblack, of New Jersey, Republican. He did not know why these checks had not been deposited, but found that some of them had been held on the request of the maker.

"I disregarded all requests," he said, "and put them in the bank. It created great consternation in banking circles here. I have collected all except $11,000, covered by two checks, and in these cases the banks went into receivers' hands long before I found the checks."

Asked by Representative Bankhead, of Alabama, Democrat, for suggestions as to the operation of the fleet, Mr. Clear said "it is a one-man job." The president of the Fleet Corporation should not be interfered with by the Shipping Board.

"In my two and a half years" connection with the fleet," he added, "my observation is that the operation should be centered in one man both as to authority and responsibility."

Reading from one of the reports submitted by the Board, Representative Bankhead showed that letters of credit for sums due the Board from purchasers of ships and supplies had been sold by the Board at a discount of 4¾ percent. In some instances the sale occurred three days before maturity of the letters. This was a part of a program of liquidation in effect several years ago, to secure money appropriated by Congress which had to be derived from sales, the witness said. This system has been corrected, he added, and there have been no recent sales of securities.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. LUENHO, 2,868 Tons, Captain Gibb, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, June 10, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGYU, Capt. Johannssen, will leave on Tuesday, June 10, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGHSIN, Capt. Kornfeldt, will leave on Wednesday, June 11, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGWAH, Capt. Taylor, will leave on Thursday, June 12, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. ESANG, 1,782 Tons, Captain Thompson, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf, on Thursday, June 12, at about midnight. For Freight, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extension to Freight Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf, on Friday, June 13, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGYUNG, Capt. Smith, will leave on Sunday, June 15, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. SUIWO, 2,671 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, June 16, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. LOONGWO, 3,925 Tons, Captain Holmwood, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, June 17, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Hoong On S.S. Co.'s Steamer CHANG ON, Captain K. C. Lee, will leave from the Ningshao Wharf, Chinese Bund Nantao, on Tuesday the 18th, June, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to office of the Company. Tel. Freight 1520, Passage 3283.

For Southern Ports

WENCHOW.—The Str. FEICHING, Capt. Manley, will leave on Tuesday morning, June 10. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON—The Kwanglee, Capt. Crawford, will leave on Tuesday morning, June 10. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. HAEAN, Capt. Stewart, will leave on Wednesday morning, June 11. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

Shipping Items

YANGTSZE PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Esang from Hankow and ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow afternoon.

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo from Hankow and ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai Thursday morning.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo is expected to arrive in Shanghai from river ports Saturday morning.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo from Yangtsze ports is due to arrive in Shanghai Sunday morning.

SOUTHERN PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Yusang from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow is expected to arrive in Shanghai this morning.

The I-C. s.s. Kutsang from Calcutta, Straits and Hongkong is expected to arrive in Shanghai Saturday morning.

The I-C. s.s. Kwongsang from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow is scheduled to arrive in Shanghai Sunday afternoon.

NORTHERN PORTS

The Blue Funnel s.s. Mentor left Dalny for Shanghai via Tsingtao yesterday afternoon and is expected to reach here today.

The I-C. s.s. Wosang direct from Antung is due to arrive in Shanghai Saturday afternoon.

The I-C. s.s. Fausang from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei is expected to arrive in Shanghai Sunday morning.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

The N.Y.K. ss. Kumano Maru from Moji arrived in Shanghai Sunday morning and is expected to sail for Japan ports on tomorrow afternoon.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Nagasaki Maru from Nagasaki and Kobe arrived in Shanghai yesterday afternoon and is due to return to Nagasaki this morning.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Ningchow left Kobe for Shanghai via Tsingtao and is expected to arrive here tomorrow afternoon.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Peleus which left Kobe Saturday afternoon is due to arrive in Shanghai some time this afternoon.

EUROPEAN LINES

The P. & O. s.s. Soudan from European ports left Colombo May 31 enroute to Shanghai.

The L. T. S. N. s.s. Rosandra sailed from Trieste on May 20 and is due to arrive in Shanghai about July 6.

The N.D.L. s.s. Saarbrucken from European ports for Shanghai via Suez left Port-Said on May 25 and is expected to arrive here June 23.

The P. & O. s.s. Karmala from London is expected to leave Singapore Monday for Hongkong and Shanghai.

The G.L.E.A. s.s. Carnarvonshire from London and U. K. ports is expected to arrive in Shanghai Monday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Demodocus from Liverpool left Suez enroute to Shanghai and Far Eastern ports May 14 and is expected to reach here Thursday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Anchises sailed from Liverpool on May 10 and left Suez May 21 on her way to Shanghai via India and ports. The liner is expected to arrive here Thursday, June 19.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Titan which sailed from Liverpool May 17 left Suez enroute to Shanghai May 28. The liner is due to arrive here June 30.

The M.M. s.s. Angers from Marseilles bringing French mail from May 8 will leave Saigon today on her way to Shanghai and is due here Saturday.

The L.T.S.N. s.s. Gerania which left Colombo enroute to Shanghai from European ports is due to arrive in Shanghai about July 2.

The L.T.S.N. s.s. Brenta sailed from Trieste for China and Japan ports on last Thursday afternoon is expected to arrive in Shanghai July 28.

AMERICAN LINES

The Dollar s.s. President Hayes sailed from New York on May 1 for Shanghai via Panama and San Francisco. The liner was due to leave San Francisco May 26 and is scheduled to arrive here about June 17.

The Isthmian Line s.s. Steel Exporter which sailed from New Orleans on April 23 for Shanghai via Panama is due to arrive is here about Sunday.

The S. and B. s.s. West Niger is due in Shanghai from Portland Oregon U.S.A., on June 16.

The Adl. O. Line s.s. Pesident Jackson left Hongkong at ten o'clock Sunday morning and is expected to arrive in Shanghai this afternoon.

Weather Reports

June 8.—Barometric maximum on North Nippon and Yezo. 2 minima: 1° between the Bonin, the Loochoos and Japan, 2° to the North of the Gulf of Petchihli, 3° in Tongkong. A low center to the south of Hongkong. North Westerly to South Westerly winds to the North of the 35th parallel. Cyclonic circulation in the minima. Hot, cloudy, rather fine weather. Fog in Tongking. Rough weather around Hainan.

June 9.—Rain during the night. Overcast, hot and damp weather. Pressure above the average. Light South Easterly breezes.

Special Space Made In Ships For Autos

French Line Will Utilise Place Formerly Used For Immigrants

In adjusting itself to the reduced quotas of the immigration bill now pending in the American Congress, the French Line has utilised about two-thirds of the steerage space of the steamship Paris for the storage of automobiles without crating. Under this arrangement the transportation of motor cars will involve little more preparation than driving on and off a ferryboat, the cars being simply driven to the pier alongside the ship and then hauled up a runway into the hold, the operation being reversed at the port of destination. The Paris formerly had accommodations for 2,100 steerage passengers.

On the diner France the open steerage space has been converted into third class cabins, accommodating about 800 persons, and these cabins are being equipped as rapidly as possible with running water, electric lights and other accommodations. This has already been done on the Paris. The Rochambeau is being similarly equipped.

The tendency, according to officials of the line, is toward development of the one class cabin idea, not only in this but on all of the transatlantic lines. All of the one cabin ships of the French Line, it is stated, are booked to capacity and refusing passengers every day.

On the larger ships the first class bookings are reported to be very heavy, but second class is not quite so good. This is attributable in part to the attractive tourist rates offered on the cabin vessels, where the idea of equality prevails throughout the ship.

On the two new 42,000-ton liners being built for the French Line at St. Nazaire, special spaces will be provided for uncrated automobiles, while the third class space will be limited. The 22,000-ton liner De Grasse, which is expected to be in operation by the end of July or the first part of August, the line officials say will be one of the most up-to-date one cabin ships in the service.

Sailed From Shanghai

FOR SANFRANCISCO		
Anten Maru	June	1
City of Victoria	May	25
India Arrow	May	10
Manila Maru	June	1
President Pierce	May	25
President Cleveland	May	11
President Wilson	June	8
Siberia Maru	May	9
Shabonee	June	8
Tenyo Maru	June	1
William Perkins	May	17
FOR VANCOUVER		
Africa Maru	June	6
Canadian Prospector	May	29
Empress of Asia	May	11
Empress of Russia	June	1
FOR SEATTLE		
Alabama Maru	May	23
Cross Keys	June	8
Hanawa	May	17
President Grant	May	7
President Madison	May	19
President McKinley	May	31
Shidzuoka Maru	May	20
Toba Maru	May	11
West Jena	May	25
William Companion	May	31
FOR NEW YORK		
City of Oran	May	9
City of Tokio	June	8
Diomed	June	8
Havanna Maru	May	19
Invincible	June	8
Kasama	May	23
Oanfa	May	18
President Monroe	May	9
President Harrison	May	23
Slavic Prince	May	13
William Penn	May	7
Roman Prince	June	7
Pres. Van Buren	June	6
FOR UNITED KINGDOM		
Autolycus	May	21
Andes Maru	May	28
Calchas	June	1
Carmarthenshire	June	3
Cyclops	June	8
Dardanus	May	28
Glengarry	June	6
Khiva	May	28
Kashmir	May	21
Kashima Maru	June	1
Laomedon	June	6
Matsumoto Maru	May	1
Plassy	May	13
Patroclus	May	14
Rhesus	May	16
Tajima Maru	May	11
FOR HAMBURG		
Atsuta Maru	May	18
Adolf von Baeyer	May	21
Coblenz	May	1
Havelland	May	17
Oostkerk	May	15
Saarland	June	6
FOR COPENHAGEN		
Afrika	May	31
Sumatra	May	31
FOR BARCELONIA		
C. Lopez Y. Lopez	May	9
FOR TRIESTE		
Aussa	May	18
Duchess d'Aosta	June	1
Nippon	June	7
FOR MARSEILLES		
Andre Lebon	May	23
Amboise	June	6
Capitaine Faure	May	7
Chambord	May	9
Porthos	Mar.	27
Paul Lecat	May	15
FOR INDIA		
El Lobo	May	11
Hakodate Maru	May	20
Knoxville City	May	23
Mirzapore	May	11
Otaru Maru	May	20
Placuna	May	15
Ranella	May	25
Sicilia	June	8

The China Press Mail Schedule

TO THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

June 11	1 p.m.	P. Jackson	Seattle
June 15	10 a.m.	E. of Australia	Vancouver

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE

TO SOUTHERN PORTS IND IA & EUROPE VIA SUEZ

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
June 10	2 p.m.	Kashgar	London	
June 11	1.30 a.m.	Mentor	London	
June 13	8 p.m.	Hakone Maru	London	

TO NORTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Vladivostok	Daily	9 p.m.	via Harbin
Siberia	Daily	9 p.m.	via Chita
Newchwang	June 11	1 p.m.	Foochow
Tientsin	Today	1 p.m.	Tungchow
Tsingtau	Today	11 p.m.	Yusang
Chefoo & Tientsin	Today	11 p.m.	Lienhsing
Chefoo & Tientsin	June 12	3 p.m.	Chusan
Chefoo & Tientsin	June 12	11 p.m.	Kingsing
Newchwang	June 12	12 m.n.	Changchow
Tsingtau	June 12	8 p.m.	Fusan Maru
Tsingtau	June 12	8 p.m.	Fukuken M.
Tsingtau & Dairen	June 13	8 p.m.	Saikio M.
Tientsin	June 14	8 a.m.	Fengtien
Tsingtau	June 14	7 a.m.	Yingchow

TO SOUTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Foochow	Today	12 m.n.	Haean
Amoy	Today	9 a.m.	Lushan Maru
Hongkong & Canton	Today	2 p.m.	Kashgar
Hongkong & Canton	Today	8 a.m.	Toyohasi Maru
Hongkong & Canton	June 11	8 p.m.	Mentor
Swatow	Today	11 p.m.	Waishing
Amoy	June 11	12 m.n.	Sinkiang
Hongkong & Canton	June 11	8 p.m.	Bolton Castle
Swatow	June 12	11 p.m.	Loksang
Swatow	June 13	12 m.n.	Luchow
Hongkong & Canton	June 13	8 p.m.	Hakone Maru
Amoy	June 14	12 m.n.	Shantung

MISCELLANEOUS PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Russia and Europe	Daily	9 p.m.	via Train
River ports	Daily	9 p.m.	via Train
Japan ports	June 10	8 p.m.	Kumano Maru
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via H'kong	June 10	2 p.m.	Kashgar
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via H'kong	June 11	1 p.m.	Mentor
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via Hongkong	June 13	8 p.m.	Hakone Maru
Japan ports	June 13	8 p.m.	Omi Maru
Japan ports	June 14	8 p.m.	Shanghai M

Men-Of-War In Port

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
U S N B	Apr. 19	Cricket	Br. Gun-boat
F N B	Apr. 28	Black Hawk	Am. Gun-boat
I C		Saga	Jap. Gun-boat
		Palos	Am. Gun-boat
J N B	May 27	Toba	Jap. Gun-boat
F.N.B.	May 30	Jules Ferry	Fr. Cruiser
J.N.B.	May 30	Hira	Jap. Destroyer
	May 31	Pidgeon	Am. Gun-boat
J N B	June 3	Fushimi	Jap. Des.
U S N B	June 4	Elcano	Am. Gun-boat
U S N B	June 7	Pope	Am. destroyer
U S N B	June 7	Peary	Am. destroyer
U S N B	June 7	Ford	Am. destroyer

Information For Mariners

TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1924

The morning tides are higher than the evening tides, they are about equal after noon and midnight.
Approximate rise, at spring 4¼ h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at spring 3¼ h; at neaps, 7½ h.

Time	Range	Time	Range
4h. 58m.	6ft. 6in.	5h. 22m.	5ft. 10in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The morning tides are higher than the evening tides.)
Approximate rise, 1½ h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M.	P.M.
3h. 56m.	4h. 21m.

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset.					
Moon		Sun		Daylight	Dark
Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets		
11:32 a.m.	11:51 p.m.	5h. 9m.	6h. 44m.	4h. 24m.	7h. 29m.

Mean Barometric Pressure. April 30.17 in. 766.6 mm.

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Sailings from Shanghai:

xS.S. "Hindenburg"	on or about the 9th July.
S.S. "Emil Kirdorf"	on or about the 2nd August.
•S.S. "Schees"	on or about the end of August
S.S. "Albert Voegler"	on or about the end of Sep.
S.S. "Carl Legien"	on or about the end of Oct.

x This boat has only a limited number of berths.
• This boat has no cabin accommodation.

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SIBERIA MARU	July 15
TAIYO MARU	July 28
TENYO MARU	Aug. 11
KOREA MARU	Aug. 25
SHINYO MARU	Sept. 7

For Hongkong

SHINYO MARU	June 17

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Morea	June 24	Mantua	Aug. 19	"Morea"	Oct. 14
Karmala	July 8	Kalyan	Sept. 2	Kashgar	Oct. 28
Malwa	July 22	Kaisar-I-Hind	„ 16	Malwa	Nov. 11

P. & O. to Bombay—via Hongkong, Straits & Colombo.	Sicilia	June 7
B. I. to Calcutta—from Hongkong via Singapore & Penang.	Torilla	June 13
	Talma	June 20
B. I. to Calcutta—from Shanghai via Japan, Hongkong & Straits.		

B. & O. & B. I. Co.'s tickets interchangeable under certain conditions

E. & O. to Sydney and Melbourne—from Hongkong via Manila, Townsville & Brisbane.	Arafura	July 2
	St. Albans	July 30
	Eastern	Aug. 27

All sailings and dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.
For Passage Rates, Handbook, Freights, etc., apply to
1 CANTON ROAD.
'Phones; General C. 169 Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.,
Passage C. 2510. Freight C. 2069. AGENTS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Empress of Australia

June 15

For Victoria and Vancouver via Japan Ports

Tenders for outgoing passengers will leave the Customs Jetty at 4:00 p.m., SUNDAY, JUNE 15.
Passengers are requested to send heavy baggage to Company's Godown, corner of Peking and Szechuen Road, entrance on Szechuen Road, back of Chinese Post Office, before 2 p.m. SATURDAY, JUNE 14.

Sailings.

To Vancouver via Japan Ports
(Subject to change)

			1925		
———	Aug. 2	Sept. 27	Nov. 22	Feb. 9	E. of Russia
June 15	Aug. 18	Oct. 13	Dec. 8	Feb. 23	E. of Australia
			1925		
July 5	Aug. 30	Oct. 25	Jan. 10	Mar. 9	E. of Asia
July 21	Sept. 15	Nov. 10	Jan. 26	Mar. 23	E. of Canada

To Hongkong and Manila

Leave S'hai	Arrive H'kong	Leave H'kong	Arrive Manila	Ship
June 21	June 23	June 25	June 27	Empress of Asia
July 5	July 7	July 11	July 11	Empress of Canada
July 19	July 21	July 23	July 25	Empress of Russia

Offices All Departments — **Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building**
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12 THE BUND: Tel. C. 5581.
ADDRESS FOR MAIL P. O. BOX 1231

Struthers & Barry

Operating U.S. Government Ships—Cargo Only

From Los Angeles and San Francisco via Japan Ports:

U.S.S.B. "WEST JESTER" July 8

For Hongkong Saigon and Singapore:

U.S.S.B. "WEST MONTOP" June 5
U.S.S.B. "WEST JESTER" July 10

L. Everett — GENERAL AGENT. Japan, China, Philippine Islands Indo China, Straits Settlements.

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Bi-Monthly Service for BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (FIUME) taking cargo on through bills of lading to GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS

Next Sailings from Shanghai

OUTWARD FOR YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI

S.S. "NIPPON" ..... sails about June 10
S.S. "GERANIA"* ..... sails about beg. of July
S.S. "ROSANDRA" ..... sails about June 10
S.S. "BRENTA"* ..... sails about beg. of August
S.S. "VENEZIA" ..... sails about August 10
S.S. "LACONIA"* ..... sails beginning of September

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

S.S. "SILVIO PELLICO"* ... sails end of June.
S.S. "NIPPON" ..... sails about July 3
S.S. "GERANIA"* ..... sails about end of July.
S.S. "ROSANDRA" ..... sails about August 2
S.S. "BRENTA"* ..... sails about end of August
S.S. "VENEZIA" ..... sails about September 2
S.S. "LACONIA"* ..... sails about end of September

*Cargo only.

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For San Francisco

(Via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu)

S.S. President Wilson ..... June 7
S.S. President Lincoln ..... June 21
S.S. President Cleveland ..... July 19
S.S. President Pierce ..... Aug. 2
S.S. President Taft ..... Aug. 16

For Hongkong and Manila

S.S. President Cleveland ..... July 2
S.S. President Pierce ..... July 16
S.S. President Taft ..... July 30
S.S. President Wilson ..... Aug 13
S.S. President Lincoln ..... Aug. 27

Through tickets and Bills of Lading issued to all points in United States, Mexico, Central America, South America and Cuba.

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Travel Through America
Via Honolulu and California
£120—£112—£110

Shanghai to San Francisco *First Class*
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New York to Europe
First Class, Cabin Class, Second Class

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Railway representatives meet all steamers to arrange tickets, routing, sleeping accommodations and all necessary details. Atlantic reservations made here for all European Ports and all steamship lines. Apply to

Pacific Mail Steamship Company
Managing Agents U. S. Shipping Board
B. C. Haile, General Agent
10 Nanking Road, Telephones: C. 5056 & 5057
Cable Address: "SOLANO"

Tampa Inter-Ocean S.S. Co.

Operating United States Government Steamers

For Galveston, New Orleans, Cuba and New York via Panama Canal

S.S. "INVINCIBLE" ..... June 8
S.S. "DRYDEN" ..... June 16
S.S. "HEFFRON" ..... June 23

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Pacific Mail Steamship Co.
General Agents
10 Nanking Telephones C. 5056, 5057

Ussuri Railway Traffic Office

Gives information about shipment of goods via Vladivostok to Harbin, Manchuria, Urga, renders assistance and facilities to the goods owners.

Shippers' attention is drawn to the fact that

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b) Railway charges may be paid at Harbin, (Kommercheskaya str. No. 20), to our Head Office-Ussuri Rly. Commercial Agency.
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Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen

Far Eastern Passenger and Freight Service between Japan, China, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Belawan, Colombo and Genoa and north continental ports.

Outward Bound	At Shanghai
*S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	June 23
S.S. "SCHLESIEN"	July 26
S.S. "LUDWIGSHAFEN"	August 23
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	September 15

Homeward Bound	From Shanghai
S.S. "PFALZ"	July 6
S.S. "HOLTSEIN"	July 4
*S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	July 20
S.S. "SCHLESIEN"	September 8
S.S. "LUDWIGSHAFEN"	October 5
*S.S. "COBLENZ"	October 12

*These steamers have accommodation for 96 passengers in the cabin-class and 140 Intermediate-Class passengers.

For the passenger-boats through Tickets to London via Genoa, Paris or Antwerp/Rotterdam will be issued. (Only for Cabin Class passengers.)

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Telephones C. 7208-09-10 General Agents.
Tel. Add: "NORDLLOYD" 7391

N.Y.K.

Proposed Sailings from Shanghai

FOR JAPAN
†Nagasaki Maru June 10
Kumano Maru .June 11
Omi Maru ....June 14
†Shanghai Maru June 15
Nikko Maru....June 18
Yamashiro Maru June 21

FOR SEATTLE via VICTORIA, B.C.
Shidzuoka Maru ..July 23

FOR EUROPE
*Toyohashi M. June 11 ?
Hakone Maru ....June 14
Suwa Maru .....June 28
*Dakar Maru ....July 5
Fushimi Maru .July 12

FOR AUSTRALIAN PORTS
Tango Maru June 11 from Kobe June 13 from Nagasaki June 18 from Hongkong.

FOR NEW YORK via SAN FRANCISCO and PANAMA
*Takaoka Maru ....June 17

FOR HONGKONG.
Iyo Maru Jun25

FOR BOMBAY.
*Calcutta Maru ...June 24

FOR CALCUTTA
*Tokushima Maru June 19 from Hongkong.

†Kobe-Nagasaki Shanghai Service. £For Cargo only

Passenger Ticket and Enquiry Office located on ground floor (facing the Bund) of the Palace Hotel. Phone: C. 680.

Nippon Yusen Kaisha
'Phone North 1155 (Private Exchange) Telegraphic Address "Yuson Shanghai."

Direct Steamer to Korea (Cargo & Passenger)

For Tsingtao, Jinsen (Chemulpo), Chinnampo, Moppo, Gunzan, and Fusan.

s.s. "Fusan Maru" sails hence June 13th & July 3rd

Apply to **Nippon Yusen Kaiska,** Shanghai,
Agents for **Chosen Yusen Kaisha.**

N. Y. K.

Summer Excursion
between
Shanghai and Japans
June 15th—September 14th

SPECIAL RATE:—FIRST CLASS ONLY

Shanghai to Nagasaki and return .....B $ 75, C $ 60
Shanghai to Moji and return .....$ 90
Shanghai to Kobe and return .....B $120, C $105
Shanghai to Yokohama and return $135

Available for 3 months, including the date of issue to the date of re-embarkation, stop-over will be allowed at any port of call.

For particulars, apply to

Nippon Yusen Kaisha
Phone: North 1155. Passenger Dept. Extension. 7, 9 & 10
Phone: Central 680. Passenger Ticket and Enquiry Office

M. MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, SERVICES CONTRACTUELS M.

Mail Steamers	Next sailing from Marseilles	Probable sailing for Kobe and Yokohama	Probable sailing for Marseilles	
CHANTILLY			19th June	1924
ANGERS	8th May	20th June	3rd July	
PORTHOS	22nd May	4th July	17th July	
AMAZONE	5th June	18th July	31st July	
ANGKOR	19th June	1st August	14th Augt	
AZAY LE RIDEAU	3rd July	15th August	28th Augt	

NEW REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE
(including table wine and free Doctor's attendance)

	1st CLASS		2nd CLASS	
Marseilles	A. £ 95	B. £ 83	A. £ 68	B. £ 60
London	A. £ 103:50	B. £ 91:10	A. £ 74:10	B. £ 66

Through tickets to Paris and leading towns of Europe.
Re-booking abatements of 25% and 15% for return within 12 or 24 months. Special reductions to families and missionaries.

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Tel. 3260 Shipping Dept. Tel. 987 Passenger Dept.
Offices: 5 French Bund.

CONSIGNATION TRANSIT REPRESENTATION

O. S. K.

Proposed Sailings from Shanghai

FOR EUROPE. For London, Hamburg, Rotterdam.
S.S. "ATLAS MARU" ..... July 6
FOR NEW YORK, via Japan Ports, San Francisco and Panama.
S.S. "HAVRE MARU" ..... July 12
FOR SEATTLE and TACOMA, via JAPAN PORTS, AND VICTORIA.
S.S. "ARIZONA MARU" ..... June 27
S.S. ARABIA MARU" ..... July 13
FOR TIENTSIN
S.S. "CHOFU MARU" ..... June 12
FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. Tsingtao, Tientsin, and Dairen.
S.S. "FUKUKEN MARU" ..... June 13
S.S. "KYIDO MARU" ..... June 25
FOR FORMOSA. For Keelung and Takao via Foochow.
S.S. "SEIKYO MARU" ..... June 21
S.S. "FUKUKEN MARU" ..... June 28
FOR JAPAN VIA DAIREN.
S.S. "CELEBES MARU" ..... June 25

Osaka Shosen Kaisha
Shipping Office, 2 Canton Rd. Phone Central 4234
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Holland-East Asia Line

of the United Netherlands Navigation Co.
Regular four-weekly service between Japan, Vladivostock, China, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, and Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen and North Continental Ports.

Homeward Bound:
S.S. "OUDERKERK" from Shanghai ..... June 23
S.S. "WESTERDYK" from Shanghai ..... July 10

Outward Bound:
S.S. "WESTERDYK" due at Shanghai ..... June 7
S.S. "OLDEKERK" due at Shanghai ..... July 8

All steamers have a limited accommodation for passengers.
For Freight, Passage and further particulars please apply to

Holland China Trading Company, Agents
43 Kiangse Road. Tel. C. 4764.

Round the World Passenger and Freight

From Shanghai to Hongkong, Manila, Straits, Colombo, Suez, Italy, Marseilles, Boston and New York Thence Panama San Francisco to Shanghai

First Class Passenger Steamers

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PRESIDENT ADAMS ..... July 18
PRESIDENT GARFELD ..... Aug. 1
PRESIDENT POLK ..... Aug. 15
PRESIDENT MONROE ..... Aug. 29
PRESIDENT HARRISON ..... Sept. 12
PRESIDENT VANBUREN ..... Sept. 26

Also Excellent Third Class Cabins

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Passenger Department. Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Road. Central 6373

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Passenger and Freight Service
Fast—Frequent—Regular
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	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Seattle
"PRESIDENT McKINLEY"	May 31	June 16
"PRESIDENT JACKSON"	June 11	June 27
"PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"	June 23	July 9
"PRESIDENT GRANT"	July 5	July 21
"PRESIDENT MADISON"	July 17	Aug. 2

Thru Connections to Europe Across United States or Canada. Your Choice Atlantic Lines

To Hongkong and Manila

"PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"	June 8
"PRESIDENT GRANT"	June 20
"PRESIDENT MADISON"	July 2
"PRESIDENT McKINLEY"	July 14
"PRESIDENT JACKSON"	July 26

Admiral Oriental Line

Managing Agents, FREIGHT DEPT. ROBERT DOLLAR BLDNG. 3 Canton Road. Central 6371-2
U. S. Shipping Board PASSENGER DEPT. Corner of Nanking and Kiangse Road. Central 6378

FAST FREIGHT SERVICE

Philadelphia-Boston-New York

S.S. "E. A. MORSE" ..... Late June

London—Rotterdam—Antwerp—Hamburg

S.S. "ARCHER" ..... 7th June

For rates and particulars apply to

The Barber Steamship Lines, Inc.
Managing Agents U. S. Shipping Board
ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE, Agents
Canton Road. Tel. Central 6371-6372

North and South China Line

From Portland, Ore., U. S. A.
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NIGER" ..... June 14
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... June 25

For Portland via Tsingtau, Takubar and Dairen:
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NIGER" ..... June 16

For Portland, Via Hongkong and Manila:
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM" ..... July 1

Through Bills of Lading issued to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Charleston, and Boston in connection with fast Intercoastal Liners.

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Columbia Pacific Shipping Co.
(Operating United States Government Ships.)
The China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.
Agents.
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No. 6, Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, (5th Floor).

AUCTION SALES

Cables: "MOORECO" Shanghai ESTABLISHED 1874 Codes: A1, ABC 5th Ed. & Bentley's

L. MOORE & Co.
LIMITED

Auctioneers, Valuers Land Brokers
45 Kiangse Road Shanghai
42-44 Bristow Road Tientsin

Phone { Auction Dept. C. 153 / Fire Loss Adjusting Dept. C. 6123 / Chinese Dept. C. 6126

SUMMARY OF AUCTIONS

Wednesday, June 11, at 10 a.m.
In Front Salesroom. New Household Furniture and Sundries.

Wednesday, June 11, at noon
At Nanking Road Jetty. 1 Motor Boat "Peggy"

Wednesday, June 11, at 2.30 p.m.
In Cargo Salesroom. General Merchandise and Sundries

Thursday, June 12, at 10 a.m.
In Rear Salesroom. Household Furniture, Clothing and Sundries.

Friday, June 13, at 10 a.m.
In Front Salesroom. Household Furniture and Sundries.

DETAILS OF AUCTIONS AS UNDER:—

IN FRONT SALESROOM
On Wednesday, June 11, 1924
At 10 a.m.

New Excellent Household Furniture, Carved Blackwood Furniture, New Muslin and Lace Curtains, Peking Cloisonne and Carved Lacquered Ware and Sundries

COMPRISING:—

Darkstained bevelled mirror back hat stand, Hall Table, Settee, Oak Roll top Filing Cabinet, Oak flat top desk, Revolving desk Chair, Sliding door bookcase, Red leather upholstered Diven Couch & Arm Chairs, Teak mahoganystained Silk Tapestry covered Drawing Room Suite, Bevelled mirror back Music Cabinet, Screen, Centre Table, Escritoire, Curio Cabinet, Mantel Mirror, Teapoys, Polished Teak Dining Room Suite comprising: Bevelled mirror back Sideboard, Cellarette, Oval Extension Dining Table, Dining Chairs, & Silver ware Cabinet to match, 1 Darkstained Manila Hardwood Dining Room Suite (French style) comprising: Carved Sideboard, Dinner Wagon, Extension Dining Table, Leather seated Dining Chairs, & Screen to Match, Mahoganystained Morriss Chairs & Rockers with Tapestry cushions, Good E. P., Crockery & Glass Ware, Oak Large Bedroom Suite, Manila Hardwood Small Bedroom Suite fitted with bevelled mirrors, Wooden Double Bedsteads, Tapestry upholstered Double spring Chesterfield Couch & Arm Chairs, Bed Linen, Shaving Mirrors, New Muslin & Lace Curtains, Mosquito Nets, Carved Blackwood Side Tables, Marble top Round Table, Jardiniere stands Low Tables, Stools &c.

also

A Large quantity of Peking Cloisonne Ware comprising: Vases, Jars, Incense burners, Ornaments, etc.,
Carved Lacquered Incense burners, Vases, Boxes.
Imported Oak framed Coloured Paintings and Photogravures.
Nickle mounted Tile Ice Chest.
2 Oak Ice Chests.
1 set of Cutlery with Oak Cabinet.
1 Fine toned iron frame upright piano by Strauss
1 Cabinet gramaphone

On view Monday and Tuesday, June 9th and 10th.

AT NANKING ROAD JETTY
On Wednesday, June 11, 1924
At Noon Sharp

Motor Boat "Peggy"

Length 26 ft., Beam 6 ft. Draft 18 inches.
Built of Teakwood, Fitted with "Gardner" Single cylinder 8-10 H.P. Engine, Speed 7 Knots.

On view at Ewo Jetty until morning of Sale.

IN CARGO SALESROOM
On Wednesday, June 11, 1924
At 2.30 p.m.

General Merchandise and Sundries

COMPRISING:—

14 Cases Screw Base Colored Lamps, 1 Case Counterweights, Desk Lamps, Glass and Metal Lamp Shades, 5 Reams Bleached Sulphite Paper, 6 Fire Extinguishers With Chemicals, 23 Pkgs. Long Sea Weeds, 25 Bags Flour, 3 Cases Corned Beef, 2 Cases Pure Beef Dripping, 26 Tins Sweets, 5 Cases Pearl Soap, 3 Cases Marselles Floating Soap, 2 Boxes Photo Lens, 2 Cases Indigo Paste, 3 Cases Aniline Dyes, 20 Cases Sole Nails, 1 Case Sole Protectors, Padlocks, Lavatories, Wall Back Urinals, Law Tanks, Slop Sinks, Glass Jars, Empty Bags.

and

55 Kegs Wire Nails.
1 Worm Geared Chain Block With Chains For 9 ft. Lift, Lifting. Capacity 1,500 kg.
15 Cases Enamel Ware.
Embroidered Allovers.
3 Cases Rubber Shoes, 1 Case Wall Clocks, 1 Case Toys,

NOW ON VIEW

First-Class Motor Boat "Mermaid"

Length 28 ft., Beam 8 ft., Draft 18 inches; 2 Bunks
Engine 4 cylinder 15 H. P. "Kelvin" Speed 7 knots
To be sold at an early date
Now on View opposite Rowing Club.

L. MOORE & CO., LTD.
No. 45 Kiangse Road.
Head Office.

W. FUNDER & CO.
40 A KIANGSE ROAD

Auctioneers, Assessors, Adjusters, Arbitrators, Appraisers and Valuators, Land and Property Brokers, Real Estate Agents and Coal Merchants

Will sell by Public Auction in their Salesroom
On Tuesday, the 10th June 1924.
At 10 a.m. (Forenoon)
Excellent Household Furniture & Effects, etc.,
Comprising:—

Oak mirror back hat and umbrella stand, hall settee and table, blackwood side table, high flower stand, mahogany stained inlaid satin covered drawing room suit, curio cabinets, escritoires, pier glass, Tapestry and leather covered double spring Chesterfield couch and easy chairs, oakwood inlaid dining room suits, silver cabinets, high screens, white enamelled and mauve enamelled painted bedroom suits, brass and wooden bedsteads, oil painting, photogravure, ornaments, porcelain curios, E. P. and Cutlery ware, etc.,

also

One finetoned steel framed piano (by S. Moutrie)
Two Electric table fans, 200 volts
One set Jade inlaid wall hanging, 4 pieces
Two Brass mounted old Korean cabinets
One Browine camera
One folding camera
Two Marble statues
7 Alabaster hall lamps, 7 ft high
3 Alabaster hall lamps, 3 ft high

On view Saturday

W. FUNDER & CO.
40 A KIANGSE ROAD

Auctioneers, Assessors, Adjusters, Arbitrators, Appraisers and Valuators, Land and Property Brokers, Real Estate Agents and Coal Merchants
Telephone: Central 1152

Will Sell by Public Auction in their Sales Godown
On Tuesday 10th June 1924
At 2.30 p.m. (afternoon)
General cargo, Sundries, Provisions, Wines, Spirits, Liquers, Liquors, etc., as undernoted;

2 Drums Turkish red oil
1 Case Bleached sulphite paper
5 Cases Dull dyed red paper
50 Bales News Printing Paper 1st quality
2 Gentlemens' Bicycles
12 Sets sprayers
30 Dozen Panama hats
5 Desk Lamps.
100 Lamp Shades glass and iron.
100 Sets of Counterweights.
Sundries, Provisions etc.

138 Boxes carbon paper, 43 sewing machines, 14 lawn mowers, 19 porcelain commodes, 170 pieces combination tools, 10 cases cherries, etc.
Wines, Spirits, Liqueurs, Liquors. 5 Cases Findlaters Dry Gin, 100 cases Kuling Beer, 75 cases Apple cider, 170 cases (Scotch) whiskies, 200 cases Champagnes, 50 cases French wines including claret and Brandy, 30 cases vichy and other mineral waters, etc.

Other lots solicited
Now on View.

C 2240
UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Night
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

The Jade Tree Studios

64 Route Ghisi
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Peking Dust

(Continued from Page 1)

of the Soviet considerable speculation has arisen over the ultimate result. The Chinese are most anxious to keep any foreigner from owning land in the interior, and there is in fact a legal ban on foreigners owning such land, and there was, consequently, considerable agitation against turning the property over to the Russians for fear of the precedent it would set. That point is now said to have been settled by the Russians naming a Chinese who will hold the title of the property for them. Thus China's laws will be kept and the Russians will secure control of the property as long as cordial diplomatic relations exist.

The question of legation and consular property is still a thorn in the sides of perfect accord. In the first place China does not actually have possession of the property and despite the agreement, by which they promise to oust the present occupiers and return the property, the Peking Government, as far as the Russian Legation here is concerned, are not in a position to keep their promise.

The Russian Legation was turned over to the Dutch Minister for safekeeping when the Imperial Minister left Peking, and the Dutch Minister is, therefore, in direct charge of it today. It is certain that before China can return the property to Russia Peking will have to secure the consent of the Dutch Minister, and possibly of the entire diplomatic corps.

China and Russia have reached an agreement but they haven't agreed on everything.

Sin Cheng & Co.
17 Minghong Road
High-Class Clothing and Shoe Store
Between Seward Road and Broadway
68074 J 26

Dr. C. Noel Davis
In the Municipal Gazette S.M.C. Health Report Says:—
"It is advisable to protect the eyes by tinted glasses to prevent fatigue and the ill-effects of sun glare."
You need a pair of Sir Wm. Crookes—
O.I.C. Glasses

F. E. M. A. Savings Society

Single Payment Savings Bond

$12 in one full payment entitles the holder to 30 drawings, of which one will be held every two months.

The total cost of each Bond will be reimbursed after five years.

The 5th Drawing will take place on the 30th June, 1924, in the afternoon at this office.

Regulation on Request

— 19 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai —

PALAIS DE DANSE
Corner Bubbling Well Road and Sans Souci Terrace
Tel. W. 3637
Continued Success of the
6 Rabbits 6
in their
Original
and
Comical Ballet
Also
The Spampanis Ballet
at 10.45 and 11.45 sharp
Mlles. Lucy and Carmen
Comical Duet
Signiori U. Contini & E. Mosca
Baritone and Tenor
Fragments from Grand Operas

Tokio Arsenal To Be Moved Soon

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, May 31.—The large military arsenal of Koishikawa, in the grounds of which is one of the most famous old gardens in Tokio, is at last to be moved outside the capital.

Its future site has not yet been fixed, but a suburb of the city of Nagoya is the spot finding most favor in army circles.

THREE STORES CHOCOLATE SHOP

Wrigley's Gum
Aids Digestion

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

June 11 — Seattle	†P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
June 12 — San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
June 15 — San Francisco	Siberia M.	Jap. T.K.K.
June 15 — Vancouver	E. of Australia	Am. C. P. O. S.
June 17 — San Francisco	Takaoka Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
June 17 — San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
June 18 — Portland	West Niger	Am. Lumber Co.
June 21 — San Francisco	P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. C.
June 23 — Seattle	†P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
June 30 — San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
July 5 — Seattle	P. Grant	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 12 — New York	Havre Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
July 15 — San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
June 17 — Seattle	P. Madison	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 19 — San Francisco	P. Cleveland	Am. P.M.S.S. C.
July 23 — New York	Shidzuoka M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
July 28 — San Francisco	Taiyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
Aug. 2 — San Francisco	P. Pierce	Am. P.M.S.S. C.
Aug. 11 — San froncisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

June 10 — London	†Kashgar	Br. P. & O.
June 11 — London	†Mentor	Br. B. & S.
June 11 — London	Toyohasi M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 12 — London	Fushimi M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 14 — London	Hakone Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 14 — Europe	Lima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 14 Europe	Hakone Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
June 16 — Rotterdam	Anderkerk	Dut. H. C. T. Co.
June 19 — Marseilles	Chantilly	Fr. M. M. Cie
June 20 — Marseilles	P. Hayes	Am. Dollar Line
June 24 — Bombay	Mishima M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 24 — London	Morea	Br. P. & O.
June 24 — Bombay	Calcutta Maru	Jap. N. Y. K
June 26 — Rotterdam	Ouderkerk	Dut. H. C. T. Co.
June 12 — Marseilles	Fushimi M.	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 28 — London	Suwa Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 30 — Trieste	Silvio Pellico	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
June 3 — Trieste	Nippon	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
July 3 — Marseilles	Angers	Fr. M. M. Co.
July 4 — London	Holtsein	Ger. Mel. Co.
June 5 — London	Dakar Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
July 6 — London	Atlas Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
July 6 — London	Pfalz	Ger. Mel. Co.
July 8 — London	Karmala	Br. P. & O.
July 9 — Naples	Hindenburg	Ger. H. S. Line
July 17 — Marseilles	Porthos	Fr. M. M. Co.
July 18 — Marseilles	Pres. Adams	Am. Dollar Line
July 20 — London	Saarbreucken	Ger. H. S. Line
July 22 — London	Malwa	Br. P. & O.
July 30 — Trieste	Gerama	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
July 31 — Marseilles	Amazone	Fr. M. M. Co.
Aug. 1 — Marseilles	P. Garfield	Am. Dollar Line
Aug. 2 — Trieste	Rosandra	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
Aug. 2 — Naples	Emil Kirdorf	Ger. H. S. Line
Aug. 5 — London	Devanha	Br. P. & O.
Aug. 14 — Marseilles	Angkor	Fr. M. M. Co.
Aug. 15 — Marseilles	Pres. Polk	Am. Dollar Co.
Aug. 19 — London	Mantau	Br. P. & O.
Aug. 29 — Marseilles	P. Monroe	Am. Dollar Co.
Aug. 29 — Trieste	Brenta	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
Aug. 30 — Naples	Scheer	Ger. H. S. Line

FOR JAPAN PORTS

June 10 — Nagasaki	Nagasaki Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 10 — Kobe	Nippon	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
June 10 — Kobe	Rosandra	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
June 11 — Yokohama	Kumano M.	Jap. N. Y. K
June 14 — Moji	Omi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 15 — Nagasaki	Shanghai M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
June 18 — Moji	Nikko Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 21 — Moji	Yamashiro M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
July 2 — Kobe	Gerania	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5 — obe	Brenta	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
Aug. 10 — Kobe	Venezia	It. L.T.S.N. Co.
Aug. 30 — Kobe	Laconia	It. L.T.S.N. Co.

FOR AUSTRALIA AND HONGKONG

June 8 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
June 8 — Hongkong	P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
June 17 — Hongkong	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
June 20 — Hongkong	P. Grant	Am. Adl. O. Line
June 21 — Hongkong, Manila	E.of Asia	Am. C. P. O. S.
Juoe 25 — Hongkong	Iyo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 27 — Hongkong, Manila	West Cajoot	Am. S. & B. Co.
July 2 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Cleveland	Am. P.M.S.S. C.
July 2 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Madison	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 14 — Hongkong, Manila	P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 16 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Pierce	Am. P.M.S.S. C.
July 26 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
July 30 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Taft	Am. P.M.S.S. C.
Aug. 13 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Wilson	Am. P.M.S.S. C.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June 10 D.L. Amoy, Canton	Szechuen	Br. B. & S.
June 10 — Hongkong, Canton	Kwanglee	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 10 — Wenchow	Feiching	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June 11 — Fochow	Haean	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 11 D.L. Swatow, Canton	Waishing	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 12 D. L. Hongkong	Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.
June 13 D.L. Swatow, Canton	Loksang	Br J. M. & Co.
June 14 7.00 *Swatow, Canton	Luchow	Br. B. & S.
June 15 8.00 *Amoy, Canton	Shantung	Br. B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June 10 3.00 Chefoo & Tientsin	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
June 11 D.L. Newchwang	Foochow	Br. B. & S.
June 10 M. Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinkong	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 11 — Tsingtau, Newchwang	Yusang	Br. J.M. & Co.
June 11 8.00 Chefoo, Tientsin	Hienhsing	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 12 5.00 Chefoo & Tientsin	Chusan	Br. B. & S.
June 12 — Chinwangtao	Patriot	Br. K.M.A.
June 14 9.00 *Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
June 14 10.00 *Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
June 16 — Chinwangtao	Kaiping	Br. K. M. A.

FOR RIVER PORTS

June 10 M.N. Hankow	Luenao	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 10 M.N. Hankow	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
June 10 M.N. Hankow	Changon	Chi. H.O.S.N. Co.
June 10 M.N. Hankow	Kiangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June 11 M.N. Hankow	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
June 11 M.N. Hankow	Kiangshin	Chi C.M.S.N. Co.
June 12 M.N. Hankow	Kiangwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
June 12 M.N. Hankow	Wenchow	Br. B. & S.
June 12 M.N. Hankow	Esang	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 13 M.N. Hankow	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
June 13 M.N. Hankow	Tuckwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 14 M.N. Hankow	Whangpu	Br. B. & S.
June 15 M.N Hankow	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 16 M.N. Hankow	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
June 16 M.N. Hankow	Suiwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 17 M.N. Hankow	Loongwo	Br. J.M. & Co.

M. N.—MIDNIGHT. †CARRYING MAIL
D. L.—DAYLIGHT. *MORRNING

INSIST ON YOUR BAKER USING
DAWALU YEAST
IT MAKES BETTER BREAD

BOBBIE AND HIS PA

BY WM. F. KIRK

Pa broked his watch yesterday, he was looking at it & it falled on the floar & the cristil broked.

Such is life, sed Pa. That poor cristil had its day & now its day is done.

Its day wud not have been done if you haddent been so cairless, sed Ma. I diddent know you were such a Butter Fipgers.

I am no Butter Fingers sed Pa. Acksidents will happen to anybody. That poor cristil's time had cum, that's all. When our time cums we will be dropped, too, sed Pa.

How pathetick, sed Ma.

This is no laffing matter, sed Pa. It will cost me about two beens to git a new cristil in this here watch.

What is two beens to a plew-tocrat like you? sed Ma.

Two beens is two beens, sed Pa. I can remember wen a good husky man wud work a whole day for that sum, sed Pa.

I have worked many a day for less than that, sed Ma.

Not since you married yure husband, tho, sed Pa.

We will not dis-cuss that, sed Ma. But if you had not been cairless you wud nevver haven dropped yure watch, & if you had not dropped yure watch you wuddent have broaken the cristil, Ma sed.

Forget the cristil, sed Pa.

I will forget the cristil jest as soon as I wish to & not a second sooner, sed Ma. Never tell me to forget anything. I will dwell on any subjeck at any time, Ma sed, without any dicktashun from any man, Ma sed.

Thay say a broaken watch cristil is a sine of a row, sed Pa. I wuddent be sur-prized if that is trew.

Thare will be no row unless you start it, sed Ma.

Pa dident say anything.

I repeet, sed Ma, thare will be no row in this house unless you start it.

Pa dident say anything.

& you better not start it, sed Ma

Pa kep his mouth shut tite.

Do you heer me? sed Ma. You better not start it.

I heer you, sed Pa. I am sorry I dropped my watch. But it is eesier for a gent to drop a watch than for a lady to drop a subjeck, sed Pa.

What did you say? sed Ma.

I sed, O nevver mind what I sed, sed Pa. My hart will be broaken sum day like this poor cristil, sed Pa, if you doan't stop nagging, sed Pa.

& then Ma beegan to laff., Imagin that tuff old hart of yures braking, Ha, Ha, sed Ma. Thare is a big differens between a watch cristil & yure cast iron old hart, sed Ma.

Then Pa dident say nothing, he jest kep looking at his busted watch. Sumtimes I feel kind of sorry for Pa but I doant dast to say so.

Korean Dock Co. To Build Aeroplanes

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, May 31.—The report comes from Fusan to one of the vernacular papers that the Korean Dock Co. of Fusan has concluded an arrangement with the Korean Government General for the manufacture of military motor-cars, and bombing and scouting planes.

It is stated that French capitalists are interested in the venture, and will lend the Korean Company the sum of six million yen to finance the project.

Colonel Tsukei Sugawara and Vice Admiral Kamaya, both retired officers, are joining the Company to supervise the new manufactures, the report adds.

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